

Patriot 338 & 551

Version 10



Patriot Series 3555

OPERATIONS MANUAL

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End of Manual

Patriot Parameter Record Blank

1. General information

Please read and understand the Manual before operating the bar loader

1.1 Contents of this Manual

The bar feeder/Unloader manufacturer has provided this manual as an integral part of the machine. Adherence to the instructions of the manual will help prevent injury to the operator and damage to the machine as well as helping to realize the maximum potential of the bar feeder/unloader and machine tool. Particularly important points of information are preceded by the following symbols and text:

Warning Indicates a potential danger to life or risk of personal injury. Exercise extreme caution.

Caution Indicates a possible hazardous condition. Take precautions according to the Instructions following these warnings to help prevent injury to personnel or damage to the equipment.

1.2 Machine Safety

It is the user's responsibility to provide proper safety devices and equipment to safeguard the

operator from harm for any particular use, operation or set-up, and to adequately safeguard the

machine, or machines, to conform to all Federal, State and Local Government Safety Standards

and all industry safety standards. It is suggested that only trained personnel operate the

machine and equipment because improper use could damage the machine and cause personal

injuries.

1.3 Indemnification

User agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Edge Technologies from any and all claims or

liabilities from accidents involving these machines caused by failure of users, his employees, or

agents to follow instructions, warnings or recommendations furnished by Edge Technologies, or

by failure of user to comply with Federal, State and local laws applicable to such equipment

including the occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970.

1.4 Hardware and Software Changes

As Edge Technologies continues to be the premier bar feeder supplier in the industry, ongoing

development and changes to software and hardware is normal. All software noted in this

manual are current at the print of this manual. For latest developments and changes please

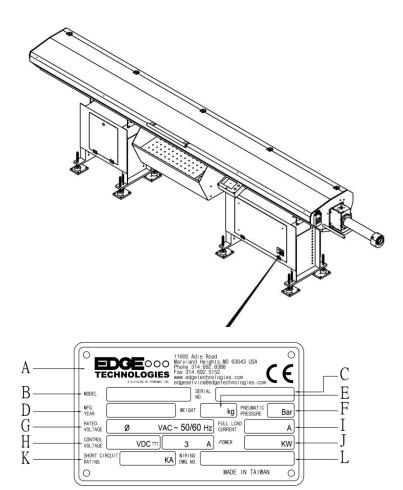
visit www.EdgeTechnologies.com for the latest information or contact us.

TECHNOLOGIES

REV 10:2019

1.5 Machine Data Plate

- A. Name of Manufacturer
- **B.** Model (Type)
- C. Serial Number
- D. Manufacture Date
- E. Weight of Machine
- F. Pneumatic Pressure
- **G.** Rated Voltage
- **H.** Control Voltage
- I. Full Load Current
- **J.** Power
- K. Short Circuit Rating
- L. Wiring Drawing Number



Important information When inquiring about or ordering parts please have the machine model type and serial number on hand. Refer to the machine data plate for this information.

1.6 Technical Support

For technical support please contact the Edge Technologies Service Department by phone at 314-810-3927 or by email edgeservice@edgetechnologies.com

2. Technical Information

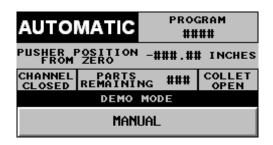
2.1 Description of the Machine

The Patriot is a PLC controlled automatic bar feeder designed for both Swiss style and fixed headstock lathes. The bar feeder is constructed to handle a wide variety of material profiles from round to hex and square stocks and can be adapted to feed materials with a more unique shape.

The bar feeder uses hydrodynamic design to dampen vibrations caused by bar stock rotation. The bar stock spins within a polyurethane channel which is flooded with a high viscosity circulating oil. This creates turbulence within the channel that serves to steady the material and control vibration. The end of the bar stock is supported by a bearing unit on the end of the bar pusher and the work holding system of the lathe.

An anti-vibration device is located at the front of the bar feeder. Polyurethane bushings surround the bar, leaving a few millimeters clearance between the bar and the bushings. This void is filled with oil to help further stabilize and support the stock. For Swiss style sliding headstock lathes a moveable anti-vibration device is mounted on the rear of the lathe headstock to provide even more support and vibration dampening.

Our touch screen control panel gives access to parameters that allow easy set up and operation. Most job changeovers require only one or two parameter settings. While in the automatic mode the screen displays helpful information.





Following Features

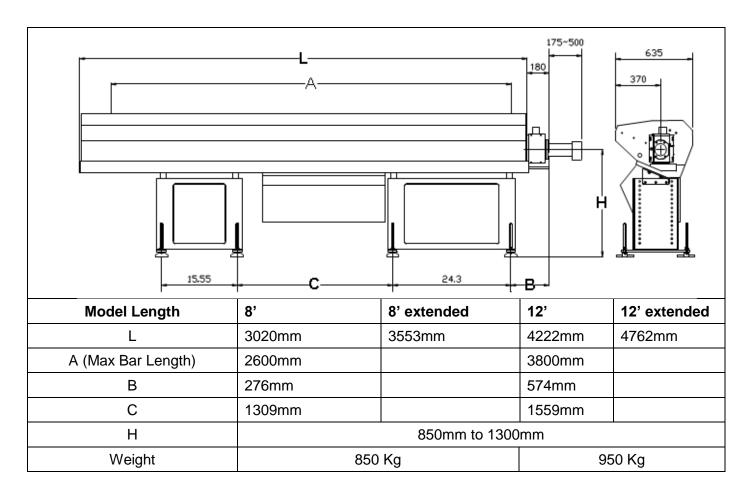
- (1) Guide channel set to be chosen by customer. Several sizes to choose from, each handling a specific stock range. See chart.
- (1) Standard front telescopic nose to match guide channel set
- (1) O.D. bar stock collet (to be chosen by customer, specific collet needed for each stock diameter)
- (1) Bushing block for outboard anti-vibration device to be chosen by customer based on bar diameter
- Automatic remnant retraction, self-centering gripper
- Synchronization device and Swiss lathe adaption kit
- Custom lathe cable and interface plugs
- · Air knife with flow control valve
- Movable Anti Vibration Device with rollers, block set available as option

2.2 Machine footprint and Installation Area

Caution machine placement is important and proper planning should be observed. A level floor free from cracks is ideal for anchoring of the machine. As the customer is the one that decides on machine installation placement it is their responsibility to be aware of proper floor requirements.

Placement of the bar feeder is important to gain the use of all the features. It is important to review the lathe layout to be sure proper clearance exists of the assembly. On some lathes accessories may prohibit proper placement such as tool changers and transformers. On certain lathes a "Chucker Mode" option is available. This option requires the physical movement of the bar feeder fore and aft to the lathe headstock Z axis movement plane, while anchored to the floor. Be sure to place the bar feeder close enough to supply the reach for the pusher when the lathe is converted to "Chucker Mode" If placed too far the remnant will be longer than normal. Be advised that too close may allow the bar feeder telescoping nose to collapse into the head stock when the headstock moves to full negative over travel.

The Patriot models are available in 3 different pusher length configurations reflected in the chart below.



Installation Area

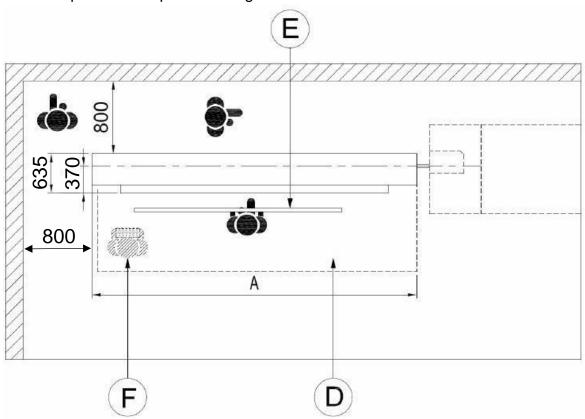
The bar feeder must be bolted to a sound, reasonably level floor using anchor bolts. The area surrounding the machine must provide sufficient clearance the operator access to both sides and the rear of the machine as shown in the diagram below. Other necessities are suitable lighting and a compressed air supply. The bar feeder is not suitable for and cannot be adapted to use in an explosive surrounding.

The image below references ideal spacing for operator movement.

Areas of interest

- D-operator area
- E-supply area
- F-remnant material area

The space must provide adequate working area. All values are in metric.



2.3 Specifications and Capacities

Bar diameter capacity-no bar preparation:	3 mm to 35.0 mm (.118" to 1.377")
Bar diameter capacity-with bar preparation:	3 mm to 38 mm (.118" to 1.500")
Maximum bar length:	3800 mm (12 feet 5 inches)
Minimum bar length:	1000 mm (39.400")
Maximum remnant length:	406 mm (16")
Magazine rack capacity:	12"
Bar loading cycle time:	30 seconds for 12-foot bar
Material straightness specification:	.007" TIR/foot of material (V blocks, 3 points equidistant)
Feed force (pusher torque):	max 450 N, adjustable
Forward feed rate:	750 inches/minute max, adjustable
Return feed rate:	1000 inches/minute max, adjustable
Power consumption:	1.5 kW - (2 kVA)
Operating voltage:	230V/60Hz 3-phase
Control voltage:	24V DC
Oil capacity:	57 liters (15 gallons)
Oil viscosity:	ISO 100 cST
Compressed air supply:	6 bar (90 psi)
Compressed air consumption:	approx. 8 liters per loading cycle
Machine weight:	2,500 lbs

2.3.2 Bar Feeder Oil Requirements

Oil Viscosity	Brand	Description
	BP	Energol CS 100
	Castrol	Magna 100
	Chevron	Circulating Oil 100
ISO 100	Elf	Movixa 100
	Esso	Nuto 100
	Mobil	Vectra Oil Heavy
	Shell	Vitrea 100 / Tellus C 100

2.3.3 Guide Channel Specifications

Warning if bar stock and channel set size are not with in the chart below damage to the bar feeder or lathe could occur.

For a complete list of available guide channels offered review the parts section at the end of this manual or visit Edgetechnologies.com

Guide Channel Bar Pusher Permissible Diameter of Bar Stock				ar Stock	
Diameter	Diameter	Minimum ¹	Maximum	Max. Special ²	
ø13mm	12.5mm	5mm (.196")	10mm (.393")	12mm (.472")	
ø17mm	16.5mm	5mm (.196")	15mm (.591")	16mm (.629")	
ø21mm	20.5mm	8mm (.315")	16mm (.630")	20mm (.787")	
ø26mm	25.5mm	8mm (.315")	21mm (.827")	25mm (.984")	
ø28mm	27.5mm	10mm (.393")	25.4mm (1.00")	27mm (1.062")	
ø33mm	32.5mm	10mm (.393")	28.5mm (1.125")	32mm (1.259")	
~26mm	34mm	12.7mm (.500")	32mm (1.260")	35mm (1.377")	
ø36mm	34.5mm				
ø36mm	35.5mm	12.7mm (.500")	32mm (1.260")	35mm (1.377")	
ø38mm	37.0mm	15.8mm (.625")	33.3mm (1.312")	37mm (1.456")	
С	Channel sizes below can be used ONLY with the Patriot 551				
ø39mm	38.0mm	15.8mm (.625")	33.3mm (1.312")	38mm (1.500")	
ø43mm	42.5mm	19mm (.750")	38mm (1.500")	42mm (1.653")	
ø46mm	45.5mm	22.2mm(.875")	41.2mm (1.625")	44.5mm (1.750")	
ø52mm	51.0mm	25.4mm (1.00")	44.5mm (1.750")	50.5mm (2.00")	
ø56mm	55.0mm	25.4mm (1.00")	50.8mm (2.00")	50.5mm (2.145") ³	

Although the guide channel is capable of running the minimum diameter listed, the increasing difference between the stock OD and channel ID allows greater potential for vibration. Spindle RPM may need to be reduced accordingly.

² Bar stock larger than the standard maximum diameter up to the collet diameter may be used if the bar end diameter is reduced to fit a standard collet. An ejection collet may also be used if the end of the material is chamfered to match the angle of the ejection collet.

³ Diameter can only be run with a front ejection collet.

2.3.4 Compressed air supply including oil

Warning working with compressed air, proper PPE is required in accordance with federal state and local laws.

Shop air must be present for machine installation

- 1. The supply hose for compressed air supply must be larger than 8mm
- 2. Pressure must be over 5~7kg / cm², 71.11 99.56 PSI, Consumption about 50L/H_o
- 3. Connect the air supply tube into (A). Pull up and rotate knob counter clockwise (B) and set the pressure at 6kg / cm², 71.11 99.56 PSI

Air system Lubricant Viscosity of 32, temperature 40°C, ISO VG type.

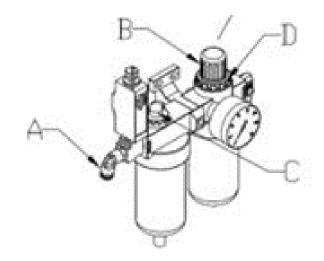
Oil level should be checked monthly. Be sure to use the recommended oil or damage to the pneumatic system will result.

1. Adjust control air lubrication from cylinder, (C), 1-2 drops / 1000 L air if necessary.

Air Unit Lubricating Oil – ISO VG32				
BP	Castrol	Chevron	Mobil	Shell
Energol HLP 32	Hyspin VG32	Regal R&O 32	DTE 24 or Light	Tellus 32

A: Air supply fittingB: Air regulator knobC: Oil supply knob

D: Lock ring



2.4 Safety



Warning safety switches should always be in place during bar feeder operation.

The patriot is designed to be safe and reliable to operate. However, the machine can be dangerous if used improperly by untrained personnel. Personnel should be familiar with the operating instructions of the equipment before using and must follow standard safety practices. The machine is equipped with safety devices to prevent accidental damage to the machine and injury to the operator. These devices must not be bypassed or tampered with.

2.4.2 Covers

Warning covers should always be in place during bar feeder operation. The Patriot is supplied with covers to prevent access to moving parts during operation. The hood of the machine is equipped with a safety switch to place the machine in alarm if the hood is not closed. The magazine cover prevents access to the material on the rack and the bar separators.

2.4.3 Lathe Door Safety



Warning lathe door safety if used should not be bypassed

An input to the Patriot for monitoring the lathe door is available. If used, this input will prevent movement of the machine when the lathe door is open. This parameter is normally set during machine installation. It is not advisable that this feature is disabled once enabled.

Please review the electrical schematics for the lathe and bar feeder to use the door Safety.

2.5 Emergency Stop Buttons

Warning Indicates a potential danger to life or risk of personal injury. Exercise extreme caution. These buttons should be tested monthly to verify the proper emergency stoppage of the lathe and Patriot.

There are two emergency stop buttons on the bar feeder. Button ES1 is the emergency stop button on the HMI control panel housing. Button ES2 is the emergency stop button on the remote pendant control. Pressing either emergency stop button disconnects the Emergency Stop Relay.

Contacts from the emergency stop buttons are incorporated into the interface with the lathe emergency stop circuit to enable the lathe to be manually placed into emergency stop condition from the machine control panel.

The lathe emergency stop system will place the bar feeder into emergency stop as well.

During installation, on some lathes during emergency stop the output of 220V to the bar feeder is removed. This will not allow the bar feeder to meet the emergency stop reset requirements of the lathe. The lathe will be stuck in emergency stop and the bar feeder will not power up. Please contact Edge Technologies for appropriate instructions. It is the responsibility of the bar feeder and lathe installer to verify emergency stop operation between the lathe and bar feeder is operational. That is when the emergency stop on either machine is depressed automatic operations are stopped immediately. If this does not occur appropriate diagnosis by a trained technician is required. Contact Edge Technologies for additional information.

2.6 Electrical Safety



ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN OR SERVICEMAN SHOULD PERFORM ANY ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING OR MAINTENANCE TO THIS EQUIPMENT.

DO NOT PERFORM ANY MAINTENANCE, REPAIRS OR ADJUSTMENTS ON THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT FIRST LOCKING OUT ALL ELECTRICAL CONTROLS IN ACCOURDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL SAFETY CODES.

PERSONNEL SHOULD BE TRAINED IN OSHA COMPLIANT LOCK-OUT/TAG-OUT AND ELECTRICAL SAFETY PROCEDURES.

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE POWER SUPPLY IS DISCONNECTED BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO SERVICE OR REMOVE ANY COMPONENTS!

NEVER SHOULD ADJUSTMENTS, MAINTENANCE OR CLEANING BE PREFORMED WITHOUT FOLLOWING PROPER SAFETY PROCEDURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND NATIONAL SAFETY CODES.

Before making any electrical connections be certain the voltage for which the bar feeder requires from the lathe is verified with a voltmeter at the power supply connector. Verify this voltage matches the required voltage of the bar feeder, see machine operator manual section **2.3 Specifications and Capacities**. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to the equipment. Normally a bar feeder is ordered from Edge Technologies to be placed with a specific lathe model. The wiring interface is set in accordance with current information received to Edge Technologies. There are times the lathe manufacture may update and change the main connector pin locations and circuits. It is important this is verified with the schematics of the lathe and bar feeder. In some cases a harness is provided which must be wired into the lathe. All previous safety advises and information must be adhered to. This form of connection allows for quickly unplugged for cleaning or service without having to disconnect "hard wired" connections.

Before starting the bar feeder, check to be sure no tools, packing, or other material have been left in the machine or lathe.

2.6.2 Electrical Connection

Warning The power for the bar feeder and the input and output signals between the bar feeder and lathe are supplied through the interface cable. The interface cable is normally pre-wired for the lathe application when shipped from Edge. The installer should verify the connection to the lathe before applying voltage to the system. If the lathe is not equipped with an interface connection for the machine plug and cables will be supplied. This supplied harness must be wired into the lathe electrical cabinet by a qualified technician. The lathe must support a machine type interface for the machines to be connected. Additionally some lathes types power output may be higher than the required 230 voltage. If this is the case an additional transformer will be required to step down the lathe voltage for the bar feeder.

*Note the wiring interface contained in this manual is a generic 1 to 1 pin to wire call out. Each lathe brand is different from one to another. Please contact Edge Technologies for the proper interface schematic if you do not have one.

2.6.3 Glossary of Terms

Common (From Lathe) – This is the 24v DC supply voltage from the lathe for signal sent to the bar feeder control. The voltage cannot be mixed with the bar feeder power supply.

Cycle start (bar change end, program start) – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the bar feeder Cycle Start/M-Code Finish relay. Voltage is supplied by the lathe. This circuit lets the lathe know bar change is completed and to resume the program.

Automatic mode (Automatic mode ON, Bar feeder ready for work, spindle interlock) – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the bar feeder. Voltage is supplied by the lathe. This supplies the lathe with the bar feed automatic signal. If bar feed safety circuit is open bar feed will not go into auto mode.

End of bar (bar end, block delete, program stop) – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the bar feeder end of bar relay. Voltage is supplied by the lathe. This circuit is closed once the bar feeder has determined the current bar is too short to produce anymore parts.

Bar feeder on – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the bar feeder alarm relay. Voltage is supplied by the lathe.

Lathe Emergency stop (MC ready) – Voltage is supplied by the bar feeder and control is performed by the lathe. When this circuit is opened it will stop bar feeder operation.

Common (From Bar feeder) – This is the 24v DC supply voltage from the bar feeder used for signals sent to the lathe control. The voltage cannot be mixed with the lathe power supply.

Lathe manual/auto – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the lathe. Voltage is supplied by the bar feed. This circuit can be bypassed if necessary.

Bar change (End of Cycle) – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the lathe. Voltage is supplied by the bar feed. This circuit is closed once the lathe has received the end of bar signal from the bar feed and lathe is machining the last part from the current bar.

Chuck/collet open – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the lathe. Voltage is supplied by the bar feed common.

Feed/torque stop- Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the lathe. Voltage is supplied by the bar feed common.

Door safety – Typically a normally open circuit controlled by the lathe. Voltage is supplied by the bar feed common. The signal prevents the bar pusher from feeding in automatic if the door is open. Circuit can be bypassed.

Bar feeder Emergency stop – Voltage is supplied by the bar feeder and control is performed by the lathe K70 relay. When this circuit is opened this will stop bar feeder and lathe operation.

Power supply – The supply voltage to the bar feeder from the lathe usually 3 phase 200v-220v, nominal voltage is 208v. In some applications the supply voltage at the customer may be 440v. In this application a transformer will be required before electrical connection can take place. Catastrophic electrical damage can occur to the bar feed if transformer is required but not present.

2.6.4 Signal Functionality and Explanation

Always refer to the correct wiring prints when troubleshooting



Warning proper training and electrical diagnosis is required.

Common (From Lathe) - Voltage is sent from the lathe to power relays in the bar feeder.

IF the lathe common is not sent correctly then signals from the bar feeder will not work correctly.

First check to see if the interface is turned ON in the lathe settings. Always check the lathe manual to see if there is correct documentation on what will need to be changed. Second step is to check for continuity in the bar feeder wiring. Check the jumpers that may correspond with the bar feeder common and signals that are missing. Check the wiring from the board back to the lathe plug. If there is continuity from the board to the plug then it may be an issue on the lathe side. Depending on your knowledge and comfortability with troubleshooting, the next step may be trouble shoot the lathe or call the lathe dealer for assistance.

Cycle Start- Cycle start is used to answer a latched M-code from the lathe. Typically, this signal is for acknowledging that material has been loaded during bar change or pushed to position during feeding cycles. This M-code is usually for the bar change cycle or sometimes can be used to answer the feed stop (torque stop).

When the cycle start signal is set incorrectly it can cause issues with the bar change process. If the cycle start is set backwards then the M-code for bar change will not latch but will be satisfied before the bar has changed properly. If this occurs, an alarm may be generated or there can be

a crash between the lathe and bar feeder. If the M-code for bar change or feed is never satisfied, it may be an issue with the cycle start signal being set backwards.

The first way to correct this issue would be to change the status of the jumper or wire that is controlling the cycle start signal. Change the status of the signal and test the machine cycle again. If this does not work then check continuity.

Automatic mode (Automatic mode ON, Bar feeder ready for work, spindle interlock)-

When wired, this signal is to ensure that the lathe does not run without the bar feeder being in automatic mode. There are other ways that the lathe will react when the automatic signal from the bar feeder is not being sent. Some lathes will generate an alarm when the lathe is put into "memory mode", a spindle interlock alarm may show up when attempting to rotate the spindle, or a "bar feeder Torque off" alarm is common.

To test functionality of the signal, the bar feeder should be put into automatic mode first. IF the signal to the lathe is correct the program should run through, spindle should also be able to rotate. IF bar feeder is in manual, an alarm should be present when attempting to run the lathe program or rotating spindle.

To correct the automatic signal on Edge products, a wire may need to be moved in a terminal block. The FMB products require moving a wire on a relay specified for the bar feeder automatic signal. If this does not fix the issue then check continuity.

End of bar (bar end, block delete, program stop)- End of bar signal is sent from the bar feeder to the lathe. The lathe needs to know that the bar feeder has reached the specified limit position of the pusher. This position is set in the bar feeder factory settings. The signal can be sent multiple ways at different durations.

If the end of bar signal is set incorrectly the bar feeder will prematurely tell the lathe that the bar feeder is out of material. When running the lathe in automatic operation, the lathe will constantly acknowledge the end of bar signal and try to change bar.

Ensure that the correct end of bar **position** is set in the bar feeder parameter settings. If the position is set incorrectly it will send the signal at the incorrect time. This incorrect position can be short and cause long remnants or too long and never send the end of bar signal.

To correct the signal on Edge products, a wire may need to be moved in a terminal block. The FMB products require moving a wire on a relay specified for the bar feeder signal. If this does not fix the issue then check continuity. Also ensure your end of bar position is set correctly in the bar feeder settings.

Bar feeder on- This signal is typically used as a bar feeder alarm to the lathe. IF the lathe is always receiving the signal that the bar feeder is in alarm it will show a message saying that the bar feeder is in alarm. IF set correctly the alarm state of the bar feeder and the lathe should correspond to each other.

To correct the signal on Edge products, a wire may need to be moved in a wire way.

Lathe Emergency stop (MC ready)- <u>This signal is incredibly important</u>. Signal sends bar feeder voltage out to a relay in the lathe. The voltage should be returned to the bar feeder unless the lathe is in emergency stop state.

IF signal is unwired or wired incorrectly the bar feeder will constantly have lathe emergency stop displayed on the controller. Some lathes and some bar feeder emergency stops can only be cleared if the button has been pressed and reset. Certain lathes will not supply this signal back unless additional buttons are reset on the lathe control.

To check, press the emergency stop button on the lathe. Bar feeder should go into emergency stop. IF the bar feeder does not go into emergency stop then check the wiring or jumpers in the bar feeder cabinet. It may also be necessary to check the wiring in the lathe. There are some lathes that do not supply emergency stop to the bar feeder. If possible, try to find a way to wire the emergency stop using the lathe information.

Bar feeder common- The bar feeder common will be sent to a relay in the lathe. When the lathe relay is fired it will allow the corresponding signal to be seen by the bar feeder. If no signals are coming through from the lathe to the bar feeder, the common may not be being sent back. This could be because of a wiring issue. It could also be that the bar feeder interface is not turned on in the lathe.

First check to see if the interface is turned ON in the lathe settings. Always check the lathe manual to see if there is correct documentation on what will need to be changed. Second step is to check for continuity in the bar feeder wiring. Check the jumpers that may correspond with the bar feeder common and signals that are missing. Check the wiring from the board back to the lathe plug. If there is continuity from the board to the plug then it may be an issue on the lathe side. Depending on your knowledge and comfortability with troubleshooting, the next step may be trouble shoot the lathe or call the lathe dealer for assistance.

Lathe manual/auto- Edge products typically use this to limit feeding. IF the bar feeder does not see the lathe automatic signal it will not feed material when the collet opens. This circuit can be wired a variation of ways.

IF wired incorrectly this can cause machines to go into automatic mode when the lathe is not in automatic. IF wired incorrectly this signal can also cause the bar feeder to not allow feeding because the automatic signal is not received.

Needs to be check if wired into the machine interface

To check if this signal is working correctly on the Edge product, put the bar feeder into automatic and check the HMI screen. Also, opening the collet should allow the bar feeder to push forward.

Bar change (End of Cycle) - This signal typically corresponds with an M-code from the lathe. Usually the M-code will be used to send a bar change signal to the bar feeder. When this signal is sent, if properly setup, the lathe should latch to this M-code until it receives "cycle start" from the bar feeder.

This signal is used in conjunction with the collet open signal. If the bar feeder is sending end of bar signal, then receives collet open, and receives the bar change signal it should remove remnant and load a bar. Upon loading bar stock, the bar change signal should be answered and turn off.

Typically, if this is not working correctly it is necessary to check the wiring from lathe to bar feeder and location in the bar feeder. If these are correct then ensure that the lathe bar change relay is on when the M-code is latched in the program. Some lathe controls need to have keep relays turned on or off depending on how signals are being used. Make sure the "cycle start" signal is set correctly otherwise it will answer bar change.

Chuck/collet open- The chuck open signal lets the bar feeder know that the main spindle clamp is open or closed. When the bar feeder is in automatic mode and it receives the collet open signal it will feed at a fixed speed and torque (if all restrictions are satisfied (torque stop, lathe automatic, door safety, etc).

If this signal is set incorrectly the bar feeder will not operate properly as it will feed at the incorrect time or not at all.

To correct the signal on Edge products, a wire or jumper may need to be moved to accurately reflect the state of the collet/chuck. Depending on the type of Edge bar feeder that is being worked on there will be multiple ways the bar feeder will react when feeding with collet open. These are a few options. Ensure that the best mode of feeding is selected for the application.

Turret Stop: The bar feeder begins to push when the lathe collet opens and stops pushing after it presses against the stop. The bar feeder will use feed-out lengths 1 through 3 if set. *Position:* The bar feeder pushes the length set in the parameter Part Length 1. The bar feeder will use the feed-out lengths 1 through 3 if set.

Chucker Mode: This setting allows the lathe to run without the bar feeder. When chosen the bar feeder sends an auto mode signal to the lathe while remaining in the manual mode.

Feed stop- This signal is used to stop the bar feeder from pushing when bar feeder in automatic and collet open. Can also be used in the opposite way. The opposite operation would be to not push at all until the bar feeder is in automatic, collet is open, and feed stop is given. In this instance it would be use as an M-code feed. Feed stop was/ is generally used in the bar change process so that the bar feeder does not push before it pulls remnant out of the collet.

If the feed stop is set incorrectly the bar feeder will either not push or push when it should not be. The M-code that is used depends on the lathe that the bar feeder is installed with. Feed stop should be set how the customer would like to use it. Make sure to ask.

If the feed stop is operating backwards on Edge products a jumper can be moved to make the operation opposite.

Door safety- This signal is from the lathe door safety. If the lathe door is open then the bar feeder should not be able to feed forward. This can also be used like a feed stop depending on the lathe and bar feeder.

If the door safety is used but not satisfied some bar feeders will not feed. Other bar feeders will send an alarm for the door safety. If not used then it needs to be jumped in the cabinet.

Edge bar feeders have the capability of changing the door safety in the HMI.

Bar feeder emergency stop- Signal will be sent to the lathe to generate emergency stop on the lathe.

Often this signal is bypassed by a jumper in the lathe electrical cabinet. To test the functionality, simple press the emergency stop buttons or other switches that will cause an emergency stop on the bar feeder. If the bar feeder and lathe are properly set up the lathe should also go into an emergency stop.

Trouble shooting an emergency stop often requires an electrical book for the lathe to prove out wire locations or jumper removal. Some lathes are known to have issues with our bar feeder emergency stops. Relays can be added to change the way the emergency stop is look at.

Power supply- Voltage should always be checked at the lathe plug before the bar feeder is plugged in. The bar feeder plug wiring should also be checked to the wiring print that is supplied with the bar feeder. Check wiring of bar feeder plug, check lathe voltage is on the same pins as

plug, and check that the voltage of the lathe is proper and does not fluctuate beyond safe operating voltage.

IF the voltage is in the wrong pin location then simply move the bar feeder voltage to the correct location in the plug. If the voltage is too high or varies too much on the lathe the customer may need to have an electrician come out. The may also be a need for a transformer between the bar feeder and lathe. IF this is the case, DO NOT ATTACH BAR FEEDER.

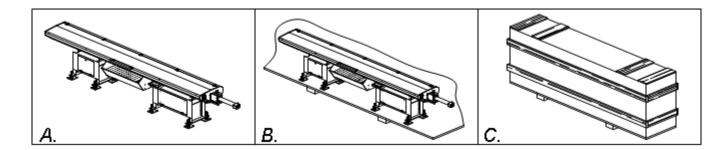
Use the lathe manual when they are available. The more information available, the easier and better trouble shooting will become.

3. Transportation and Handling

Warning The weight of the machine without packaging is approximately 2100 lbs. Only trained operators are to use lifting equipment. Verify the equipment to be used for moving the machine is rated to safely lift the weight of the bar feeder plus the packaging material. Make special note that the machine is top heavy and take proper precautions.

3.1 Unpacking The Bar Feeder

Lifting and moving the bar feeder by forklift is the preferred method of handling the machine. The machine should be moved only by personnel qualified in the operation of forklifts. The forks must extend past the machine cabinet, see the drawings below. Lift the machine from the side opposite the magazine maintaining sufficient clearance from the forklift mast to avoid contact. Care should be taken to keep the load balanced. Do not lift the machine any higher than necessary.



Packaging of the Bar Feeder

The bar feeder will arrive in one of three ways:

A: Without packaging.

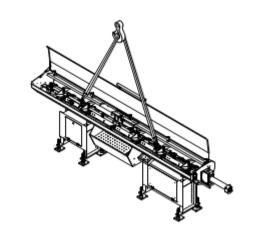
B: Attached to a skid or pallet.

C: Crated in a wooden box.

3.2 Transportation and Hoisting

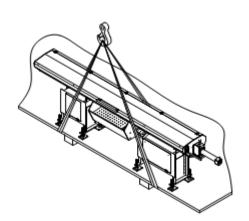
Hoisting bar feeder

Place two steel bars (Diameter: 30mm, length: 1M) under the bar feeder outside of the stands, using suitable lifting straps hoist the bar feeder.



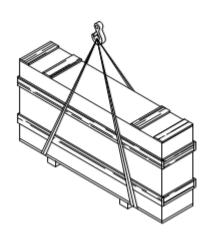
Hoisting with bar feeder on pallet

Using suitable lifting straps positioned under the pallet near the stands.



Hoisting the bar feeder in a crate

Using suitable lifting straps positioned under the pallet near the stands.



4. Installation

4.1 Lathe Preparation

Prior to installing the bar feeder, the lathe installation must be completed and ready to produce parts. If no lathe spindle work holding is installed or no compressed air the bar feeder cannot be installed.

Caution should be taken, only qualified electrician or serviceman should perform any electrical troubleshooting or maintenance to this equipment.

Warning be sure lathe and bar feeder emergency stop is engaged when performing the manual alingment procedure.

Lathe must be operational to perform the alingment and installation with the proper chucking package.

On some lathe models there are covers for the spindle area. These covers may or may not be on the lathe when the lathe is ready for bar feeder installation. A review with the lathe personal would prove useful to identify the related covers. If the covers are off the lathe this may become an issue when the bar feeder is placed too close but ok for reach. When the covers are placed on the lathe the bar feeder could be in the way. It is suggested to test fit the covers prior to securring the bar feeder to the floor.

Refer to the Typical Installation Guide following this section

4.2 Typical Installation Guide

Warning the proceeding steps are to be performed by a trained technician.

Step 1. Inspect the bar feeder for damage.

We all know that when a bar feeder is received by the End User it is very seldom inspected for damages that may have occurred during transport or handling, unless there is overwhelming evidence that something major has occurred. Regardless of the fact that we are not responsible for these damages, more often than not we find ourselves replacing small components that sustained them. When it comes to major damages, we practice the right to ship items only by Purchase Order, as the customer will most likely be in need to initiate an Insurance claim. It is important to always communicate with the Edge Technologies when the equipment sustained any kind of damage. Together we'll evaluate the situation and formulate a feasible solution designed to overcome the current situation, hopefully even before the customer is exposed to the trouble area.

The main goal of the preliminary inspection is to minimize delays in the completion or the necessary postponement of the installation. A secondary goal is to prevent the occurrence of illegitimate claims by the end user.

This is the time to plan a course of action with you as the expert (always) in the eye of the customer.

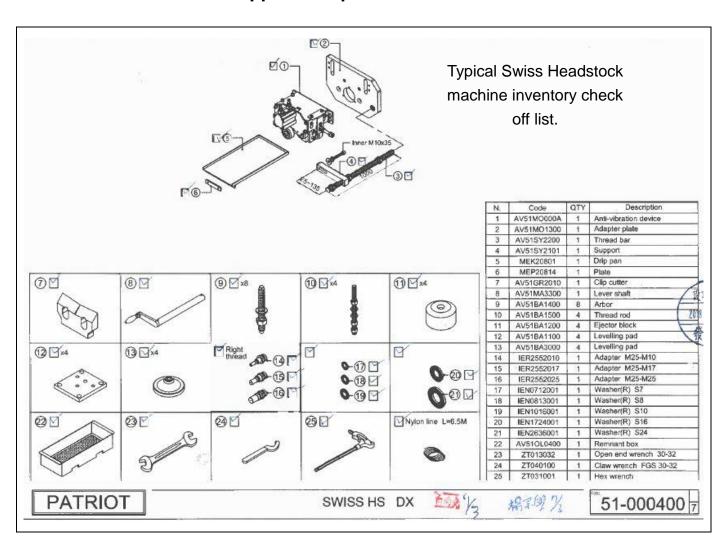
Step 2 Required Items from the Location.

- Make sure that you are communicating with the person in charge, so decisions can be made in a timely manner.
- Ask to be made aware of any special regulations or safety requirements that you will need to adhere to while working in their facility.
- At this time would be opportune to ask and be introduced to the employee/s that will require training.
- Let your contact know that they would greatly benefit if they their personnel will be involved with the installation process. Especially if they are a 1st time users.
- Request to see the bar stock that will be used on the 1st job, and make sure that they have all of the accessories necessary to handle it.
- Ask to make sure that the oil for the loader (i is available.

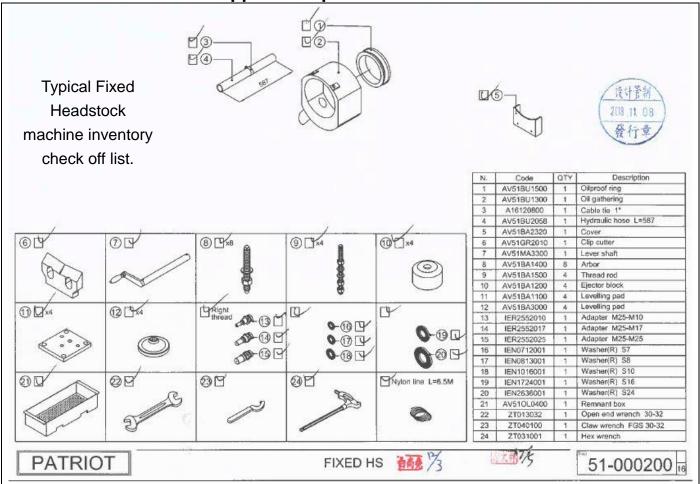
Step 3 Check Inventory.

- Adaptation kit. Check parts and test. If not familiar with the application, call Edge Technologies and request an assembly/detail drawing and or pictures.
- Guide channel, pushers, collets and noses. Make sure that all is available and correct according to the customer's pick ticket in the bar feeder.
- Spindle liners. Check that I.D. matches pusher, test-fit in the lathe, verify that the retaining ring is available and functional, and finally make sure that the liner can be removed once the loader is installed.
- Hardware needed to align, level and anchor the bar feeder to the ground? Is a pigtail required?

4.2.2 Swiss Headstock Shipped Components



4.2.3 Fixed Headstock Shipped Components



Step 4 Lathe Condition

While field retrofits on existing lathes maybe challenging when it comes to the presence of an effective and properly documented electrical interface, the installation on new lathes requires us to perform a comprehensive assessment as well.

- Lathe under power and leveled.
- Electrical interface available and installed. Don't forget to double check the AC supplied voltage and pins location prior to plug-in.
- Chucking package available and installed.
- Collets available (for laser as well as material).
- Tooling available for eventual test or production run.
- Will the customer switch to a different chuck in the future or regularly.

Once the preparations have been made perform the following installation and alignment procedures.

4.2.4 Bar feeder Install Process

- 1. Inspect bar feeder for any shipping or handling damage, report as necessary
- 2. Verify lathe installation condition
 - a. Lathe level for operation
 - b. Lathe will power up
 - c. Lathe has collet or chuck package
 - d. Lathe is free of any alarms
- 3. Verify components of the pre installation check list are complete
 - a. Compressed air available to bar feeder install location
 - b. Bar feed oil is required, and correct for application
 - c. Material for lathe
 - d. Spindle liner on site
- 4. Verify bar feeder components to pick list are present
 - a. Required bar feed level pads and associated nuts, washers and screws
 - b. Anchor bolts
 - c. Head stock adaptors
 - d. Correct channel set installed
 - e. Threaded rod, bracket, and nuts
 - f. Telescoping or hard nose
 - g. Hardnose nose insert, if required
 - h. Bushing blocks or rollers
 - MAVD if equipped
- 5. Calculate bar feeder positioning
 - a. Consider lathe headstock stroke
 - b. Consider bar feeder reach capability
 - c. Determine distance based on manual specifications
 - d. Consider axial shift requirements
 - e. Verify collapsibility of telescoping nose
 - f. Verify Reach of telescoping nose
- 6. Install laser or string components for alignment and target to bar pusher
 - a. Lathe collet/chuck
 - b. Lathe guide bushing as required
 - c. Lathe spindle
 - i. Verify bar pusher reach and head stock stroke
 - ii. Verify axial shift reach and stroke



- 7. Drill and anchor bar feeder to floor
 - a. Verify floor is not heated
 - b. Drill holes complete through floor, entire 12 inch drill stroke
 - c. Drive anchors complete into floor with associated fender washers installed
 - d. Tighten anchors fully
- 8. Verify alignment, adjust as necessary
 - a. Verify bar pusher reach and head stock stroke
 - b. Verify axial shift reach and stroke
- 9. Install MAVD as required
 - a. Align MAVD
 - b. Adjust as required
- 10. Install telescoping or hard nose
 - a. Required inserts installed, as required
 - b. Align as required
 - c. Cut telescoping or hardnose nose, as required
 - i. Verify collapsibility of telescoping nose
 - ii. Verify Reach of telescoping nose
- 11. Connect synchronization rod
 - a. Cut threaded rod, as required
 - b. Adjust stroke of synch rod on bar feed
 - c. Verify axial shift synch switch adjustment, adjust as required
- 12. Cut lathe sheet metal
 - a. If additional machines are present review for consistent appearance
- 13. Verify lathe signals
 - a. Emergency stop from lathe
 - b. Emergency stop from bar feeder
 - c. Door signal
 - d. Torque stop
 - e. Bar change
 - f. Auto cycle/cycle start
 - g. Collet open/close
- 14. Perform auto bar change with lathe
 - a. Add bar change program to lathe
- 15. Add oil to bar feeder
 - a. Verify oil off and on position



4.3 Distance From Lathe

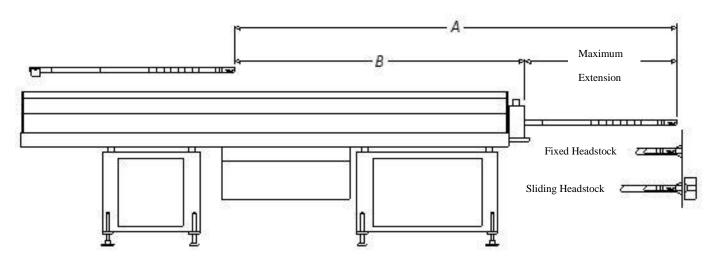
Caution verify proper installation distance or machine crash may occur.

Verifying the proper install location is critical for complete material utilization and collapsing of the telescoping nose.

The bar feeder must be set the proper distance from the lathe. This distance is measured from the front of the anti-vibration device to the face of the lathe collet. In the case of a Swiss style lathe the measurement is taken from the face of the lathe collet when the sliding headstock is in over-travel condition nearest the guide bushing. Please refer to the diagram and chart below for the correct dimension for bar feeder placement. The bar feeder is available in two pusher length configurations, designated "L" for the shorter version and "LL" for the longer version.

Measurement definitions

- Distance A is the distance from the face of the collet or chuck on a fixed headstock machine. On a sliding headstock lathe the distance is 10mm behind the work holding of the guide bushing.
- Distance B is from the end of the pusher at home to the end of the bar feeder channel.



	B Dimension	B Dimension	Max Extension	Max Extension
A Dimension	L	LL	L	LL
3800mm	2870mm	2540mm	1120mm	1450mm

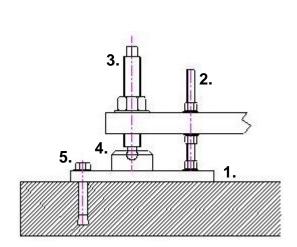
4.4 Height adjustment

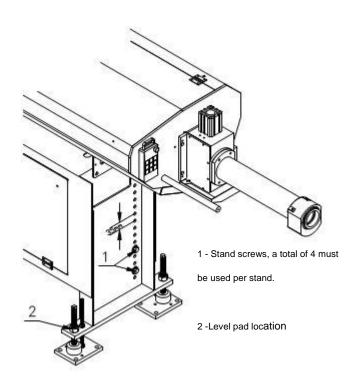
Caution the assembly of the level pad mounting system must be completed with all the parts for proper installation.

The anchoring system is unique to the Patriot and must be installed in a specific fashion. The storage and electrical cabinets feature stands attached via 4 screws per side. A unique level pad or leg with an elevating arbor and locking threaded rod is installed to 4 locations. To finish off the stand system, 4 metal level pads with adjusting arbors are installed to the 4 last stand locations. Axial shift equipped machines may have the arrangement of level pad location different.

The level pad assembly for the axial shift machines and non-axial shift machines are the same. However the leveling technique of the axial shift machines a slightly different. Each level pad requires the following items,

- 1. Leveling pad
- 2. Threaded rod with 2 washer and 2 nuts
- 3. Arbor with 1 nut and washer
- 4. Ejector block
- 5. Wedge anchors (3 used)

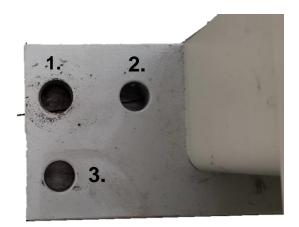




4.5 Leveling Pad installation

Caution only trained installers are to make stand adjustments. Not following proper procedure could lead to personal injury and

- 1. Locate and clean all the leveling pad components with a rag. A heavy amount of anticorrosion lube is applied to keep parts fresh.
- 4 x Leveling pad
- 4 x Threaded rod with 2 washer and 2 nuts
- 4 x Arbor with 1 nut and washer
- 4 x Ejector block
- 12 x wedge type anchors
- 2. Prepare the lower stands by cleaning the holes and thread as required.
- 1. Arbor hole with threads
- 2. Thread rod location holes

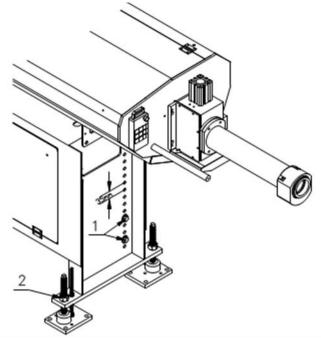


3. Thread the 8 arbors into the stand holes until contact with the floor is achieved.

Caution do not allow the bar feeder to achieve an angle greater than 10 degrees to the floor. This could cause the bar feeder to fall over.

Continue to thread the arbors located at the 4 end points a few thread turns at a time. It is important to maintain less than 10 degrees tilt to the floor.

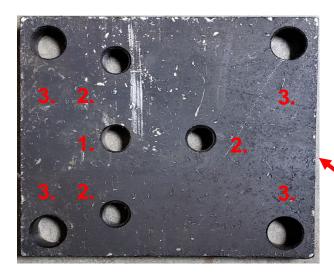
- 5. Once 3 inches from the inner stand to the floor is achieved place the supporting level pads in place and thread the arbors into the level pads. Thread the arbors so the weight of the bar feeder is supported by the inner level pads.
- 6. Place a small level with a magnetic base on the top of the electrical cabinet. Adjust the center arbors to level the bar feeder.
- 7. Determine the distance from the floor to the center of the spindle of the lathe. Compare this dimension to the distance from the bottom of the bar feeder stand to the center of the opening of the steady device plus 75mm. If this distance is not within 25mm ± of the lathe center height the bar feeder stands must be adjusted by repositioning the legs on the bar feeder stands. The spacing between the holes of the legs are 35mm. The legs can be adjusted without use of a crane or lift truck by supporting the stand with one set of arbors and level pads while moving the opposite set. The height adjustment need not be exact at this point. The final adjustment will be made during the alignment to the lathe.



- 1. Loosen 4 locking screws on the side of the stands (1)
- 2. Adjust the screw (2) up or down to achieve correct height. Adjust the bar feed height to center the channel to the lathe spindle.

Tighten screw (1) when alignment is completed.

8. Place one level pad on the floor with one ejector block positioned into the pad. The pads are the same top and bottom with the longer portion placed towards the stands. See image below.



Level pad hole callout

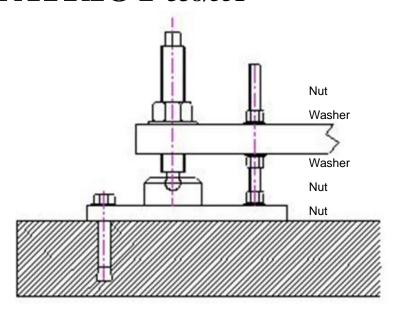
- 1. Ejector block
- 2. Thread rod
- 3. Anchor hole

Positioned inboard of bar feeder stand side



Correct Ejector block location. Block must sit flat onto level pad.

- 9. Place the level pad with ejector block under the stand mounting holes in all 4 open stand locations.
- 10. Thread the arbor into the stand until contact with the ejector block is made. Do this for all 4 level pads.
- 12. Raise the bar feeder so the weight is now on the 4 leveling pads and ejector blocks. Be sure the bar feeder is level.
- 12. Insert a thread rod into hole 2 of the stand and thread 1 washer and 2 nuts onto the rod. Run the nut about 1.5inches up. Thread the rod into the level plate and tighten the lower nut to lock the threaded rod to leveling plate. **Do not tighten the upper nut at this time**. **Do not allow the threaded rod to make contact with the floor and lift the plate**. The threaded rod should not be locked to the stand at this time, this will be completed later. Do this for all 4 locations.



13. Once all 4 level pads are installed the bar feeder movement up and down is by way of the arbor. Perform alingment procedure of choice, string or laser.

4.6 String Alignment

Caution disabling the hood switch on the bar feeder is required to view the laser target and align the bar feeder.

Caution manually moving the pusher with the pendant when the hood is disabled.

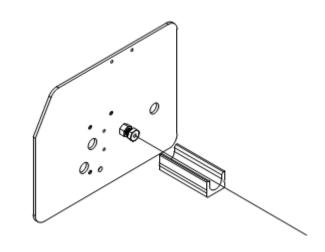
Note: As alignment is adjusted make verify distance from bar feeder to lathe does not change.

String Alignment Procedure

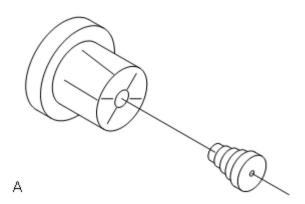
Not supplied is the rear centering plug and spindle plug. These items can be made for the string alignment. These items are not available from Edge Technologies. The string is included with all Patriot models. The standard alignment procedure by an Edge Technician is by laser alignment.

The following steps for basic string alignment

Remove the bar pusher out and insert a centering plug, pull the nylon string from the lathe A, to the end of the bar feeder B.

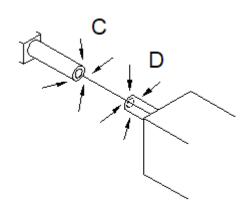


Select a proper plug size for lathe the collet, insert and close lathe collet, move lathe Z axis to –Z over travel, pull the nylon string tight and secure in place.



Directional adjustment

Move the bar feeder so that when using a ruler or centering device, check the center of the nylon string, nose adapter (C), and spindle (D). The distance of the four directions is to be within 0.15 mm.



4.7 Laser Alignment.

Warning use protected eyewear when using a laser during bar feeder alignment.

The preferred method of aligning the bar feeder is by way of a laser aligning. The instructions below are general in nature. Follow the laser tool manufactures instructions for laser usage.

Caution disabling the hood switch on the bar feeder is required to view the laser target and align the bar feeder.

Caution manually moving the pusher with the pendant when the hood is disabled.

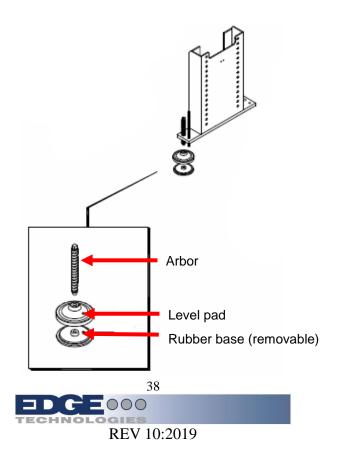
- 1. Remove the hood switch latch screw.
- 2. Insert a laser tool into the lathe spindle.
- 3. A target is then placed on the bar feeder long pusher.
- 4. The lathe spindle is rotated at the laser manufactures recommended RPM.
- 5. Looking at the target at the front and rear potion of the bar feeder, shift the bar feeder to center the laser circle to the target center. Use the arbor screw to adjust the height and tilt of the bar feeder. If the distance between the base of the stand and the floor exceeds 4 inches a stand height adjustment will need to be performed. See stand height adjustment procedure.
- 6. Install the supporting level pads with the arbor. Adjust the arbor so the ball just touches the level pad. Grasp the arbor with one hand and tighten. Be careful to not move to much weight from the primary level pads. The supporting level pads are to assist the load on the primary level pads.
- 7. Check the alignment once again. Adjust primary and supporting level pads as required.
- 8. Once in position prepare the floor to anchor the bar feeder.
- 9. When bar feeder has been anchored down recheck alignment. Make additional adjustment to align the bar feeder.
- 10. If the Patriot is equipped with axial track move the bar feeder into the opposite position and check alignment. Adjust as required.
- 11. Once alignment is complete remove the laser from the lathe, target from the pusher and reattach the hood switch.

4.7.2 Alignment guidance, Level Pad Arbor and Threaded Rod Tightening.

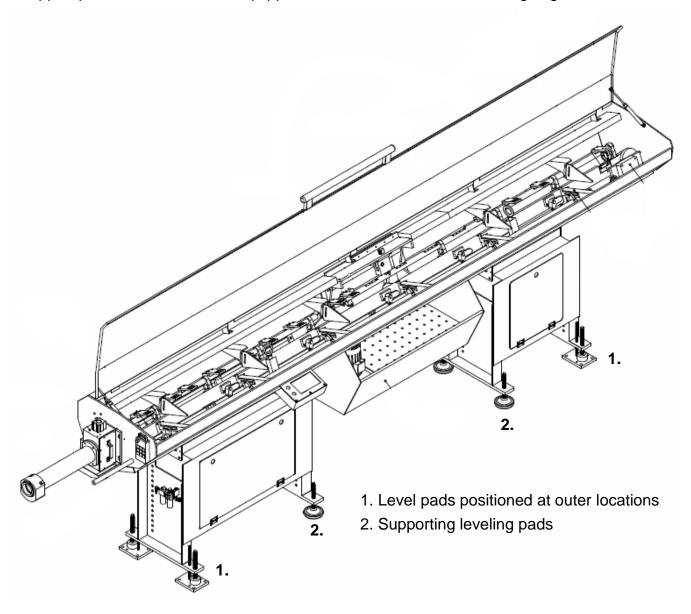
Once alignment has been completed it is important to lock the threaded rods and arbors in place. When tightening the lock nuts it is possible the alignment could change. It is suggested to check the alignment once the lock nuts have been tightened.

Arbor and threaded rod tightening advice.

- 1. While holding the arbor in place, tighten lock nut.
- 2. On the threaded rod position lock nuts top and bottom so they just contact the stand.
- 3. Tighten the lower threaded rod nut slightly.
- 4. Tighten upper threaded nut slightly.
- 5. Lock lower threaded rod nut.
- 6. Lock upper threaded rod nut.
- 7. Once the nuts have been locked verify the alignment
- 8. The supporting level pads are to be set to assist in the overall support of the machine. During the alignment process the primary level pads are used to adjust the position of the machine. The supporting pads may be used with or without the rubber level pad base. The location of the supporting level pads may be swapped with the primary level pads on axial track equipped Patriots. This swap has proven to assist in the alignment ease and accuracy when the machine is shifted. Especially on the electrical cabinet side of the machine.
- 9. Once supporting arbors are threaded hand tighten the arbor. Do not over tighten. Tighten the lock nuts and check alignment.



The image below is a non-axial shift Patriot foot pad configuration. Leveling pads 1 and 2 may be swapped position on axial track equipped machines for more efficient aligning.



4.8 Axial Shifting

Caution incorrect machine placement may cause catastrophic damage to lathe or bar feeder.



Caution all axial shift safeties must be adjusted and set correctly

Caution bar feeder must be in emergency stop prior to axial shifting bar feeder.

The Patriot may be equipped with an Axial Shifting option on some lathe applications that require this feature. Normally lathes that require an axial shifting option are equipped with a guide bushing-less feature. When the guide bushing is removed from the lathe the head stock will then be positioned in place of the guide bushing. The distance of headstock movement forward into chucker mode will be the amount of bar feeder movement required. This type of arrangement requires the bar feeder pusher to reach further into the lathe. In order to meet this required distance, the bar feeder may be moved closer to the lathe without repositioning the anchoring of the bar feeder.

Note Patriot axial shift equipped machines may be shipped with stands in opposite positions. For example the electrical cabinet stand may be in chucker mode and the storage stand in Swiss. The cabinets must be in the same configuration prior to installation.

Axial track with stop screw locators.



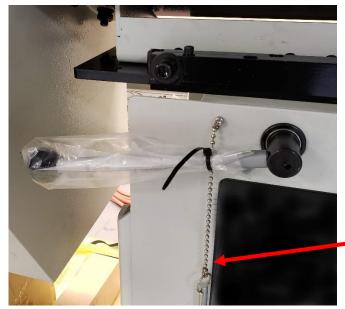
Warning follow the instructions to shift the Patriot when equipped with Axial shift option.

In each cabinet a supported shaft with eccentric bearing cams is used to lift the Patriot chassis up and slide fore and aft. Once the locking screws have been removed a lever is used for lifting. A small pin, tethered to the cabinet is used to hold the lever in place when the Patriot is lifted.

No maintenance of the bearing is required. They are sealed for life.



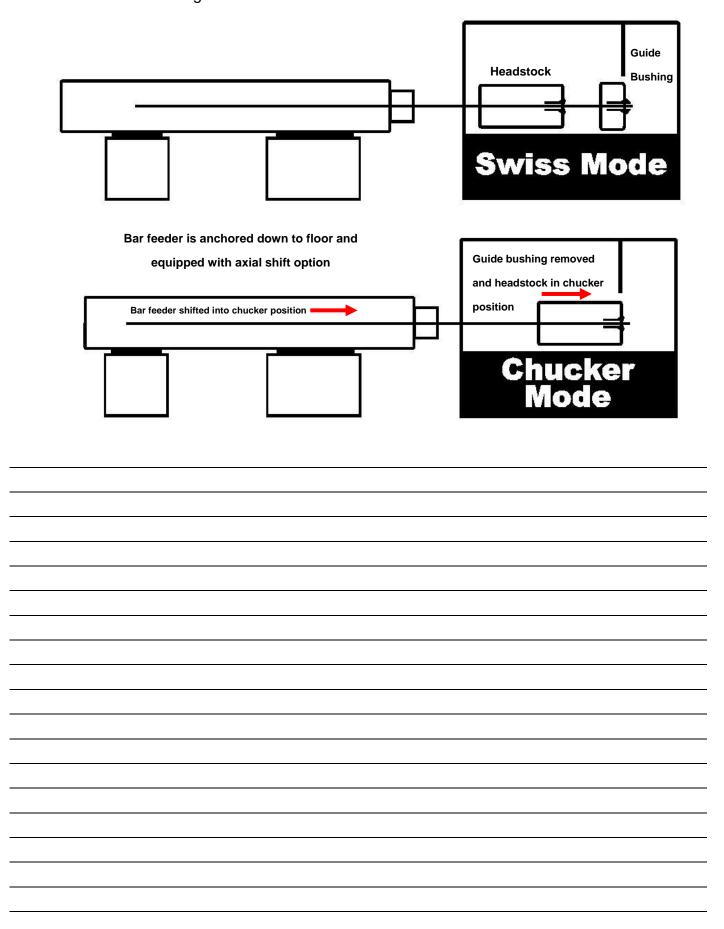
Warning do not attempt to raise the patriot up unless the axial track lock screws are removed. Damage to the lever may occur.



Screw the handle into the axial eccentric bearing shaft.

Once machine is lifted insert the tethered pin into position hole to allow the lever to rest against the pin.

The graphic below represents the bar feeder movement and head stock movement during the Swiss and Chucker change.



During the installation process it is important to place the bar feeder in the correct position. On some applications a very small window will exist being too close or too far. Conditions to consider

- In Swiss mode, the bar feeder long pusher, with a pusher collet installed must be able to reach the back of the lathe collet when the headstock is full forward or Z positive over travel.
- In Swiss mode the maximum loading length is the magazine length of 12 feet 6 inches. From the gripper jaws to the face of the guide bushing are the typical measurement points.
- In chucker mode the when the bar feeder is shifted the bar feeder long pusher, with a pusher collet installed must be able to reach the back of the lathe collet when the headstock is full forward or Z positive over travel in the chucker mode position.
- In Chucker mode the maximum loading length is the magazine length of 12 feet 6 inches. From the gripper jaws to the face of the lathe collet are the typical measurement points.
- The telescoping nose must be short enough to collapse without bottoming out and extend without over extending.
- The synchronization safety switches must be set so the normal working range will allow for operation. When the stroke is over extended or collapsed the switch must be set just before either condition occurs.
- The Drip pan must be functional between Swiss and chucker positions.

8ft and 12ft Patriots may be equipped with the Axial Track option. This is not an option that can be installed in the field and requires assembly at Edge Technologies.

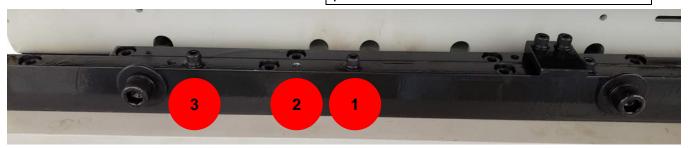
The axial shift offers 3 positions based on application. During installation the correct position must be verified by Edge and lathe manufacture application information. If the bar feeder was prepped and shipped from Edge Technologies the axial shift position will be set according to the lathe. On occasion a bar feeder from a dealer or a used bar feeder may have axial track settings for a different lathe than originally prepped for. It is important to verify axial shift requirements for the lathe with Edge Technologies.

Axial shift setting options. The specific position is based on the following parameters.

- Chucker/Swiss position
- Pusher reach distance
- Bar feeder material loading position

Position	Movement length		
1	120mm		
2	160mm		
3	230mm		

When position 2 is to be used, remove screw from position 1 and place it into hole position 2.



The axial track positions stops are selectable based on the application stroke. The chucker mode stop screw must in in place when the bar feeder is shifted.

4.9 Setting Axial Track Synchronization Switches

Caution setting of the synchronization switches is extremely important to reduce a possible crash between lathe and bar feeder.

Setting of the axial synchronization emergency stop switches is critical during the installation. The switch locations are preinstalled and do not require adjusting. The adjustment will come from the positioning of the switch plate and trimming the plate as required. There is 300mm between switches.

The switches must be set so if the headstock was moved no over collapse or over extension of the telescoping nose would occur.



Rear switch mounted

Lock screw and nut. Must be positioned accurately during installation.





Forward switch mounted

4.10 Change Axial Swiss Mode to Chucker Mode

Caution bar feeder must be in emergency stop prior to axial shifting bar feeder.

Caution all attaching components must be installed and tightened prior to production.

- 1. Follow lathe manufactures instructing for chucker mode setup (removal of guide bushing) Once lathe has been converted to chucker mode proceed to step 2.
- 2. With the bar feed in manual operation be sure there are no active faults
- 3. Place lathe headstock in forward Z positive over travel position
- 4. Place bar feed into Emergency stop condition (Press bar feed E-Stop button)
- 5. Place lathe into Emergency stop condition (press lathe E-stop button)
- 6. Disconnect bar feed synchronous rod and telescoping nose from lathe head stock at the MAVD.
- 7. From the side of stand cabinets remove 2 axial track locking bolts from both stands.
- 8. Rotate both axial shift levers to raise bar feed.
- 9. With push bar feed forward to the chucker position.
- 10. Rotate both axial shift levers to lower bar feed
- 11. Reinstall 2 locking bolts into the side of the axial track on both stands.
- 12. Be sure lathe head stock is in the chucker mode position before proceeding to step 13
- 13. Reattach telescoping nose and sync rod to head stock.
- 14. Reset Emergency stop condition previously set.
- 15. Move lathe headstock to the forward Z positive over travel position
- 16. The parameter values below must be checked and changed as necessary.
 - a. Max end of bar
 - b. Facing distance
 - c. MAVD opening position (if used)
- 17. Verify proper operation of head stock movement and bar feed response.

4.10.2 Change Chucker Mode to Swiss Mode

Caution bar feeder must be in emergency stop prior to axial shifting bar feeder.

Caution all attaching components must be installed and tightened prior to production.

- 1. With the bar feed in manual operation be sure there are no active faults
- 2. Place lathe headstock in forward Z positive over travel position Swiss mode.
- 3. Place bar feed into Emergency stop condition (Press bar feed E-Stop button)
- 4. Place lathe into Emergency stop condition (press lathe E-stop button)
- 5. Disconnect bar feed synchronous rod and telescoping nose from lathe head stock at the MAVD
- 6. From the side of stand cabinets remove 2 axial track locking bolts from both stands.
- 7. Rotate both axial shift levers to raise bar feed.
- 8. Push bar feed rearward to the Swiss position.
- 9. Rotate both axial shift levers to lower bar feed
- 10. Reinstall 2 locking bolts into the side of the axial track on both stands.
- 11. Be sure lathe head stock is in the Swiss mode position before proceeding to step 13
- 12. Reattach telescoping nose and sync rod to head stock.
- 13. Reset Emergency stop condition previously set.
- 14. Move lathe headstock to the forward Z positive over travel position
- 15. The parameter values below must be checked and changed as necessary.
 - a. Max end of bar
 - b. Facing distance
 - c. MAVD opening position (if used)
- 16. Verify proper operation of head stock movement and bar feed response.
- 17. Follow lathe manufactures instructing for Swiss mode setup (Installation of guide bushing)

4.11 Axial Track Programing Tech Tip

Anytime bar feed configuration is changed from one operational mode to another certain position parameters must be changed in order for proper operation. If these parameters are not changed machine alarms can be produced or excessive remnants will be observed.

During initial setup it is required to measure and record the following

- Parameters, Max end of bar, menu page 11
- Facing distance, menu page11
- MAVD opening position, menu page 12

To assist with the change from one operational mode to the other it is advisable to set the parameters on page 11 shown in the table below. Once set, selection of proper mode of operation can be made on part page 3.

Max. End Of Bar COLLET	-####.## MM	Pg 11	Use for Swiss mode measurement			
Facing Distance COLLET	-####.## MM	Page Up	Use for Swiss mode measurement			
Max. End Of Bar CHUCK	-#### . ## MM	Save	Use for chucker mode measurement			
Facing Distance CHUCK -####.## MM		Page Down	Use for chucker mode measurement			
Bar Diameter -### .## Inches		Pg 3	This parameter on page 3 to select mode or operation for proper bar feed measurement			
Facing Collet	-### .## Inches	Page Up	100 F5544			
Open Collet Speed	#### IN / MIN	Save				
Open Collet Torque	### %	Page Down				

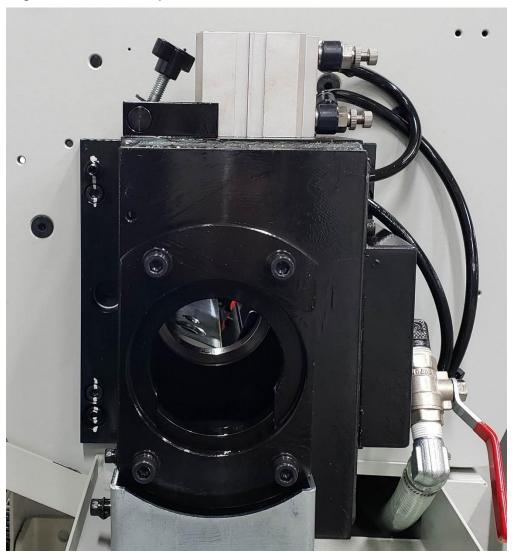
PATRIOT 338/551					

4.12 Bushing Block Alignment

Caution do not adjust bushing block when electrical power is applied to bar feeder.

The bushing block is aligned by way of 4 jack screws at the mounting flange of the bushing block device. The mounting screws must be loosened. The vertical mounting plate holes on the bar feeder are threaded for the bushing block mounting flange. There are nuts on the screws as well. The back sheet metal cover will require lowering to access the nuts on the right side of the bushing block device. The 4 jack screws can then be used to adjust the alignment of the bushing block and attached nose.

Use incremental adjustments to fine tune the bushing block alignment. Always check for alignment once an adjustment has been made.



Right side mounting screws will have nuts on the inside of the bar feeder that requires removing prior to adjusting the bushing block device.

4.12.2 Hand Crank

Caution bar feeder power and air supply must be isolated from the bar feeder prior to using the hand crank.

The pusher carriage may be manually operated with an included hand crank. This is helpful when performing a channel changeover of the bar feeder.

The sheet metal of the Patriot is equipped with an access hole to allow for insertion of the hand crank.



Insert hand crank into the hole and engage the end into the gearbox. Using a flash light will help to view the engagement.

Caution do not operate the bar feeder electrically with the hand crank inserted into the servo gearbox.



4.13 Anchoring

Caution wear protective eyewear when operating a hammer drill or hammer to strike a floor anchor.

Warning do not install level pads over cracked concrete with uneven surfaces.

Warning drilling anchor holes at an angle may affect the final aligning of the bar feeder.

When the alignment is completed the bar feeder must be anchored to the floor to prevent it from moving out of position. The machine is supplied with ½" diameter wedge anchor bolts to secure the level pads to the floor. It is recommended to drill the holes for the anchor bolts completely through the floor if possible or at least as deep as the anchor bolt is long so that the bolt may be driven flush with the floor should the machine need to be moved. Alignment should be rechecked after anchoring the machine to the floor. This includes moving the machine on the axial track if equipped and rechecking alignment.



Wedge style anchor

The 4 corners of the leveling pad are the drill locations. Each pad will receive 3 anchors. The hole closest to the bar feeder wil not be used as there is not enough clearnec for a hammer dril.

Be sure the holes are drilled perpendicular to the floor. Drilling a hole on an angle is not recommended.



4.14 Installation Components

Spindle Liner: Used to reduce spindle diameter to support the pusher. Some applications do not require a spindle liner. This is true when the spindle bore diameter is the same as the pusher.

Fixed front nose and insert: This nose is cut to fit and used on fixed headstock lathes. If multiple inserts

Telescopic front nose: The telescoping nose is normally used with sliding headstock lathes and attaches from the bar feeder to the MAVD when equipped. This nose is normally cut to provide room for the MAVD and keep the nose from collapsing into itself. Additionally there is a spacing ring that is required for the nose to be fastened to the MAVD.

Movable anti – vibration Device (MAVD): Used only on Swiss type lathes, The MAVD is fixed at the end of the spindle of the lathe. The device aids in material support between the headstock and bar feeder. This is always installed unless a special condition is present that would keep the pusher from reaching the required maximum pusher travel. Contact Edge Technologies for more information. Swiss lathe applications only.

Synchronization connecting rod: Synchronization rod is connected at the MAVD. Swiss applications only.

Oil tray drip pan: This is used under the telescoping nose to collect any oil that leaks out of the telescoping nose and back into the bar feeder. Swiss applications only.

Oil Gathering: Used on fixed headstock applications only.

4.15 Spindle Liner

Warning prior to spindle liner insertion or removal be sure the lathe is in emergency stop or power to lathe is off. Never remove or install a spindle liner to a spindle that can be powered on during this process.

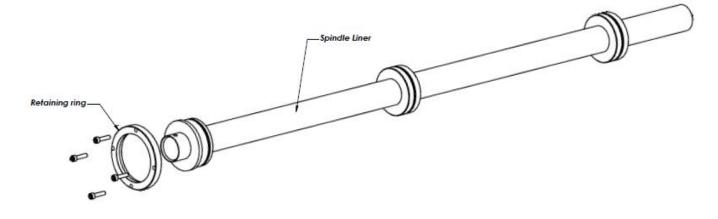
Warning do not operate lathe if using an extended spindle liner and the extended cover is off of the spindle. Doing so could cause personal injury and machine damage.

Caution be sure to use the proper fasteners for the spindle liner retaining ring and if equipped spindle liner extension housing.

For the most support of the long pusher the lathe spindle normally requires a spindle liner. This liner reduces the inner diameter of the spindle to the diameter of the pusher. The liner diameter should be approximately 2mm larger than the pusher.

When installing a spindle liner for the first time the liner end may need to be cut. This is a normal practice for the liner to be longer for the various chucking packages that are available. A longer liner is better to have than a too short of one. The end of the liner should be approximately 13mm from the rear of the chuck jaws or collet. Any further and this could cause a load or remnant ejection issue

Normally a spindle liner will be part of the options ordered from Edge Technologies. Additional spindle liners may be order from Edge technologies.



4.16 Telescoping Nose

Caution cutting of the telescoping nose should be carefully performed.

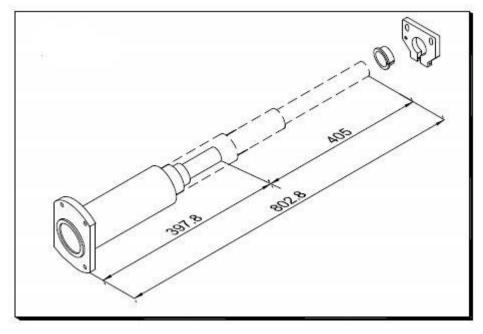
The telescoping nose is normally used with sliding headstock lathes and attaches from the bar feeder to the MAVD when equipped. This nose must be cut to provide room for the MAVD and keep the nose from collapsing into itself. Additionally there is a spacing ring (A) that is required for the nose to be fastened to the MAVD.

Note: when cutting the nose it is very important the surface is perpendicular to the shaft

The telescoping nose is matched to the channel set. Anytime a channel set is changed the nose must be changed as well. During an installation all telescoping noses must be cut the same length.



The overall collapsed length of an uncut nose is 397.8mm and 802.8mm at full extension. The nose will always be cut for instalaation to the lathe. The minumun collapsed length is normaly no less than 10 inches.



Each nose with a specific diameter uses a specific retaining ring for that diameter. The ring is attached to the last stage with 2 small grub screws that must be set very tight. The retaining bracket is one size fits all.



Warning machine damage may occur if telescoping nose is not properly connected to lathe headstock.

Be sure the retaining ring and plate all fit flush and completely inserted into the diametere of each.



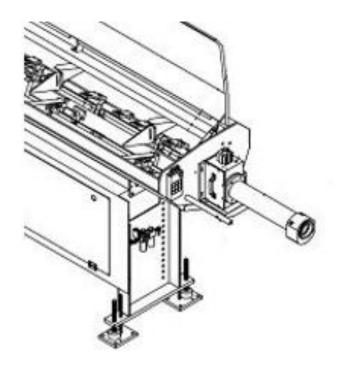




The telescoping nose contains various inserts with of the same internal diameter as the 4th stage. The nose may be disassembeled so the 4th stage may be cut with a saw or lathe.

4.17 Hard Nose

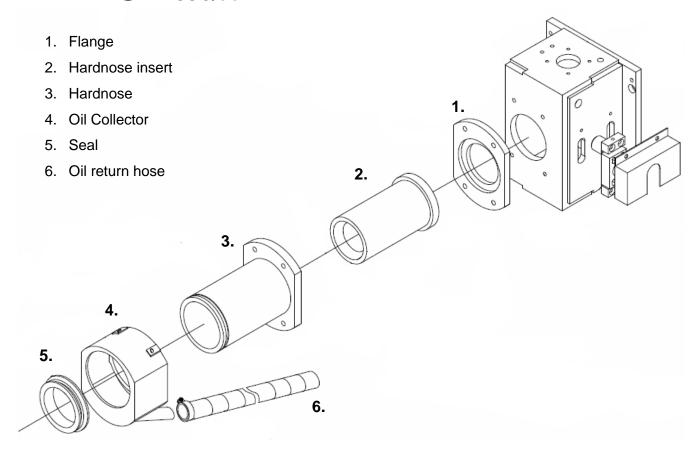
The hard nose on the patriot is cut to size once the bar feeder is aligned and anchored. The oil gathering device is then attached to the end of the nose for ejected oil to gather and return to the with a drain hose to the bar feeder.



The hardnose must be cut slightly shorter to allow for the installation of the oil gathering device at the end.



The insert must be cut the length of the hard nose. It is also matched to the channel set and pusher.



The oil collector is held in place by 2 screws and lock nuts. There is about 2 inches of insertion available of the hard nose. This is used to close up any gap between the lathe sheet metal and attaching seal.

4.18 MAVD installation

When installing the MAVD all headstock adaption components must be installed. All adaption prints are shipped with the prepped bar feeder from Edge Technologies for the appropriate lathe.

MAVD alignment may only be performed once the Patriot is aligned and anchored to the floor.

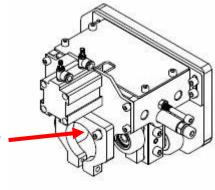
Once the MAVD and mounting plate is installed onto the headstock, adjustment of the MAVD to center may be performed. One easy way of aligning the MAVD is perform the procedure below. The following must be performed prior to adjusting the MAVD center.

- Spindle liner, pusher and channel set installed into bar feeder and lathe.
- MAVD equipped with rollers in good condition, no chunked, different diameter, or gouged rollers may be used. It is preferred to have new rollers available for alignment purposes.
- Alignment of bar feeder to lathe spindle should be verified.

Caution the following procedure requires disassembly of telescoping nose components and moving of the bar feeder pusher. Only trained personnel should perform procedure.

Warning MAVD bar adjustment must be performed anytime the centering procedure has been performed.

- 1. Remove any material from the bar feeder channel and/or lathe spindle.
- 2. Position the lathe head stock 5 inches from Z- over travel.
- 3. Press the emergency stop button on the lathe and bar feeder.
- 4. Loosen and separate the telescoping nose cinch plate from the MAVD.



Remove the 2 attaching screws

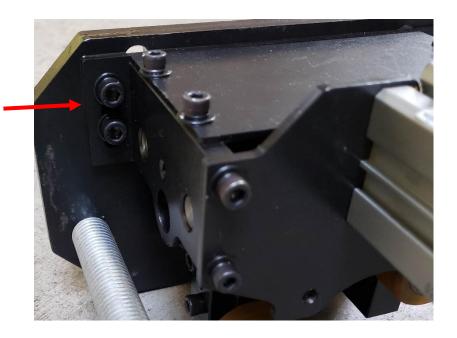
- 5. Remove the retaining screw from the synchronization rod.
- 6. Reset the bar feeder and lathe emergency stop circuits.
- 7. Using caution move the pusher into the lathe spindle until bar feeder collet is 13mm from lathe collet.
- 8. Press the emergency stop button on the lathe and bar feeder.
- 9. Remove the compressed air supply from the bar feeder.
- 10. Reverse the 2 airlines at the MAVD air cylinder. This will allow the MAVD to close on the pusher when air is reconnected.

The air cylinder supply lines on top of the MAVD will be swapped only for adjusting and centering of the MAVD. This will close the MAVD rollers once air supply is reconnected.



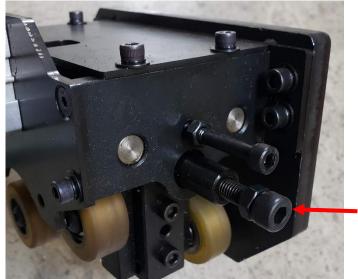
- 11. Caution when reconnecting air supply to bar feeder. Reconnect air supply. Keep hands and fingers away from the MAVD when air is reconnected.
- 12. Loosen the 4 attaching screws for the MAVD.

Loosen 4 attaching screws, 2 on each side.



13. Unscrew the MAVD close screw to allow the rollers to grip the pusher.





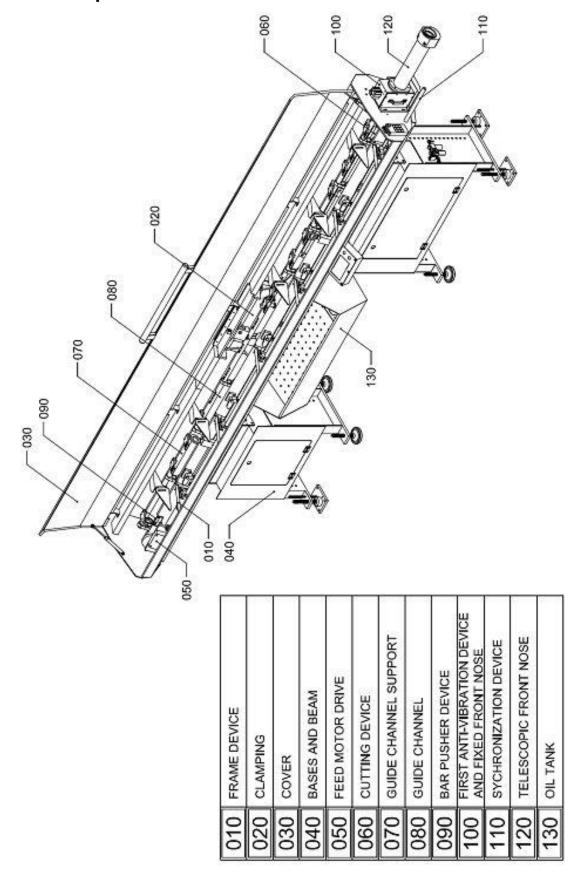
Caution pinch hazard if proper observation is not adhered to.

Loosen the lower lock nut and rotate the screw counterclockwise until all 4 rollers make equal contact with the pusher.

- 14. Allow the MAVD to find center on the pusher.
- 15. Once center has been found, tighten the 4 MAVD attaching screws.
- 16. Tighten the MAVD adjustment screw so the rollers are no longer contacting the pusher.
- 17. Remove air supply from bar feeder.
- 18. Reverse MAVD cylinder air lines to original positions.
- 19. Attach the telescoping nose cinch plate. Take note to the nose, as it may droop due to wear. It may be necessary to raise the nose up as cinch screws are tightened.
- 20. Reattach synchronization rod bolt.
- 21. Reconnect air supply.
- 22. Reset emergency stops on the bar feeder and lathe.
- 23. Follow the MAVD bar adjustment procedure.

5. Systems and Adjustments

5.1 Bar feeder Component Locations



5.2 Magazine adjustment

Follow the procedure below anytime the bar diameter requires changing.

Caution when adjusting the magazine be sure the lathe and bar feeder is in emergency stop

Caution, adjusting the magazine can produce pinch points between magazine and material

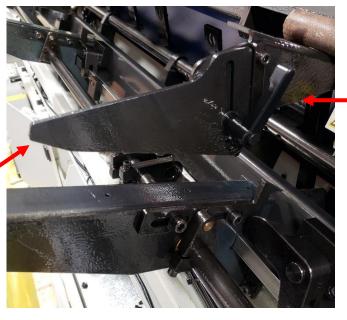
Caution when lifting material into the magazine, 2 or more people or a lifting device may be required to load material

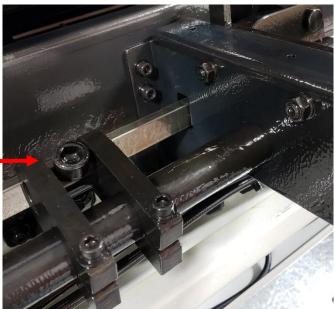
- 1. Place the lathe and bar feeder into emergency stop prior to adjusting magazine
- 2. Remove any material from the magazine
- 3. Loosen the locking lever for the support plate (1) and lift the plate to the highest position
- 4. Place one bar to be loaded on the magazine
- 5. Rotate the screw (2) to adjust the bar stop so that only the first bar on the magazine is lifted into the guide channel. While you rotate the screw you will see the size plate move in the direction the screw is rotated
- 6. Loosen the lever (1) and slide the support plate down to 1mm over the bar to be machined.
- 7. Tighten the lever (1)
- 8. Load the desired material requirement
- 9. Close the bar feeder hood.
- 10. Reset emergency stops on the lathe and bar feeder
- 11. Repeat above steps when changing bar diameters

1. Lever

2. Support plate

2

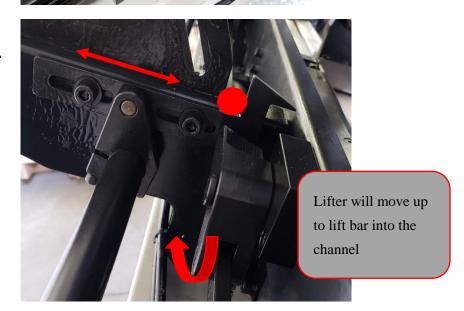




Adjustment Screw

The vertical adjustment plate moves as the adjustment point.

The material lifter is stationary and bar center should be just past the edge of the lifter



5.3 Movable Anti-Vibration Device/MAVD Adjustment

The Proper adjustment of the Movable Anti-Vibration Device is important for proper machine operation. Proper adjustment will help support the bar and possibly reduce vibrations during production.

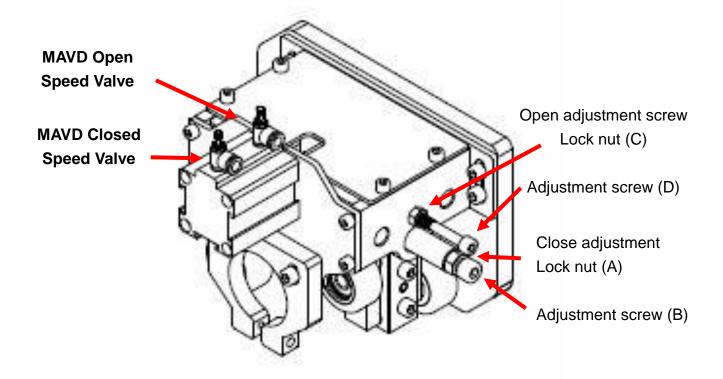
Warning lathe and bar feeder must be in a manual mode during the adjustment of the Movable Anti-Vibration Device. Only operators properly trained should adjust the MAVD.

Warning improper adjustment of the MAVD may cause machined part failure.

Follow the steps below to adjust material to the MAVD

Caution when loading a bar for the first time make sure the Movable Anti-Vibration Device rollers are open. Roller damage may occur when material or pusher is moved into the rollers.

- 1. Load a bar using the bar feeder into the lathe and close lathe collet.
- 2. Open the bar feeder hood
- 3. Loosen nut **(A)** and back screw **(B)** off counterclockwise until no tension is felt on the screw. Rollers will be open from material centerline.
- 4. Press the Pre-Auto button , both Anti-vibration devices will close.
- 5. Tighten screw A until the rollers just touch the bar. Rotate the screw counterclockwise 1 full turn. Lock jam nut B
- 6. Press the Manual button, MAVD will open press the Pre-Auto Button, MAVD will close.
- 7. Press the Manual Button to open MAVD
- 8. Close hood and adjustment is completed
- 9. The MAVD may have an opening stop screw and is normally set to full open.





wear.

Warning improper MAVD adjustment can lead to premature roller

Adjustment to the open and close speed of the MAVD is by way of the thumb screws on the cylinder. Be sure the air supply lines are installed on the correct valve for correct operation.

When the lathe collet is closed the MAVD rollers/blocks will be closed if parameter is set to operate this way. Pressing the Pre-Auto button and the lathe collet closed will command the MAVD closed. Adjust as required.

The MAVD will include an open stop screw. If this screw is screwed in too far this will keep the MAVD from opening fully. This could damage the rollers if larger material is loaded without proper adjustment.

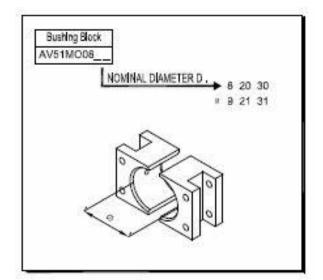
Installation tip – The MAVD air cylinder normally comes in the orientation shown in the image above. We suggest removing the 4 mounting screws of the air cylinder and rotating the air cylinder body so the air valves are positioned horizontal. This will help with the final cutting of the lathe sheet metal covers.

5.3.2 MAVD Block Sets

Caution do not insert blocks into MAVD with electrical power applied to the bar feeder or lathe.



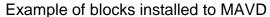
Warning the block sets must be used in same sized pairs.

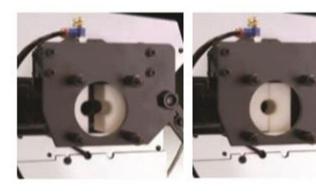


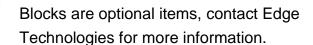
The use of bushing blocks may assist with optimizing the bar feeder performance with certain material, shapes, and operating speeds. 2 Blocks of the same size are required for each MAVD.

Choose a block size that is 2mm larger than your working diameter. The blocks are not intended to clamp onto the material

A variety of sizes are available from Edge Technologies. See the parts listing.







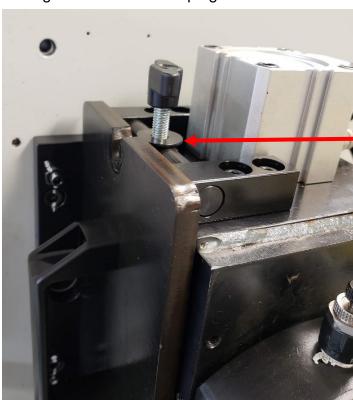
5.4 Bushing Block Device with Air Knife

Caution the cover for the bushing block device must always be installed during bar feeder operation.

Caution do not remove the bushing block cover while bar feeder is in operation.

Caution when changing the bushing blocks the bar feeder must be in emergency stop.

The Patriot is equipped with a unique bushing block device providing material support upon discharge from the channel. Bar feeder oil is supplied to the device which adds to the vibration management. The telescoping/hardnose attaches to the end of the device.



Caution Bushing cover is removable and must be in place for safe operation of the bar feeder.

Washer must be over the cover to screw the knob down to secure the cover.

Lower screws do not require removal as the cover is slotted.



Correct washer and knob location when closed.



Caution when installing bushing blocks remove material prior to removing bushing block cover.

During automatic operation the bushing blocks will shadow the lathe collet open and closing. When the bushing block cover is removed during operation the following will occur

- When in automatic mode and collet is closed blocks will open.
- When in pre auto mode and lathe collet is open blocks will open.

If the lathe collet is closed and pre auto or auto is selected the blocks will close. This is operation is controlled by the bypass switch attached to the upper portion of the bushing block device.

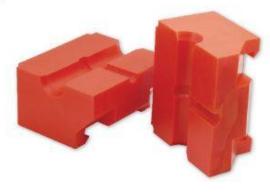


Bypass switch

Note - Bushing blocks have been removed

Universal Bushing Blocks

Durable Polyurethane bushing blocks eliminate bar vibration. Available in 2mm size increments, oil filled to achieve a hydrodynamic bearing effect.



Bushing blocks will only fit one direction into device and are symmetrical. A pair of blocks must be the same diameter for proper operation.

Bushing block Oil Flow

Part of the hydrodynamic bearing effect includes the bushing block device. Oil flows from the bar feeder oil pump to this valve through the oil ports molded into the bushing blocks. Oil is blown off the bar and pusher by the air knife and drains back to the oil tank. The flow can be limited or increased by the valve handle. If too much oil is migrating into the nose of the bar feeder and lathe with the air knife set correctly, then reduce the valve opening.



Valve full closed, the handle is in line with the valve, valve is closed in image

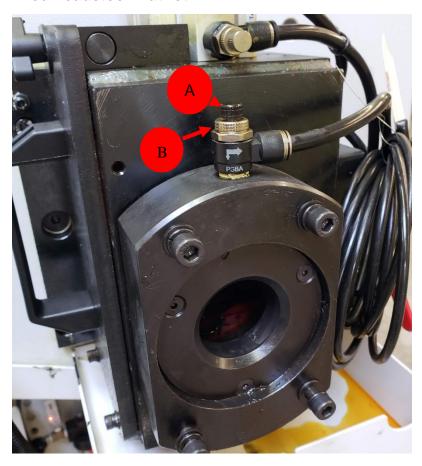
Valve full open is 90 degrees from valve

Air knife

Caution the air flow through the air knife can be set to high which produces an oil vapor around the bar feeder.

The air knife is an oil blow off valve that helps to displace oil from the material and pusher upon entering the nose. The air control valve is energized when the pusher moves forward. The air flow is adjustable via a thumb wheel on the valve.

Note – The air knife is a standard feature on the Swiss equipped Patriot and an option for fixed headstock Patriot.



- To set the air knife rotate the lock nut counterclockwise to loosen.
- 2. Rotate airflow control knob to the desired setting.
- 3. Tighten the lock nut to secure the valve position.
- (A) Airflow control knob
- (B) Lock nut

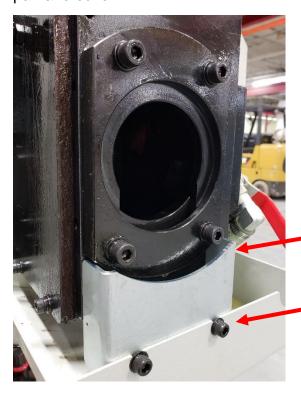
5.5 Drip Pan, Oil Management

Caution verify the lathe headstock will not make contact with the oil drain pan.

Note- The Swiss headstock Patriot will come with a drain pan, the fixed headstock will

The Patriot is designed to reclaim the oil that is circulated throughout the bar feeder back into the oil tank. On Swiss head stock lathes that will utilize a telescoping nose, the nose stepped design will allow for oil to flow back to the bar feeder. On fixed headstock lathes an oil collector with drain hose attached to the end of the fixed nose. When the air knife and oil flow is set correctly minimal oil migration to the lathe is substantially limited. Directing the oil with a drain pan is limited to the stroke of the Swiss headstock as it moves towards the bar feeder. The lathe sheet metal should be cut so the drain pan may be as long as possible without crashing the headstock. Extra-long drain pans are available from Edge Technologies. The drain pan can be cut based on the application.

An additional drain cover has been implemented on the patriot that utilizes the drain pan mounting holes. The sheet metal is notched to allow for quick and easy assembly of the drain pan and cover.

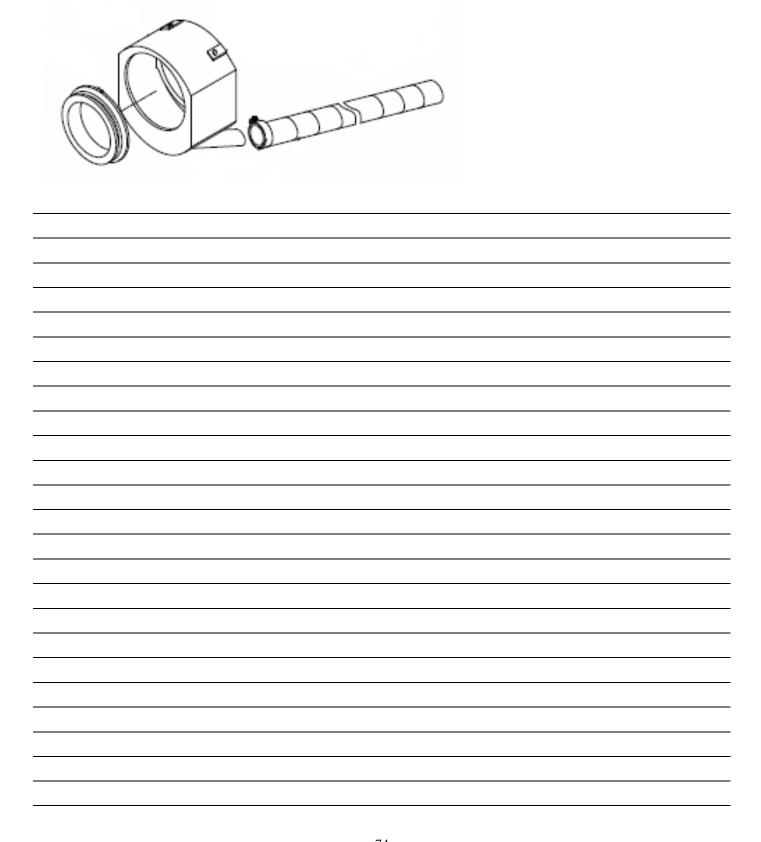


Drain cover mounts with drain pan

Drain pan mount for Swiss headstock applications

Hardnose oil collector

The oil collector on the hard nose is plumbed to allow oil flow back to the bar feeder. If flow is too high the bushing block devise oiler valve should be adjusted to limit the flow.



5.6 Pusher Drive Chain



Caution bar feeder and lathe must be emergency stop for belt adjustment

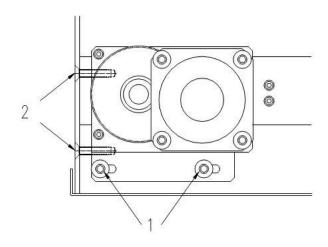


Warning properly trained personnel are required to adjust drive belt

The pusher drive chain is a roller type chain with a master link connected to the carriage. The chain runs the length of the machine contained inside of a channel. The chain is driven by a servo drive motor via gear reduction system opposite of the lathe for adequate torque production.

Anytime the drive chain requires adjustment follow the procedure below.

- 1. Place bar feeder and lathe into emergency stop.
- 2. Material may need to be removed form channel if the pusher cannot be moved without obstruction.
- 3. Open bar feeder hood.
- 4. On older Patriot models the front sheet metal requires lowering to access the locking screws. Later built models will have 2 holes in the sheet metal for access.
- 5. Loosen the 2 locking screws (1) for the tensioner.
- 6. Rotate screw (2) clockwise to tighten the chain for suitable tension. Warning do not set chain tension too tight, as this will stretch the chain and potentially lead to chain failure.
- 7. Tighten the locking screws (1).
- 8. Reattach front cover if removed earlier.
- 9. Close the bar feeder hood.
- 10. Reset emergency stops and test pusher operation with the hand held pendant.



5.7 Synchronization System

Caution Warning operation of the synchronization will move at random times during the automatic operation. Access covers to the synch device should always be in place during operation.

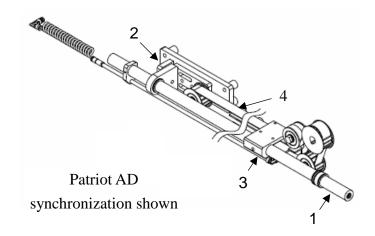
Caution belt adjustment should only be performed when bar feeder electrical power has been removed. Follow local, state and federal lock out tag out standards.

Description: The synchronization belt becomes the physical link between the lathe headstock and bar pusher. The lathe collet closure on the bar maintains the connection point of the material. The end of the bar material must be supported by the bar feeder collect which is attached to the end of the bar pusher. To maintain this physical connection point the bar pusher must move at the same rate and distance as the material. If this synchronization is not maintained bar and bar pusher separation will occur leading to issues such as insufficient material feed out and vibrations.

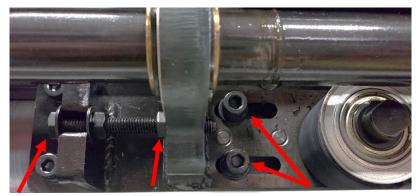
Operation: For installations on sliding headstock lathes a synchronization device may be used. A rod is linked to the moveable anti-vibration device mounted to the lathe spindle. This rod passes through the front plate of the bar feeder. Inside the bar feeder a piston assembly is attached to the rod. A timing belt passes through the piston assembly. The timing belt runs between two pulleys, one of which is attached to the same shaft as the front pulley of the bar pusher drive chain. When the lathe collet is closed an air solenoid valve turns on to supply pressure to the piston assembly. The piston assembly grips the timing belt. In this condition, every move made by the headstock Z axis is transferred through the synchronization device to the bar pusher to keep the bar pusher in sync with the lathe headstock.

Machines equipped with the axial shift feature will have 2 additional electrical switches to limit the total synchronization stroke. When the switch contacts are closed the bar feeder will be in emergency stop. The final positioning of the switches is performed during the installation process of the bar feeder. Once set the switch locations should not be moved.

1	Synch rod
2	Adjustment plate w/attached pulley
3	Air solenoid valve
4	Timing belt



- 1. Place bar feeder in emergency stop.
- 2. Remove front cover from the bar feeder.
- 3. Loosen lock nut (1).
- 4. Loosen the adjustment plate locking screws (2).
- 5. Rotate the adjustment screw (3) clockwise to tighten belt tension/rotate counterclockwise to loosen the belt.
- 6. Adjust belt tension to no more than 10mm of deflection. **Do not over tighten the belt.**Premature failure of the belt may occur.
- 7. Once the adjustment has been made secure the adjustment plate lock screws.
- 8. Tighten the adjustment screw lock nut.
- 9. Check belt deflection, readjust as required.
- 10. Install front cover.
- 11. Veify all tools have been removed and all machine gaurding is in place prior to resetting the emergency stop.



(3) Adjustment screw

(1) Lock nut

(2) Lock Screws

5.8 Channel Set Components

Caution when changing channel set be sure the electrical power to the bar feeder is off.

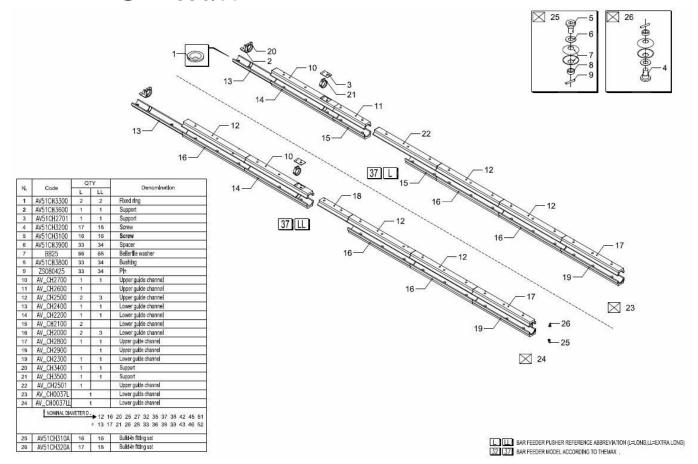
Warning proper channel set to material diameter is important.

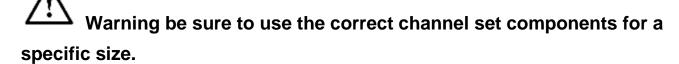
Damage to the bar feeder and or the lathe may result.

Warning all channel sections must be in position prior to operation. Machine damage will occur if channel sections are not in the proper position.

The channel set on the Patriot may be changed to a variety of sizes. It is important to note the material diameter to be used in the bar feeder fits in the proper channel set. Channel set components are specific to each channel set. Contact Edge Technologies for additional channel sizes and sets.

Guide Channel Sets	Pusher Diameter	Minimum Bar Size	Maximum Bar Size	Max. Bar Size With Front Remnant Expulsion *	
Ø 13 mm	12.5 mm	3 mm (.118")	10 mm (.393")	12 mm (.472")	
Ø 17 mm	16.5 mm	5 mm (.196")	15 mm (.591")	16 mm (.630")	
Ø 21 mm	20.5 mm	8 mm (.315")	16 mm (.630")	20 mm (.787")	
Ø 26 mm	25.0 mm	8 mm (.315")	22.2 mm (.875")	25 mm (.984")	
Ø 28 mm	27.5 mm	10 mm (.393")	25.4 mm (1.000")	27 mm (1.062")	
Ø 33 mm	32.5 mm	10 mm (.393")	28.5 mm (1.125")	32 mm (1.259")	
Ø 36 mm	34 or 35.5 mm	12.7 mm (.500")	32 mm (1.260")	35 mm (1.377")	
Ø 39 mm	38,0 mm	15.8 mm (.625")	35.0 mm (1.377")	38 mm (1.500")	





The channel set for the Patriot contains many pieces that must be placed in certain locations. The length of the channel section is specific to a region within the channel rail. It is recommended that 1 channel section at a time is removed and replaced with the conversion piece. All components with in a channel set is specific to the size of that channel set. Combining the channel; sets will not work properly and will produce poor bar feeder performance.

For available guide channel sets reference this manual or contact Edge Technologies for the most up to date information.

5.9 Pre-Run Setup Card

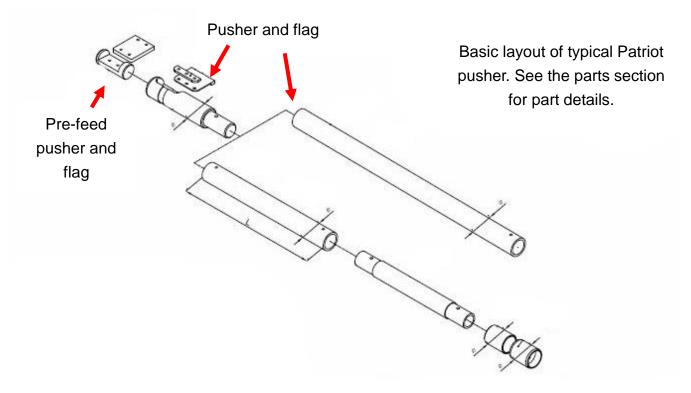
The following card may be printed, laminated, and placed near the Patriot. Great for the changeover tech.

	Pre-Run Setup			
\Rightarrow	Follow bar feed and lathe manufactures			
	instructions on machine changes			
\Rightarrow	All bar feed and Lathe safety's installed and			
	functional			
\Rightarrow	Air pressure set at 75-90 PSI (5-6 bar)			
\Rightarrow	Proper oil viscosity and oil level set			
\Rightarrow	Remnant tray empty			
\Rightarrow	Correct guide channels installed			
\Rightarrow	Correct pusher size and corresponding guide			
	channel installed			
\Rightarrow	Install corresponding lathe spindle liner			
\Rightarrow	Adjust roller steady (Only if roller steady used)			
\Rightarrow	Adjust movable roller steady (Only if roller			
	steady used)			
\Rightarrow	Install appropriate steady blocks for bar stock			
	diameter (If blocks are used)			
\Rightarrow	Install corresponding telescoping nose or hard			
	nose and appropriate inserts			
\Rightarrow	Correct collet for bar stock diameter installed			
\Rightarrow	Part program parameters programmed in bar			
	feed			
\Rightarrow	Bar stock loaded into magazine and positioned			
	to rear			
	EdgeTechnologies.com			

5.10 Pre-feed Pusher and Pusher

Caution do not replace pusher or pre-feeder pusher with electrical power applied to lathe or bar feeder.

Warning the correct pusher length must be used for the correct length of bar feeder or machine damage may occur.



Tech Tip - Care must be taken during the removal and installation of the pre-feed pusher screws. The pre-feed pusher attachment plate is countersunk therefore requires proper tightening of the attaching screws. With any countersunk screws, the holding torque of this type of screw is much greater than a socket head or button head screw. With a counter suck screw there is more surface area between the mating surfaces of the screw. This will act as a locking mechanism, especially if the 2 surfaces were clean of any oils. It is extremely important the screws and threads have been cleaned with denatured alcohol or some type of oil removing cleaner. A medium strength thread lock is recommended when installing the screws. **Do not over tighten these screws!** The screws should not be overly tightened. Doing so may cause issue when removing them.

If the pusher assembly is stuck in any location of the channel it is possible the short feed pusher screws have loosened and wedged between the channel chain guard and carriage. If the pusher will not move freely by the hand crank or by the servo the pre feed pusher attaching screws may

have backed out and created a wedge in the chain channel. This may require cutting the upper chain channel to remove the screws. Contact Edge Technologies for additional information

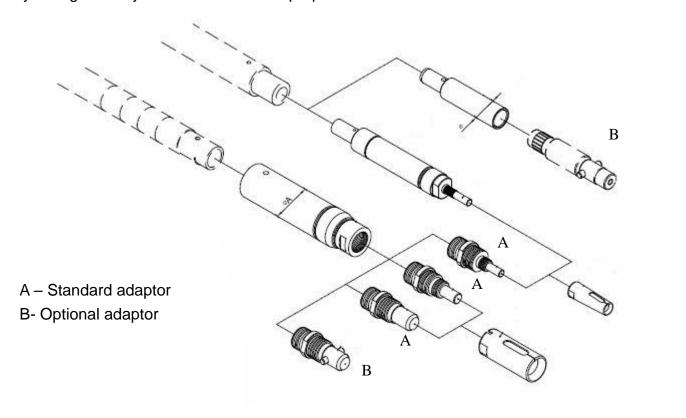
5.11 Rotating Tip

Warning the rotating tip should match the diameter of the pusher.

Running too small or too large of a rotating tip diameter will cause damage.

The rotating tip used in the Patriot is designed for many hours of operation. A few different tips sizes and collet attaching methods are available. The Patriot comes standard with 3 collet screw on tip adapters. An adaptor with a pin securement is available from Edge Technologies as well. Refer to parts section for part numbers and available sizes. The rotating tip diameter should be 1mm smaller diameter than the guide channel set.

The rotating tip is internally lubricated by the factory and normally does not require additional lubrication. However the rotating type does require proper oil flow with in the channel. This helps to cool the rotating tip and provide lubrication between the channel and tip. Some users operate the bar feeder with lathe cutting fluid or an aqueous based fluid. Edge does not recommend using anything but what is recommended in this manual for oil type. Rotating tip operating life may be significantly reduced without the proper bar feeder oil.



5.12 Channel Set

When changing the channel set it is important to remove then replace one item at a time. If you get ahead of yourself it may take longer setting up the new channel set. The channels pieces are directional and may be installed 180 degrees off.

Tech Tip - The rear lower channel piece at the home and extraction proximity switches uses 2 countersunk screws with a special washer to hold the channel in place. Be sure the washers are in place and properly tightened.

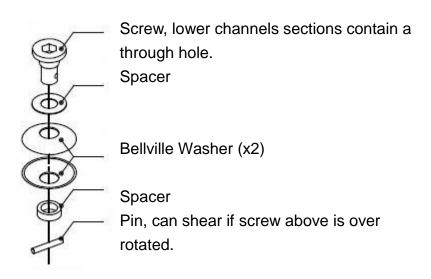


Countersunk washer required for lower, rearmost channel section. 2 required

Warning incorrect removal or installation of the channel sections will damage the retaining pin. Review instructions of channel section removal and installation.

Warning machine damage will occur if the lower channel is installed in the upper channel locations. This will keep the flow of oil from reaching the channel.

The lower and upper channel sections use a special retaining mechanism. It is possible to damage the engagement pin if incorrect installation or removal occurs.





Pin should be centered to shaft.

Replace broken and damaged pins.



Upper channel screw without oil hole.



Lower channel screw with oil hole, lower channels must always contain the mounting screw with hole. Be sure this oil passage is not clogged.



When installed the screw pin will be carful to not over rotate. Doing so will break pin.

Pin will stop at retainer stops.

5.13 Material Measurement sensor/Cutting sensor

Caution prior to inspecting the Material Measurement sensor/Cutting sensor place the bar feeder into emergency stop.

The material measurement or cutting sensor is an input to the PLC. When material is moved forward during the pre-feed bar change process, the end of the bar makes contact with a steel flap. This flap is moved away from the cutting sensor and triggers the PLC to determine the length of the bar based on the current pusher location. To reset the cutting Sensor flap back to measuring positon a small throttle valve is used to push the flap back into position. This valve is air controlled by the PLC.

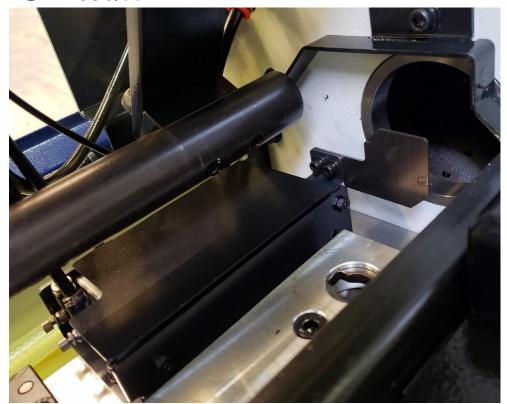
The resetting of this device is important to proper bar change cycles. If the material gate is unable to reset bar changes will not occur. Check for a bent flag or obstruction with the channel.

Note if the measurement sensor is in the wrong state of position bar changes will not occur.

Voltage is supplied via the Patriots 24volt power supply to the material flag sensor. The sensor output is sent to the PLC in detection of closing the switch, the sensor is of a PNP 24v, normally open type.

1—
2
3——————————————————————————————————————
7——————————————————————————————————————
4-8-00000000000000000000000000000000000
9—
A/D device shown

Cutting sensor return cylinder



Channel set has been removed.

5.14 Gripper Assembly



Caution the Gripper is a pinch hazard.

Caution the Gripper assembly is a moving component that should always be service with electrical power and air supply removed.

Caution place lathe and bar feeder into emergency stop when replacing gripper jaws.

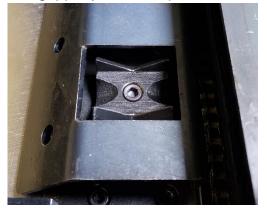
The gripper device is used to press material onto the bar feeder collet and remove remnants from the collet. Gripping force is determined by the air supply and not adjustable to the assembly. The gripper jaws are not adjustable however are replicable.

The gripper assembly is stationary and the amount of material insertion into the bar feeder collet is based on the pre feed positioning of the material. If the material is placed farther from the gripper, the correct amount of material will not be inside the bar feeder collet. This may lead to material and bar feeder collet separation. Thus causing additional issues.

Just the opposite may happen if the material is inserted too far into the bar feeder collet. If the material is placed passed the correct position for optimal insertion during pre-feed, the material may be inserted too far into the bar-feeder collet. If this happens the remnant removal may not occur due to the material is too far into the collet. This condition may cause a servo alarm during press upon. If the bar is not placed far enough the pusher collet could make contact when the channel is closed causing an alarm.

Adjusting parameter Page 12 <u>"First Feeding Distance"</u> to fine tune the press upon and press off performance.

Lower gripper jaw with replacable insert.



Upper gripper jaw with replacable insert.



The gripper assembly is designed to function with out any adjustments.



5.15 Shuttle - Extraction / Introduction Cylinder



Caution never adjust the air valves without being properly trained

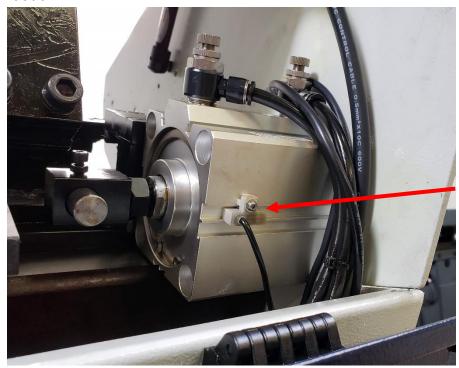


Caution Personal injury could result

The Patriot is equipped with a robust extraction and insertion system designed to provide exceptional durability. The operation of this cylinder is known as the shuttle.

During introduction of the bar feeder collet onto the bar end, the servo drive motor is engaged with the shuttle (air cylinder) moving simultaneously. The process is the same during the extraction step. The movement between extraction and introduction should always be fluid with the servo drive motor.

The air cylinder piston shaft is attached to the balance block. The balance block contains a spring loaded finger which fits into a cavity of the carriage (bar pusher bracket). This finger will move the carriage forward and rearward. The chain guide, once installed into the chain cover will cause the finger to slide down and allow the carriage to move forward the length of the bar feeder.



Shuttle - Extraction / Introduction Cylinder used in unison with the servo motor to press and extract material onto the bar feeder collet.

Pusher introduction sensor MS30, must be in correct position or incorrect or no cylinder operation will occur.



Spring loaded finger attached to the balance block.

The finger will sit inside the carriage pocket

Finger moves from this position back

The chain guide removed from bar feeder.

The finger will move under the chain guide at the point below as it moves forward. In the reverse the finger will engage the carriage pocket as moving in reverse.





Balance Block Forward

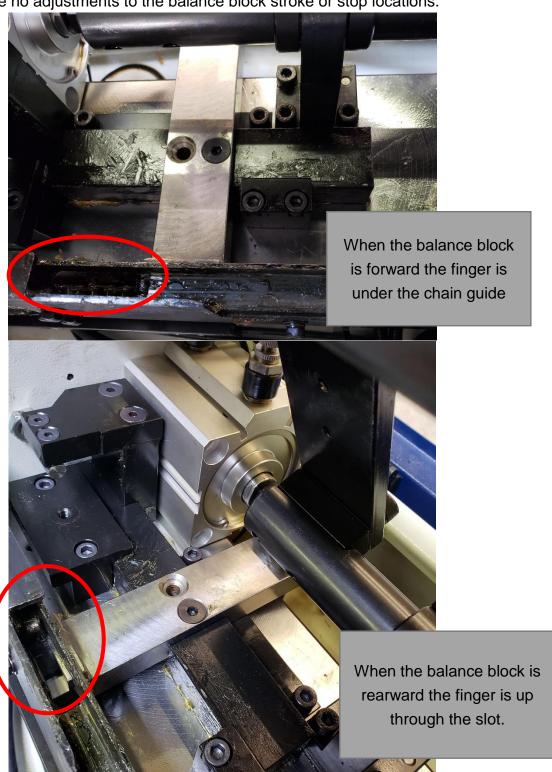


Balance block finger before moving under plate

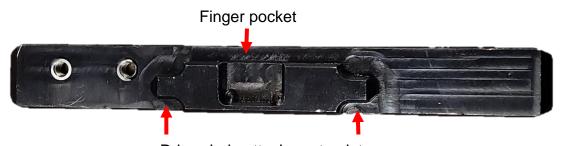


Balance block at the home position, full rear position.

The image below with the balance block in the installed position. The block is forward and finger is below the chain guide. The chain is not connected to the carriage for image purpose. When the balance block is moved back the finger will slide up in the opening and engage the carriage pocket. There are no adjustments to the balance block stroke or stop locations.



The carriage is the central work horse for the bar feeder. The drive chain attaches to the underside of the carriage and is pulled from end to end of the bar feeder by the servo motor. There is a machined pocket in the underside in which the finger attached to the balance block will be positioned.



Drive chain attachment points

Underside of Carriage

On the top side of the carriage the pre feed pusher is screwed in, while the long pusher flag sits into a machined pocket. It is very important that the attaching screws of the pre feed pusher are properly cleaned and a medium thread lock is used. The pusher flag screws should be checked for proper tightness.



Pre feed pusher pocket

Long feed Pusher pocket

Topside of Carriage

5.16 Channel Lock system

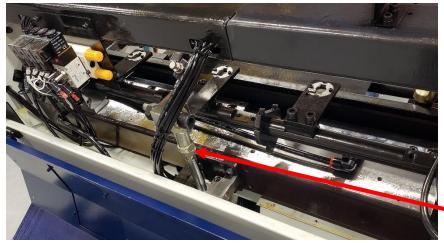
The channel lock system on the Patriot keeps the channel from being forced open during production. As the bar is rotated and the channel is filled with pressurized oil, this pressure could force the channel open.

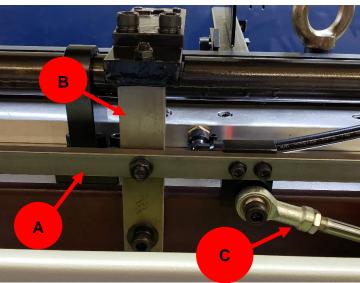
A pneumatic cylinder controls the opening and closing of the lock mechanism.



Channel is open and unlocked, channel is removed

Channel lock/unlock cylinder





The 8ft Patriot does not use the lock linkage. The channel open close cylinder is used to hold the channel closed. The amount of strees on the channel on this shorter bar feeder is substantionally less. On the 12ft Patriot when the channel is in the closed the cylinder moves the connector rod (A) which is attached to the support plate (B) into a mechanical lock so the channel will not open. Channel lock/unlock cylinder (C)

5.17 Material Standards and Requirements

Caution the ends of the bar should be relatively straight to the diameter of the bar to help ensure proper positioning of the bar as it reaches the facing position and to keep the bar pusher from sliding off the bar while feeding the material. In most cases chamfering the lathe side of the bar is required and with spindle rotation at approximately 50rpms.

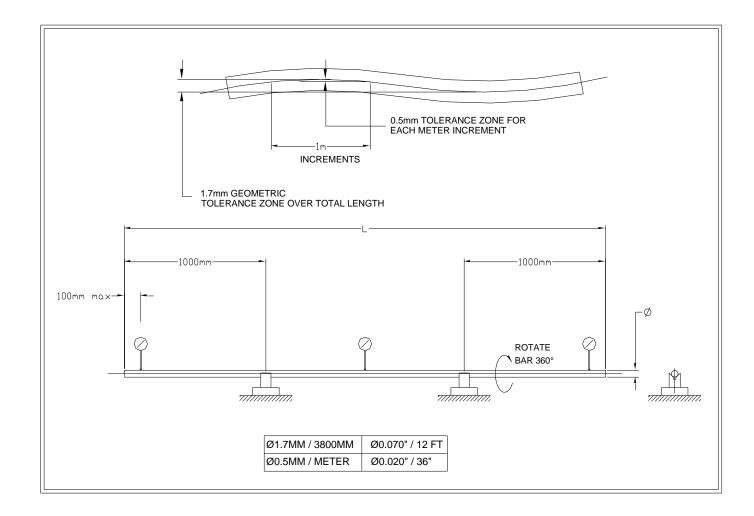
Material should be relatively straight and clean. A chamfer on the leading bar edge is highly recommended. While bent stock will not necessarily cause problems within the lathe spindle while turning, it may prevent loading if bar condition is such that the bar collides with the back of the lathe spindle or it binds while feeding into the spindle. Bars of small diameter may not pick up properly from the magazine if they are not straight. Excessive chips, burrs or dirt may cause binding within the spindle.

Straightness Requirements

Optimum performance of the bar feeder can only be achieved if the material to be run meets specifications for straightness. The maximum allowable bend in a bar is 0.5mm T.I.R. in a 1 meter section (.02" T.I.R per 3 foot section). This tolerance assumes a curvature over the length of the section and not a short kink in the bar. This tolerance is not accumulative. The tolerance for the entire length of the bar is 1.7mm TIR.

5.17.2 Procedure for Checking Bar Straightness (Reference ASTM B249)

- 1. Find a suitable surface to allow the bar to rest on V-blocks without any rocking movement.
- 2. Rotate the bar 360°. Record the dial indicator readings at each location.
- 3. Calculate both the tolerance for each meter increment and also the tolerance over the entire length of bar. Compare the recorded values to the required tolerances to determine the bar suitability for operation with a bar feeder.



5.17.3 Bar Stock Preparation

The bar stock must be free of burrs, chips and excessive dirt. Clean bars will extend the life of the channel guides and bearing unit of the pusher as well as the oil pump impeller. The bar ends should be relatively square to the length of the bar.

Chamfers on the bar ends are generally not needed except when the stock OD is close to the bar pusher OD. In this case the wall of the pusher collet is thin and has only a small lead-in chamfer.

Profiled material such as hex and square stock should have a generous chamfer on the bar feeder end of the bar. This chamfer will help negate the offset of the bar centerline to that of the bar pusher when the stock falls differently into the channel (corners up versus flats up). Chamfers on the lathe end of the bar are not usually required, only an edge break to ensure no burrs remain to snag on the lathe collet.

RPM Limiting Factors

Certain conditions may limit the lathe to less than full speed rotation of the spindle. Among these conditions are the following:

- Bent bars (bar stock with straightness of less than .5mm/1 meter.
- Bars with an irregular profile or shaped material.
- Improperly sized guide channel in relation to the bar stock diameter.
- Incorrect sizing of guide blocks or incorrect adjustment of steady rollers.
- Lack of support in the lathe spindle for the bar pusher.
- Characteristics of the bar stock (copper, brass, plastic etc.).
- Improper viscosity lubricant in the oil tank of the bar feeder.
- Unbalanced bar stock.
- Sheared bar ends.
- Non-concentric chamfered bar end when using an ejection collet.

These factors may work alone or in combination to cause a vibration that requires a reduction in the lathe spindle speed.

5.18 Vibration Troubleshooting Check List

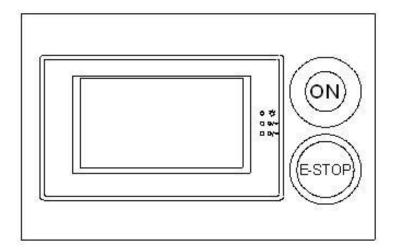
	VIBRATION TROUBLES			
Bar Feeder Model	Serial Numb	er	Lathe Model	
	TESTS TO BE CONDUC	TED AND RECORDS	ED .	
			Comments and Feedback	
 Material Type and Diameter 				
Bar Straightness	See attached .007"/ft)			
2. Surface Finish				
Bar Feeder Alignment				
1. Bar Feeder Alignn	nent and Fastened			
2. Spindle Adapter a	lignment and condition			
3. Nose Alignment &	Insert Conditions			
4. Steady Alignmen	t			
S MAND AC				
MAVD Alignment				
Guide Channel Diameter				
1. Revolving Tip Cor	dition			
1. Revolving rip con	altion			_
2. Pusher-Collet Rur	out			
3. Pusher Straightne	55			_
o. Table obeigning				
Spindle liner				
Tube concentric t	Journals (max .004" or .1mm TIR)			
	-			
2. Fit with Spindle I.I).			
Lathe influencing Factors				
Lathe Stability (no.	t rocking on its pads)			
2. Work-Holding Rui	out & chuck pressure			
	200 200 1 1 2 2			
3. Guide Bushing Co	ndition (Swiss Lathe)			
	Additional Com	ments		
echnician's Name and Signature				
EDGE Bar Feede	rs ~ 11600 Adie Road, St.Louis.	MO 63043 ~ P: 314	-692-8388, F: 314-692-5152	

6. Control Operation and HMI Description

6.1 HMI Operation Description

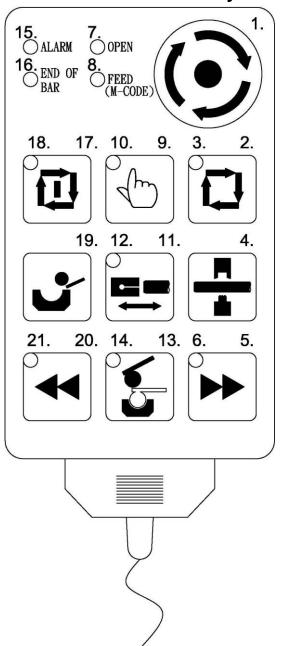
Warning proper training is required for bar feeder operators. A lack of training may lead to personal or machine damage.

The HMI is a microprocessor based, touch screen unit that receives the user input commands directly through the touch screen. There are many obvious defined buttons or keys when pressed an action of some type appears on screen. There are undefined buttons or keys when a value or description is pressed an action of some type appears on screen. Understanding this function of the HMI will help you in operating the bar feeder.



Do not use harsh cleaning chemicals on the HMI screen. Clean the screen with the power off. Use of a micro fiber cloth towel and denatured alcohol is permissible.

6.2 Handheld Pendant Layout



NO.	Function		
1.	Emergency STOP		
2.	Pre Auto		
3.	Pre Auto light		
4.	Manual clamping		
	Manual advance		
5.	(Right)		
	Manual retreat (Left)		
6.	Origin point light (Left)		
7.	Chuck open light		
8.	Allow feeding on		
9.	Manual mode		
10.	Manual mode light		
11.	Manual Gripping in/out		
12.	Pusher extracted		
13.	Manual channel		
13.	open/close		
14.	Channel down light		
15.	Alarm light		
16.	Bar end		
17.	Automatic start		
18.	Automatic start light		
19.	Manual loading		
	Manual advance		
20.	(Right)		
	Manual retreat (Left)		
21.	+Z light (Left)		

6.3 Power up:

To Power Up and Place the Bar Feeder In Automatic (must have bar stock loaded in bar feeder and lathe ready for production)

- 1. Turn on the main switch on the bar feeder electrical cabinet.
- 2. Check to make sure the emergency stop buttons on the pendant and the main control panel are released.
- 3. Press and hold the green on button on the main control cabinet. The green button will light when the bar feeder is on.
- 4. Close the collet on the lathe.
- 5. Press the Automatic button on the touch screen to place the bar feeder in automatic mode. (The guide channel must be closed before pressing the Automatic button or the bar feeder will not change to Automatic)

To Power Up After An Alarm:

- 1. Check the alarm message, there will be details about the alarm.
- 2. Clear the cause of the alarm.
- 3. Press the green start button on the HMI (main control panel of the bar feeder).
- 4. It is possible to have more than one alarm at a time. If a second alarm is active it will show on the display after the first alarm is cleared.
- 5. If the bar feeder experiences a fault during the process of changing bars the guide channels must restored to the fully opened or closed position after the bar feeder is restarted.
- 6. Before the guide channel can be opened or closed the pusher must be in the extracted position (Rear arrow LED is ON).
- 7. When the guide channel is closed the pusher must be in the introduction position (LED on the rear button OFF) before the pusher can move forward.

6.4 Basic Movement Functions

Warning proper training is required for bar feeder operators. A lack of training may lead to personal or machine damage.



Warning be sure lathe is ready for bar feeder operation

(When the lathe on the left, the motion of and are opposite). Advance at low-speed, press and . Retreat at low-speed, press and .



Warning complete understanding of machine operation is required

(6.4.3) Automatic work operation



Warning be sure if material is in the bar feeder that lathe tooling is out of the way of the bar if it moves into the lathe tooling area.

(6.4.4) Resetting the Bar Feeder Home Position

When guide channel up/down light is on move the pusher at least 16 inches from the home position. Press and simultaneously for 8 seconds to begin resetting the bar feeder home position.

When the pusher begins to move after the 8 second delay, release the jog buttons. The HMI will display a message indicating the zero procedure is in progress.

The PS1 switch will turn on and the HMI will display a message indicating the zero position procedure is complete.

This procedure should be done anytime the bar feeder fails to properly reach a position or alarms during pusher movement to a specific position.

On occasion it may be necessary to perform a re-zero procedure on the Patriot. On **software versions 93-95.1 the following procedure should be used to re-zero the bar pusher.**



Caution only trained operators are to perform a re-zeroing procedure.

Caution do not use hands or fingers to trip cutting sensor. Use a chicken stick to trip the cutting sensor flag.

Caution when the hood switch has been by-passed during the rezero procedure using the "Bar Off" feature.

Warning this procedure requires access to the factory parameters.

Contact Edge Technologies for further information.

- **1.** While the power is "On" on the barfeeder, move the bar pusher 1' away from the home sensor.
- **2.** Navigate to factory parameter screen page 26, parameter "Hard Stop Location" and verify set value is -3.5mm, If not set to -3.5mm.
- 3. Cycle power (Verify all lights inside the cabinet turn off completely before powering back on).
- **4.** Return power to the barfeeder, press and hold the green button on the main control box. When the button lights up, the barfeeder will turn to Manual mode. Reset lathe emergency stop if set during power cycle.
- **5.** From the manual screen select "Bar Off". Once the pre feed pusher moves press and hold the "gripper" button on the handheld. Holding the gripper button on the handheld will ignore any

alarms from the barfeeder regarding "no remnant detected" or "no new bar detected". Do NOT release the "gripper" button until the "Bar Off" cycle has completed.

6. After the bar pusher has completely stopped moving, release the "gripper" button and the zero reference will be complete. At this point, all issues regarding the loss of the home position should be gone and the barfeeder will be ready for production.

All positions to control bar feeder function are referenced from the zero position. Should the zero position shift the bar feeder will not function properly. To reset the zero position follow these steps:

6.5 Loading and Unloading Bar Stock

Warning proper training is required for bar feeder operators. A lack of training may lead to personal or machine damage.

Sequence to manually change bars

Retract the bar stock from the lathe guide bushing and open the lathe collet. Make sure the lathe tools are clear of the guide bushing for the new bar to come in. The procedure below is for bar feeder feeding left to right.

- 1. Press and hold the Reverse Jog button until the pusher is fully retracted to home position.
- 2. Press the Grippers button to close the grippers on the bar stock.
- 3. Press the extraction button to activate the air cylinder to pull the pusher off the material. The LED on the button will light when the carriage is pulled back to the rear limit.
- 4. Press the Grippers button to open the grippers.
- 5. Press the Channel Open / Close button to open the guide channels. The LED on the button will light when the channels are fully opened.
- 6. Press the Pre-Auto button.
- 7. Press the Automatic button.

At this point the bar separators will drop a bar into the guide channel. The pre-feed pusher will move the bar forward to position and the grippers will close on the bar. The pre-feed pusher will retract. The shuttle will pull the pre-feed pusher to the rear limit. The guide channel will close. The shuttle will push the bar pusher forward onto the bar stock. The grippers will open. The bar pusher will advance the bar stock to the facing position and stop.

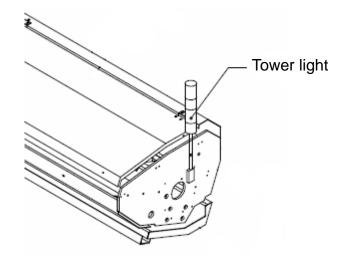
When this is complete close the lathe collet and use the headstock to move the bar through the guide bushing.

6.5 Tower Light

The indicator light provides quick visual indication of bar feeder status. The bar feeder PLC directly controls the operation of the tower light.

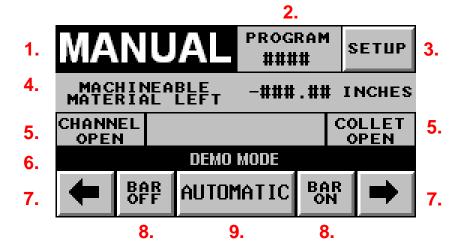
Status conditions below,

- Red light is on, bar feeder is in emergency stop.
- Green light is on, bar feeder is in machining mode.
- Green light is flashing, bar feeder is in bar change operation.



The tower light attaches to the bar feeder plate with 2 screws. The latest version of the tower light is an LED. If the LED fails replacement of the light tower is required.

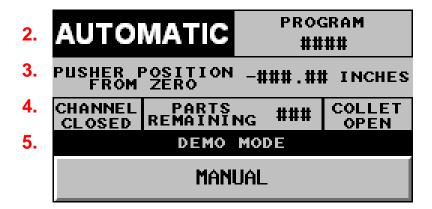
6.6 Description of the Manual Screen



The Manual screen has several information items and function buttons.

- 1) In the upper left corner is the mode status showing if the bar feeder is in Manual or Automatic mode.
- 2) The current program number is displayed next to the mode status.
- 3) The Setup button is located in the upper right corner of the screen. This button is used to access individual programs and parameters. Password may be required.
- 4) Below the mode status is a display of the remaining material that can be machined. The unit of measurement may be toggled between metric and inch by touching the value on the screen.
- 5) The next line has information areas to indicate the channel status and the status of the lathe collet.
- 6) The dark band below the channel and collet status display is a message banner that shows the current operation of the bar feeder. Demo mode is the current state of this image.
- 7) The bottom row of the screen has buttons for forward and reverse jogging of the bar pusher.
- 8) The Bar Off and Bar On buttons are next to the jog buttons.
- 9) A button to change the bar feeder to Automatic mode is between the Bar On and Bar Off buttons.

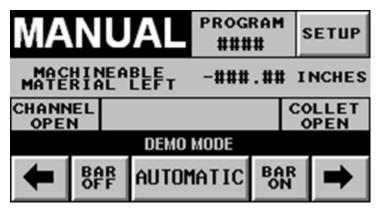
6.8 Description of the Automatic Screen



- 1) The AUTOMATIC screen has one function button to change to Manual mode and several information screens.
- 2) The top line shows the bar feeder mode status and the current program number.
- 3) The next line shows the position of the bar feeder from the zero position.
- 4) Below the pusher position is the status of the guide channel, the lathe collet and the number of parts remaining before the bar change.
- 5) The dark line shows the current operation of the bar feeder.

6.9 Loading With the Bar On and Bar Off Buttons

Caution do not use bar on if a bar is already in the bar feeder. Doing so will cause damage to the machine.



A new bar can be loaded by using the BAR ON button. The lathe collet must be open for bar on to function.



- 1. Press the BAR ON button.
- 2. The bar pusher will retract to the home position.
- 3. The grippers will close on the bar (if present, there need not be a bar in the channel at this step).
- 4. The pusher will retract and the channel will open.
- 5. A new bar will fall into the guide channel.
- 6. The pre-feed pusher will move the bar forward ahead of the pusher collet.
- 7. The pre-feed pusher will retract and the channel will close.
- 8. The grippers will hold the bar as the pusher collet is forced over the material.
- 9. The grippers will open and the bar will move forward to the facing position and stop.
- 10. Manually close the lathe collet. The bar feeder can now be placed in Automatic and machining may begin.

Bar Off

If the material in the channel is too long to drop through the remnant slot use the BAR OFF button.



- 1. Press BAR OFF.
- 2. The bar pusher will retract to the home position.
- 3. The grippers will close on the bar and the pusher will pull off the material.
- 4. The grippers will open.
- 5. The channel may then be opened with the Pendant control and the stock removed.
- 6. Close the channel, shuttle the pusher forward and then the BAR ON button may be used to load the machine.

7.0 Parameters and Program

Parameters can have a large impact on efficiency of the production process. A parameter value could lead to longer than desired remnants to inability to run nonstop production. Understanding the parameters and how to set them is important. Each parameter screen is listed and a detailed description for each parameter. Certain parameter screens are accessible only with a password. If access to a password protected parameter is required an you don't have the password contact Edge Technologies and speak with our service department.

7.1 Entering a New Program

The Patriot can store up to 36 individual program setups. Each setup will have a user chosen 4 digit numbers. This allows the user to repeat jobs on the bar feeder with only a few steps. Should the memory become full an individual job may be deleted to make room for the next or an existing job can be easily altered.

A template is made in the bar feeder during the machine installation that is pulled up each time a new setup is started. The template stores information such as the maximum useable travel of the bar pusher and the distance from the bar feeder measuring gate to the face of the lathe chuck.

1. Begin entering a new program by pressing the SETUP button on the Manual screen. The program menu will be displayed.

####	####	####	####	####	####
####	####	####	####	####	####
####	####	####	####	####	####
EXIT	EX	ΙΤ	Fact	ory	PAGE DOWN

NOTE: See section 8 for parameter descriptions or press the button in the left column and a description of the parameter will be displayed.

 Press a blank button. The screen for parameter 1 will be displayed. Press the value button for the Part Length 1 parameter and a numeric keypad will be displayed. This number should be equal to the overall part length plus the width of the cut-off tool plus facing stock.

Part Length 1	-###.## Inches	Pg 1
Feedout 1-1	-###.## Inches	
Feedout 1-2	-###.## Inches	Save All
Feedout 1-3	-###.## Inches	Page Down

The Patriot is capable of pushing and monitoring up to three separate distances per part by entering the individual feed distances in the Feedout 1, 2 and 3 parameters. The total value of the Feedout parameters should match the value in Part Length 1. Each Feedout parameter screen has a short and long feed safety setting to set allowable minimum and maximum pushing distances. Multiple feedouts per part may also be used without monitoring by entering the same value as Part Length 1 in Feedout 1-1.

Press the value button for Feedout 1-1.Page 1.1 will be displayed.

Feedout 1	-### . ## Inches	Pg 1.1
Short Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout: If using only one feedout per part, enter the same value as Part Length 1. If using more than one feedout per part, enter only the distance of the first feedout on this page and the other feedout distances on the appropriate parameter pages.

Short Feed Safety: If desired enter the minimum allowable feed distance in the Short Feed Safety parameter. This value should be at least 1mm less than the Feedout Distance. If the bar feeder's encoder indicates travel less than this value the bar feeder will alarm out. The function is disabled if the value is set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: If required enter the maximum allowable feed distance in the Long Feed Safety parameter. This value should be at least 1mm longer than the Feedout distance. If the bar feeder's encoder indicates travel in excess of this value the feeder will alarm out. The function is disabled if the value is set to zero.

Check 1st Part: This parameter allows the long and short feed safety values to be disabled on the first part after switching the bar feeder to Automatic mode or for the first part after a bar change.

- 4. Press the Back button to return to the previous page when finished with this page.
- 5. Press the page down button to access parameter Page 3.

Bar Dia	ameter	-###.## Inches	Pg 3
Facing Length	Collet	-###.## Inches	Page Up
Open Col	let Speed	#### IN / MIN	Save All
Open Coll	et Torque	### %	Page Down

Bar Diameter: Enter the diameter of the bar stock to be run. For hexagonal and square stock enter the diameter as measured across the points of the material.

Facing Length: This parameter allows adjustment to the stopping position of the new bar at the completion of a bar change. See section 8 for the complete description of the parameter.

Open Collet Speed: This parameter allows adjustment to the feeding speed of the bar stock in Automatic mode.

Open Collet Torque: This parameter allows adjustment of the pushing force of the bar pusher in the Automatic mode. The range is plus or minus 50% of the setting selected through the Bar Diameter parameter.

6. Press the Page Down button to continue.

Feeding Type	Turret Stop	Pg 5
Facing Type	Position	Page Up
Remnant Type	Advanced Return & Wait	Save All
Change Program Number	####	Page Down

Feeding Type Selects the method of feeding. Selections allow feeding to a hard stop on the lathe or feeding to a distance set by the Feedout parameters on parameter page 1.1.

Facing Type: Selects the type of control of the bar pusher at the end of the bar change. Choices are facing to a hard stop on the lathe or facing to stop at a set position.

Remnant Type: Selects the way the remnant is disposed of. Selections are Extraction, Ejection and Return and Wait. See section 8 for complete parameter descriptions.

Change Program Number: Allows the user to change the number of the current program.

7. Press the Page down Button to continue.

MAYD Close After Opening Position	Off	Pg 6
MAVD Opening Position	-###.## Inches	Page Up
MAVD Open / Close With Lathe Collet		Save All

This page allows control of the Moveable Anti-Vibration Device. Move the pusher just before the MAVD rollers. Note the distance read out on the HMI. This will be the open position.

8. Press the Save All button to exit the parameter screens.

NOTE: Not all screens may be visible. Screens may be turned off in the factory parameters per customer request.

Selecting and Editing an Existing Program

Press the SETUP button on the Manual screen.

Press the button for a previously entered program. A screen with the program number selected will be displayed.



Press the LOAD button to initialize the program.

changes.

Parameter Page 1

Part Length 1	-###.## Inches	Pg 1
Feedout 1-1	-###.## Inches	
Feedout 1-2	-###.## Inches	Save All
Feedout 1-3	-###.## Inches	Page Down

PART LENGTH 1: Used with Max Feed Position to generate an end of bar signal. Calculate the proper setting by adding the Length of part + Width of cut-off tool + facing stock. End of bar is generated when the encoder reads the position (Max Feed Position – Part Length 1).

Feedout 1-1: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 1-1 is the first of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 1-1 dimension button to access page 1.1 and additional options.

Feedout 1-2: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 1-2 is the second of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 1-2 dimension button to access page 1.2 and additional options.

Feedout 1-3: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 1-3 is the third of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 1-3 dimension button to access page 1.3 and additional options.

Parameter Page 1.1

Feedout 1	-###.## Inches	Pg 1.1
Short Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 1: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 1-1 is the first of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the first feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel before the first re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 1. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 1. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st **Part:** Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the first feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the first feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 1.2

Feedout 2	-###.## Inches	Pg 1.2
Short Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 2: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 2 is the 2nd of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the second feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel before the first re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 2. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 2. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st **Part:** Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the second feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the second feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 1.3

Feedout 3	-###.## Inches	Pg 1.3
Short Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 3: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 3 is the 3rd of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the third feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel after the third re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 3. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 3. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st Part: Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the third feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the third feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 2 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Part Length 2	-###.## Inches	Pg 2
Feedout 2-1	-###.## Inches	Page Up
Feedout 2-2	-###.## Inches	Save All
Feedout 2-3	-###.## Inches	Page Down

PART LENGTH 2: Used with Max Feed Position to generate second end of bar signal. This makes possible using the remnant to make shorter length parts after the end of bar signal is made. Calculate the proper setting by adding the Length of part + Width of cut-off tool + facing stock. End of bar is generated when the encoder reads the position (Max Feed Position – Part Length 2).

Feedout 2-1: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 2-1 is the first of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 2-1 dimension button to access page 2.1 and additional options.

Feedout 2-2: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 2-2 is the second of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 2-2 dimension button to access page 2.2 and additional options.

Feedout 2-3: Used when making multiple feed outs per part. Feedout 2-3 is the third of 3 possible feedouts per part. Parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the Feedout 2-3 dimension button to access page 2.3 and additional options.

Parameter Page 2.1 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Feedout 1	-###.## Inches	Pg 2.1
Short Feed Safety	-## . ## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 1: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 1-1 is the first of 3 possible feedouts per part. The parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the first feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel before the first re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 1. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 1. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st **Part:** Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the first feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the first feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 2.2 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Feedout 2	-###.## Inches	Pg 1.2
Short Feed Safety	-## . ## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 2: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 2 is the 2nd of 3 possible feedouts per part. The parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the second feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel before the first re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 2. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 2. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st **Part:** Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the second feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the second feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 2.3 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Feedout 3	-###.## Inches	Pg 2.3
Short Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Long Feed Safety	-##.## Inches	
Check 1st Part	No	Back

Feedout 3: Used when making multiple feedouts per part. Feedout 3 is the 3rd of 3 possible feedouts per part. The parameter is disabled if set to zero. Press the dimension button to set the length of the third feedout for fixed headstock lathes, or for the distance of headstock travel after the third re-grip on sliding headstock lathes.

Short Feed Safety: Sets minimum distance pusher can advance during feedout 3. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance at least this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Long Feed Safety: Sets maximum distance pusher can advance during feedout 3. On sliding headstock lathes the pusher must not advance more than this distance before the lathe collet opens. On fixed headstock lathes the pusher must advance more than this distance before the lathe collet closes. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Check 1st **Part:** Selects option to check or not check the long and short feed safety distances on the third feedout after machine goes into automatic mode and the third feedout after a bar change. Set to yes to check immediately, no to bypass check until second part.

Parameter Page 3 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Bar Dia	ameter	-###.## Inches	Pg 3
Facing Length	Collet	-###.## Inches	Page Up
Open Col	let Speed	#### IN / MIN	Save All
Open Coll	et Torque	### %	Page Down

Bar Diameter: Diameter of the material to be used. The control uses this information to set default values for the program.

Facing Length: Stopping point of the material at the end of a bar change and bar on sequence. This dimension is the distance between the measuring flag and the desired stopping point of the material to be loaded.

Collet / Chuck: There are two options for the facing length setting. Pressing the Collet/Chuck button toggles between the two options. This feature allows for two different facing positions for different chucking systems.

Open Collet Speed: Sets the speed of the bar pusher advance when in automatic with the lathe collet open.

Open Collet Torque: Sets the clutch force for the bar pusher when in automatic with the lathe collet open. The setting is expressed as a percentage of the default setting chosen according to the bar diameter parameter. Setting range is +50% to -50%.

Parameter Page 4 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Open Collet Timeout	####.#	Sec	Pg 4
Close Collet Timeout	####.#	Sec	Page Up
Open Collet Push Delay	####.#	Sec	Save All
Close Collet Push Delay	####.#	Sec	Page Down

Open Collet Timeout: Allows for the lathe collet to be open when the bar feeder is in automatic for up to the number of seconds set in this parameter. If the length of time is exceeded an alarm is generated. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Close Collet Timeout: Allows for the lathe collet to be closed when the bar feeder is in automatic for up to the number of seconds set in this parameter. If the length of time is exceeded an alarm is generated. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Open Collet Push Delay: Delays the bar feeder from pushing for the set number of seconds when the bar feeder is in automatic and the lathe collet opens. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Close Collet Push Delay: Keeps the bar feeder pushing for the set number of seconds after the lathe collet closes when the bar feeder is in automatic. The parameter is disabled if set to zero.

Parameter Page 5 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

Feeding Type	Turret Stop	Pg 5
Facing Type	Position	Page Up
Remnant Type	Advanced Return & Wait	Save All
Change Program Number	####	Page Down

Feeding Type: Selects the mode of feeding material in automatic. In feeding to a turret stop the bar feeder begins to push when the lathe collet opens and stops pushing when the lathe collet closes. The bar feeder will use the feedout lengths 1-3 if they are set.

Facing Type: Selects between modes of bringing a new bar to facing position and restarting the lathe at the end of a bar change. Choices are Position and Turret Stop. In Position mode the bar feeder advances the bar to the position set by parameter Facing Length and stops. In Turret Stop mode the bar feeder advances the bar to the position in Facing Length, then keeps pushing until the lathe collet closes. In both modes the cycle start signal is sent to the lathe when the Facing Length position is reached.

Remnant Type: Selects between modes of remnant disposal.

Extraction: The material is held in a finger collet. The remnant is returned with the bar pusher, the grippers close on the remnant and the pusher pulls the collet off the bar end. The grippers open and the remnant fall into the pan. The grippers close to check for the presence of material. If no material is found the channels open and the bar change continues.

Ejection: The material is pushed with an ejection collet. At bar change the pusher retracts to the home position, leaving the remnant in the lathe collet. The grippers close to check that no material is present and the guide channel opens. The bar change continues.

Return & Wait: This mode works much as the Ejection mode except that when the lathe collet closes after feeding the last part from the bar stock, the pusher retracts to home position. The channels open, a bar is introduced into the channel and the bar feeder waits for the part to be finished and a signal to begin the bar change sent to the feeder.

Change Program Number: Allows change of the present program number. Will not allow duplicating an existing program number.

Parameter Page 6 (Option) This page may be hidden in the factory settings

MAVD Close After Opening Position	Off	Pg 6
MAVD Opening Position	-###.## Inches	Page Up
MAVD Open / Close With Lathe Collet	Off	Save All

MAVD Close After Opening Position: Enables or disables the moveable anti-vibration device from closing on the bar pusher after it has opened to allow the bar pusher collet to pass through.

MAVD Opening Position: Sets the position for the moveable anti-vibration device open.

MAVD Open/Close With Lathe Collet: Selects between opening and closing the moveable anti-vibration device each time the lathe collet opens and closes or keeping the unit closed until reaching the MAVD Opening Position.

Factory Parameter Page 11

Max. End Of Bar COLLET	-####.## MM	Pg 11
Facing Distance COLLET	-####.## MM	
Max. End Of Bar CHUCK	-####.## MM	Save All
Facing Distance CHUCK	-####.## MM	Page Down

Max. End Of Bar - Collet

Fixed headstock lathes: Distance of bar pusher with the collet at the back of the gripping surface of the collet pads to the home position.

Sliding headstock lathes: Distance of the bar pusher from the gripping surface of the collet pads when the lathe headstock forward to the guide bushing.

Facing Distance - Collet

Fixed headstock lathes: Distance from the measuring flag (front gate at the end of the guide channel) to the face of the lathe collet.

Sliding headstock lathe: Distance from the measuring flag (front gate at the end of the guide channel) to the face of the lathe guide bushing.

Max. End Of Bar - Chuck

Fixed headstock lathes: Distance of bar pusher with the collet at the back of the gripping surface of the chuck jaws to the home position.

Facing Distance - Chuck

Fixed headstock lathes: Distance from the measuring flag (front gate at the end of the guide channel) to the face of the chuck jaws.

Factory Parameter Page 12

First Feeding Distance	-####.## MM	Pg 12
Oil Pump Shutoff Distance	-####.## MM	Page Up
MAVD Opening Position	-####.## MM	Save All
Headstock Type	Fixed	Page Down

First Feeding Distance: Sets the stopping point for the pre-feed pusher.

Oil Pump Shutoff Distance: Sets the position from zero for the oil pump to turn off.

MAVD Opening Position: Sets the position from zero that the movable anti-vibration device opens to allow the bar pusher to pass through.

Headstock Type: Selects between different types of lathes: fixed headstock, swiss headstock, sliding bushing.

Factory Parameter Page 13

1st Anti-Vibration Opening Position	-####.## мм	Pg 13
2nd Anti-Vibration Opening Position	-####.## MM	Page Up
3rd Anti-Vibration Opening Position	-####.## MM	Save All
4th Anti-Vibration Opening Position	-####.## мм	Page Down

1st Anti-Vibration Opening Position: Sets the point of opening for the 1st Anti-Vibration Device (also called the fixed steady roller). Position should be set 1-2 inches before the pusher collet reaches the steady roller unit.

2nd Anti-Vibration Opening Position: Not used on the Patriot Series.

3rd Anti-Vibration Opening Position: Not used on the Patriot Series.

4th Anti-Vibration Opening Position: Not used on the Patriot Series.

Factory Parameter Page 14

End of Bar Type	Off At Bar Change	Pg 14
Feed Confirm Signal Type	Not Used	Page Up
Pusher Feed Direction	Left To Right	Save All
Inch / Metric	Metric	Page Down

End of Bar Type: Selects between different modes of generating the end of bar signal. Choices are:

Off at Bar Change: Signal resets when the command "Bar Change" is received from the lathe.

Pulse: Signal is a pulse for a duration set in the parameter End Of Bar Pulse on page 16.

Latch: Signal comes on at the end of bar position and turns off when facing position is reached.

Double Pulse: Signal pulses when the end of bar position is reached and again when the facing position is reached. Signal pulses for the duration set in parameter End Of Bar Pulse on page 16.

Feed Confirm Signal Type: Selects between different modes of generating a confirmation signal for bar pushing. Choices are:

Not Used: No signal is output.

Finished Feeding: Signal is sent when the pusher finishes moving the distance set in the feed length.

Start Feeding: Signal is sent when the pusher begins to move.

During Feeding: Signal is sent when the feed out begins and stops when the feed length distance is completed.

Pusher Feed Direction: Allows direction of operation of the jog buttons on the HMI and Remote Pendant to be reversed to accommodate different lathe configurations. Choices are Left to Right and Right to Left.

Inch / Metric: Allows the input and display of the user parameters to be in Inch or Metric.

Factory Parameter Page 15

Bar Change Return Delay	####.#	Sec	Pg 15
Cycle Start Delay	####.#	Sec	Page Up
Impulse On Time	####.#	Sec	Save All
Impulse Off Time	####.#	Sec	Page Down

Bar Change Return Delay: Sets a delay in seconds for the pusher to begin the return to home position after the bar change command is received.

Cycle Start Delay: Sets a delay in seconds for the signal to the lathe that the bar change is complete to be sent.

Impulse On Time: Sets a length of time for the bar feeder to send a signal to the lathe to rotate the spindle during bar change. This parameter works with Impulse Off Time. Default is 0 deactivating the parameter.

Impulse Off Time: Sets a length of time for the bar feeder to turn off the Impulse On Timer during the bar change. The combination of these two parameters causes the lathe spindle rotation to pulse as an aid to inserting the new bar through the collet. Default is 0 deactivating the parameter.

Factory Parameter Page 16

End Of Bar Pulse	####.# Sec	Pg 16
Feed Confirm Pulse	####.# Sec	Page Up
Cycle Start Pulse	####.# Sec	Sæve All
Demo Mode	Off	Page Down

End Of Bar Pulse: Sets the length of time in seconds for the signal to remain on when the end of bar signal is set to pulse.

Feed Confirm Pulse: Sets the length of time in seconds for the signal to remain on when the feed confirmation signal is set to pulse.

Cycle Start Pulse: Sets the length of time in seconds for the cycle start signal to remain on.

Demo Mode: Activates or deactivates the demonstration program of the bar feeder.

Factory Parameter Page 17

Manual / Auto	Normally Open	Pg 17
Lathe Door Safety	Normally Open	Page
Lathe Alarm	Normally Open	Up Save
Feed Stop	Off	All
Lathe Specific	Off	Page Down

Manual/Auto: Allows the bar feeder to accept the Manual / Automatic signal from the lathe as either a normally open or normally closed signal.

Lathe Door Safety: Allows the bar feeder to accept the Lathe Door Open signal from the lathe as either a normally open or normally closed signal.

Lathe Alarm: Allows the bar feeder to accept the Lathe Alarm signal from the lathe as either a normally open or normally closed signal.

Feed Stop: Allows the bar feeder to accept the Feed Stop signal from the lathe as either a normally open or normally closed signal.

Lathe Specific: Special setting for specific lathes that use other than standard interfaces and special software.

Factory Parameter Page 18

Barfeed Alarm	Y30	Pg 18
Barfeed Auto	Y31	Page Up
Cycle Off Perm	Impulses	Save All
End Of Bar	Cycle Start	Page Down

Barfeed Alarm: Test button to check the operation of the output for Barfeed Alarm. Pressing the button will turn on output Y24 and relay R1.

Barfeed Auto: Test button to check the operation of the output for Barfeed in Automatic. Pressing the button will turn on output Y25 and relay R2.

Cycle Off Perm: Test button to check the operation of the output for Cycle Off Permanent. Pressing the button will turn on output Y26 and relay R3.

End Of Bar: Test button to check the operation of the output for End Of Bar. Pressing the button will turn on output Y27 and relay R4.

Y30: Test button to check the operation of output Y30 and relay R5. Y30 can be used for either a Cycle Stop signal or a Feed Confirmation signal.

Y31: Test button to check the operation of output Y31 and relay R6. Y31 can be used for either a 1st Cycle signal or a second End of Bar (End of Bar 2) signal.

Impulses: Test button to check the operation of the output for Impulses. Pressing the button will turn on output Y32 and relay R7.

Cycle Start: Test button to check the operation of the output for Cycle Start. Pressing the button will turn on output Y33 and relay R8.

Factory Parameter Page 19

Manual Feed	Lathe Alarm	Pg 19
Manual Return	Feed Stop	Page Up
Manual / Auto	Bar Change	Save All
Lathe Door Safety	Collet Open	Page Down

Manual Feed: Provides visual aid to check the signal Manual Feed from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X16 will also be on.

Manual Return: Provides visual aid to check the signal Manual Return from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X17 will also be on.

Manual / Auto: Provides visual aid to check the signal Manual / Automatic from the lathe. Button highlights when the Auto signal is active. Input X33 will also be on.

Lathe Door Safety: Provides visual aid to check the signal Lathe Door Safety from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X37 will also be on.

Lathe Alarm: Provides visual aid to check the signal Lathe Alarm from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X34 will also be on.

Feed Stop: Provides visual aid to check the signal Feed Stop from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X36 will also be on.

Bar Change: Provides visual aid to check the signal Bar Change from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X35 will also be on.

Collet Open: Provides visual aid to check the signal Collet Open from the lathe. Button highlights when the signal is active. Input X33 will also be on.

Factory Parameter Page 20

User New Program Password	####	Pg 20
User Load Program Password	####	Page Up
User Edit Program Password	####	Save All
Factory Password	####	Page Down

User New Program Password: Sets a password to be required before access to write a new barfeeder program is allowed. Default password is 0.

User Load Program Password: Sets a password to be required before access to load a new barfeeder program is allowed. Default password is 0.

User Edit Program Password: Sets a password to be required to allow a program to be edited. Default password is 0.

Factory Password: Sets a password to be required to access the factory parameters. Default password is 0.

Factory Parameter Page 21

User Page 2	OFF	Pg 21
User Page 4	OFF	Page
User Page 5	OFF	Up Save
User Page 6	OFF	All
Initial User Setup	OFF	

User Page 2: Allows User Page 2 to be seen and accessed in User parameters when set to ON.

User Page 4: Allows User Page 4 to be seen and accessed in User parameters when set to ON.

User Page 5: Allows User Page 5 to be seen and accessed in User parameters when set to ON.

User Page 6: Allows User Page 6 to be seen and accessed in User parameters when set to ON.

Initial User Setup: Used to set up the user's template for basic parameters. Max Feeding Position, Facing Position, Feeding Type, Facing Type, Remnant Type. These settings will be the default when the user begins to write a new part program.

Factory Parameter Page 22

Bar Change Return Speed	####	MM/SEC	Pg 22
1st Feed Speed 1	####	MM/SEC	Page Up
1st Feed Speed 2	####	MM/SEC	Save All
1st Feed Return Speed	####	MM/SEC	Page Down

Bar Change Return Speed: Speed of the bar pusher as it retracts to the home position at the beginning of a bar change.

1st Feed Speed 1: Speed of the pre-feed pusher as it advances until it reaches the slowdown position.

1st Feed Speed 2: Speed of the pre-feed pusher in the slow down position as it approaches facing position. This is the speed the pre-feed pusher uses in the pecking cycle.

1st Feed Return Speed: Speed of the pre-feed pusher as it retracts to the home position after completing the 1st feed cycle.

Factory Parameter Page 23

Facing Speed 1	#### MM/SEC	Pg 23
Facing Speed 2	#### MM/SEC	Page Up
Facing Speed Slowdown Distance	-####.## мм	Save All
Facing Return Distance	-####.## MM	Page Down

Facing Speed 1: Forward speed of the bar pusher during the facing operation until it reaches the Facing Speed Slowdown Distance.

Facing Speed 2: Forward speed of the bar pusher during the distance specified in the Facing Speed Slowdown Distance Parameter.

Facing Speed Slowdown Distance: Distance for the facing speed 2 and peck cycle to become active. This distance is measured from the facing position back toward the bar feeder.

Facing Return Distance: Distance the bar pusher backs up when the pecking cycle is active.

Factory Parameter Page 24

Manual Forward Speed	####	MM/SEC	Pg 24
Manual Forward Torque	###	%	Page Up
Manual Reverse Speed	####	MM/SEC	Save All
Manual Reverse Torque	###	%	Page Down

Manual Forward Speed: Forward speed of the pusher and pre-feed pusher when commanded to move via the jog buttons or through the input for Manual Forward.

Manual Forward Torque: Sets the amount of force developed by the clutch when moving the bar pusher forward in manual mode via the jog buttons or through the input for Manual Forward.

Manual Reverse Speed: Speed of the pusher and pre-feed pusher in reverse when commanded to move via the jog buttons or through the input for Manual Reverse.

Manual Reverse Torque: Sets the amount of force developed by the clutch when moving the bar pusher backward in manual mode via the jog buttons or through the input for Manual Reverse.

Factory Parameter Page 25

Collet Close Speed	####	MM/SEC	Pg 25
Collet Close Torque	###	%	Page Up
1st Anti-Vibration Closing 1st Feed	Ofi	•	Save All
			Page Down

Collet Close Speed: Speed of the bar pusher motor in automatic mode when the lathe collet is closed.

Collet Close Torque: Sets the pushing force for the bar pusher when the bar feeder is in automatic mode and the lathe collet is closed.

1st Anti-vibration Closing: When set to on the 1st Anti-Vibration device (steady rollers) will close as soon as the measuring flag is opened during a bar change.

Factory Parameter Page 26

Pusher Backoff Tolerance	-####.## MM	Pg 26
		Page Up
		Save All

Pusher Back Off Tolerance: Sets an allowable distance for the bar pusher to move backward when the bar feeder is in automatic and the lathe collet is open. If the pusher moves backward in excess of the setting an alarm is generated.

7. Maintenance

7.1 Maintenance Chart

Warning prior to bar feeder maintenance turn off 3 phase power to the bar feeder and place the lathe into emergency stop

 \triangle

Warning prior to pneumatic system service be sure to evacuate the system.

Observe the following guidance

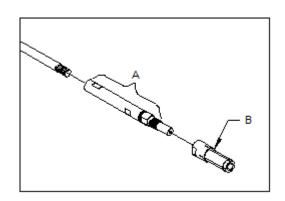
- For consistent operation of the bar feeder, please do maintenance checks regularly.
- The area around the bar feed should be kept clean to avoid safety issues.
- Using petroleum or other solvents may damage plastic components.
- Dust and or wipe down the bar feeder with a mild cleaner daily

				Frequ	ency	
Component	Action		Hours		Regular	Period
		200	1250	2500	200	1250
Collet	Check wear	•				
Guide channel	Check wear and clean		•			
Est Part 1916	Lubrication	•				
Feeding belt	Tension	•				
Air cleaner	Check				•	

7.1.2 Inspecting the pusher collet and revolving tip

Check that revolving tip (A) rotates smoothly and does not have excessive run out. If any problems detected the tip should be replaced.

Check that pusher collet (B) has the correct tension. The collet should press on a bar with some pressure required. The collet should be able to retain a proper length remnant. Inspect for cracks of pieces of material



missing. Replace as required.



Warning always use proper eye protection when working

with compressed air systems.

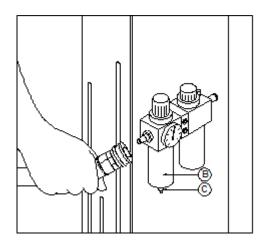
7.1.3 Inspecting the air regulator

- Check the bottle (B) for water.
- Press button (C) to exhaust water out of bottle.

Inspect for the following

- Air leaks
- Cracks
- Oil level ok
- Secure mounting
- Proper air regulation is set

Repair any issues above



7.1.4 Pneumatic System Lubrication

The pneumatic systems incorporates a self-oiling system into the air regulator. Adjustment to the oiler is made via the adjustment ring. Set the dial position based on the oil needs for the operating strategy employed for the bar feeder. The lower the number setting the less oil will be dispensed into the system.

Verify pneumatic system oil type in section 2.3.4

8 Troubleshooting

Caution troubleshooting and diagnosis of the bar feeder must be carried out by a trained and qualified technician. Contact Edge Technologies if a qualified technician is unavailable.

The PLC monitors various systems with in the bar feeder. When problems are detected with in this system an alarm code will be displayed on the HMI. The following pages will list the alarm number, the name of the alarm and the possible causes of the alarm.

8.1 Troubleshooting Chart

ITEM	Cause	Solution	
Unable to start the bar	Without power.	Check the power source.	
Feeder.	In emergency.	Restart.	
The bar feeder is reset but			
the bar feeder can't auto to	The lathe is sending signal.	Check the connection.	
start.			
Air devices are not	Compressed air is not	Check the air supply.	
functioning	present.	Oneck the all supply.	

Situation	Cause	Solution
	The material position plates	Adjust the material position
Material not loading into	are too low.	plates.
channel	Material lift plates missing bar	Increase bar diameter setting
	when raising.	on magazine.

Situation	Cause	Solution
	The adjustment of the clamp device is not correct.	Re-adjust.
Material is unable to be	The diameter of the collet and material are different.	Change to correct collet size.
inserted into the bar feeder collet	The end of the material is too rough.	Chamfering before loading material.
	The air pressure is without chamfer.	Check the pressure.

Material feeding failure

Situation	Cause	Solution
Material can't feed into the	The center of the bar feeder	Re-adjust the alignment
spindle smoothly	and the lathe isn't correct	Ne-adjust the alignment
Material can't feed into the	The front of the material is too	Chamfering before loading
chuck of the lathe smoothly	rough.	material.

ALARM 1 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET COMMUNICATION ALARM 1. HMI CABLE NOT CONNECTED TO PLC

-HMI Cable not attached to PLC- Check the cable from the PLC in the electrical cabinet (round black cable located on the front of the PLC next to the Run/Stop switch) to the back of the control panel (rectangular 9-pin plug connected to the COM 2 port).

ALARM 2 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET EMERGENCY STOP

- 1. RELEASE E-STOP ON LATHE
- 2. RELEASE E-STOP ON PENDANT
- 3. RELEASE E-STOP ON CONTROL PANEL
- 4. CHECK RELAY K41
- -Release E-Stop on Lathe- Make sure lathe is not in an alarm other than a bar feeder alarm.
- **-Release E-Stop on Bar Feeder Pendant-** The pendant E-Stop button will cause the relay R12 to turn off if the button is pressed. Check the relay.
- -Release E-Stop on Bar Feeder Control Panel- The e-stop circuit takes 24 volts DC through the Control panel e-stop button, through the R12 relay which is controlled by the Pendant e-stop button, through the JP2 jumper block to the interface, out to the lathe, back through the JP2 jumper block, to the green start button and to the coil of relay MC1.
- -Check relay K41.

ALARM 3 PRESS E-STOP THEN RELEASE PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

SERVO DRIVE ALARM

- 1. RELAY K41 NOT ENERGIZED
- 2 TORQUE SETTING EXCEDED
- 3. MAX TORQUE ON TIME EXCEDED
- -K41 not energized.
- -Torque setting exceeded- Reduce the Open Collet Torque on User Parameter page 3.
- **-Max torque on time exceeded-** Reduce the length of time the lathe collet is open when the bar feeder is in automatic.

ALARM 4 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

INVERTER ALARM

1. CHECK ALARM # ON INVERTER SCREEN

-Inverter Alarm.

ALARM 5 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

LATHE IN E-STOP OR ALARM

- 1. RESET LATHE E-STOP
- 2 RESET LATHE ALARM
- 3. CHECK WIRING ON INTERFACE
- 4. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X34)
- -Reset lathe e-stop.
- -Reset lathe alarm.
- **-Check wiring on interface-** Check for continuity between the wires for Emergency From Lathe (if used, check the interface drawing specific to the lathe).
- -Check input on PLC (X34)- The input should change state when the lathe alarm is turned on and off (if used, check the interface drawing specific to the lathe).

ALARM 6 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

AIR PRESSURE ALARM

- 1. CHECK AIR PRESSURE 6-8 BAR
- 2. CHECK AIR PRESSURE SWITCH PRESSURE IS CORRECT WHEN RED LIGHT IS ON)
- 3. CHECK INPUT AT PLC (X23)
- -Check Air Pressure 6-8 Bar- If the pressure is low; adjust the regulator to increase setting.
- -Check the incoming pressure to the bar feeder- Observe the pressure gauge while the bar feeder operates. A rapid decrease in pressure as an air cylinder operates may indicate low volume.
- -Check Air Pressure Switch (Pressure is correct when red light is on).
- -Check input at PLC (X23)- The X23 LED will be on when the signal from the switch indicates proper air pressure.

ALARM 7 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

OIL PUMP OVERLOAD ALARM

- 1. RESET OVERLOAD
- 2 CHECK OVERLOAD SETTING
- 3. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X27)
- -Reset Overload- The overload is attached to the MS1 relay. Press the blue button to reset.
- -Check overload setting- The setting range on the overload is from 1.2 to 1.6 amps. Normal setting is approximately 1.4 amps.
- -Check input on PLC (X27)- The LED should be off when the relay MC1 (Servo Drive) is on. Check for continuity between MC1/1 and MC1/2.

ALARM 8 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET PUSHER COLLET COULD NOT BE EXTRACTED FROM BAR STOCK

- 1. CHECK COLLET ID SIZE IS CORRECT SIZE
- 2 CHECK AIR CYLINDER FOR OPERATION
- 3. CHECK AIR VALVUE FOR OPERATION
- 4. CHECK FLOW CONTROLS ON AIR CYLINDER.
- -Check collet ID size is correct size- Check the collapsed ID of the collet.
- **-Check air cylinder for operation-** Operate the pusher shuttle without material in the collet to check for proper operation.
- -Check air valve for operation- Operate the pusher shuttle without material in the collet to check for proper operation.
- **-Check flow controls on air cylinder-** Open the flow control slightly (1/2 to 1 turn).
- -Check for kinked air lines running to the cylinder from the solenoid valve.
- **-Check output Y22-** Operate the shuttle and observe the output to make sure it turns on when commanding the shuttle to pull backward.

ALARM 9 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET **PUSHER COLLET COULD NOT BE** INTRODUCED ONTO BAR STOCK

- 1. CHECK COLLET ID SIZE IS CORRECT SIZE
- 2. CHECK FOR MIN. CHAMFER OF 3MM ON BAR.
- 3. CHECK AIR CYLINDER FOR OPERATION
- 4. CHECK AIR VALVUE FOR OPERATION
- **-Check collet ID size is correct size-** Check the collapsed ID of the collet.
- -Check for minimum chamfer of 3mm on the bar end.
- -Check air cylinder for operation- Operate the pusher shuttle without material in the collet to check for proper operation.
- **-Check air valve for operation-** Operate the pusher shuttle without material in the collet to check for proper operation.
- -Check flow controls on air cylinder- Open the flow control slightly (1/2 to 1 turn).
- -Check for kinked air lines running to the cylinder from the solenoid valve.
- -Check output Y22- Operate the shuttle and observe the output to make sure it turns on when commanding the shuttle to pull backward.

ALARM 10 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

CHANNEL COULD NOT OPEN

- 1. NOT ENOUGH AIR PRESSURE TO LIFT CHANNEL
- 2. BIND IN CHANNEL OPENING MECHANISM
- 3. PUSHER FLAG NOT LINED UP WITH OPENING
- 4. PUSHER NOT AT HOME POSITION
- -Not enough air pressure to lift channel- Check the air pressure gauge. Increase pressure with the regulator if necessary.
- -Bind in channel opening mechanism- Check for loose channel sections, alignment of pusher flag in opening, attachment of the air cylinder to the upper channel mechanism.
- -Pusher flag not lined up with opening- Cycle the pusher shuttle. Check the attachment of the air cylinder to the shuttle mechanism.
- -Pusher not at home position- Re-zero the bar pusher.

ALARM 11 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

CHANNEL COULD NOT CLOSE

- 1. NOT ENOUGH AIR PRESSURE TO CLOSE CHANN
- 2. BAR INTERFERENCE WITH PUSHER HANGERS
- 3. PUSHER FLAG NOT LINED UP WITH OPENING
- 4. PUSHER NOT AT HOME POSITION
- -Not enough air pressure to lift channel- Check the air pressure gauge. Increase pressure with the regulator if necessary. Open the flow control valves for channel close slightly.
- -Bar interference with pusher hangers- Check for material under the bar pusher. Material should be positioned with edge of the bar resting slightly on the edge of the guide channel.
- -Pusher flag not lined up with opening- Cycle the pusher shuttle. Check the attachment of the air cylinder to the shuttle mechanism.
- -Pusher not at home position- Re-zero the bar pusher.

ALARM 12 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

REMNANT OR BAR DETECTED

- 1. MOVE MATERIAL OUTSIDE OF GRIPPER AREA
- 2. GRIPPER SENSOR NOT DETECTED
- 3. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X7)
- **-Move material outside of gripper area-** Before the channel can open the gripper's first check for material in the grippers. If a bar is present it must be moved forward so the grippers will not close on it.
- -Gripper sensor not detected- Check the proximity switch on the gripper unit.
- -Check input on PLC (X7).

ALARM 13 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

MEASUREMENT FLAG NOT IN POSITION

- 1. FLAG STUCK IN DOWN POSITION
- 2 MATERIAL IMPEADING FLAG MOVEMENT
- 3. CHECK FLAG SENSOR FOR OPERATION
- 4. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X4)
- **-Flag stuck in down position-** Manually operate the measuring flag. Check for debris impeding the operation of the flag. Check the flag for damage.
- -Material impeding flag movement- Remove the material from the flag area.
- **-Check flag sensor for operation-** Manually operate the flag and check to see that the LED on the proximity switch turns on when the flag is in the closed position.
- **-Check input on PLC (X4)-** This input is operated by the S7 switch. The input should toggle with the opening and closing of the measuring flag.

ALARM 14 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

ZERO POSITION LOST

- 1. REZERO BARFEED
- 2. CHECK HOME SENSOR FOR OPERATION
- 3. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X2)
- **-Rezero barfeed-** Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.
- **-Check home sensor for operation-** Move the bar pusher back and forth under the home proximity sensor and watch for the LED to toggle on and off.
- **-Check input on PLC (X2)-** Move the bar pusher back and forth under the home proximity sensor and watch for the input X2 to turn on and off.

ALARM 15 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER COULD NOT REACH EJECTION POSITION

- 1. ADJUST MAX FEED PARAMETER POSITION
- 2. CHECK PARAMETER-COLLET OR CHUCK MODE
- 3. REZERO BARFEED
- **-Adjust max feed parameter position.** Verify the position.
- **-Check parameter collet or chuck mode-** Check the setting of this parameter, verify it is set correctly as the two parameters can have different max feed positions.
- **-Rezero barfeed-** Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.

ALARM 16 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER EXTRACTION COULD NOT START

- 1. CHECK PUSHER POSITION
- 2. CHECK ZERO PROX SWITCH
- 3. REZERO BARFEED
- **-Check pusher position-** The zero proximity switch must be on, the pusher position should read near 0.
- **-Check zero proximity switch-** Move the pusher back and forward under the zero proximity switch and check that the LED lights, check input X2 it should light when the proximity switch lights.
- **-Rezero barfeed-** Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.

ALARM 17 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER INTRODUCTION COULD NOT START

- 1. CHECK PUSHER POSMON
- 2. CHECK EXTRACTION PROX SWITCH
- 3. CHECK ZERO PROX SWITCH
- 4. REZERO BARFEED
- -Check pusher position- The zero proximity switch must be on, the pusher position should read near 0.
- -Check extraction proximity switch- Verify proximity switch PS3 is on, verify input X3 is on.
- -Check zero proximity switch- Move the pusher back and forward under the zero proximity switch and check that the LED lights, check input X2 - it should light when the proximity switch lights.
- -Rezero barfeed- Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.

ALARM 20 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

COLLET OPEN TIMEOUT

1. LATHE COLLET WAS OPEN LONGER THAN SET TIME ALLOWED IN COLLET OPEN TIMEOUT PARAMETER

-Lathe collet was open longer than set time allowed in collet open timeout parameter.

ALARM 21 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

COLLET CLOSED TIMEOUT

1. LATHE COLLET WAS CLOSED LONGER THAT SET TIME ALLOWED IN COLLET CLOSE TIMEOUT. PARAMETER

-Lathe collet was closed longer than set time allowed in collet close timeout parameter.



ALARM 22 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER RETURN TIMEOUT

- 1. PUSHER COULD NOT RETURN TO HOME SENSOR WITHIN THE TIME ALLOTED
- 2. CHECK FOR PUSHER IMPEDANCE IN CHANNEL
- -Pusher could not return to home sensor within the time allotted- Check pusher flag for damage, check bar pusher for protruding roll pins.
- **-Check for pusher impedance in channel-** Verify that channels are free of debris and are securely locked in place.

ALARM 23 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

NO REMNANT DETECTED

- 1. REMNANT WAS NOT PULLED OUT OF LATHE
- 2. CHECK FOR REMNANT IN LATHE OR GUIDE CHANNELAND REMOVE
- 3. CHECK GRIPPER SENSOR AND PLC INPUT (X7)
- -Remnant was not pulled out of lathe- Check the part length parameter and feed out sub parameters for correct settings. Part length should equal the actual part length + cutoff tool width + facing stock. Feed out sub parameters combined should equal the part length setting.
- -Check for remnant in lathe or guide channel and remove.
- -Check gripper sensor and PLC input (X7).
- **-Verify the Max Feed Position-** If the max feed position is set to a value higher than the actual position the lathe headstock may push the bar pusher off the material when retracting to re-grip for the last part.

ALARM 24 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

NEW BAR NOT DETECTED

- 1. LOAD BARS ON MAGAZINE
- 2 CHECK GRIPPER SENSOR AND ADJUST
- 3. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X7)
- -Load bars on magazine.
- -Check gripper sensor and adjust.
- -Check input on PLC (X7).

ALARM 25 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

LATHE COLLET CLOSED DURING BAR CHANGE

- 1. CHECK COLLET POSITION ON LATHE
- 2 CHECK INTERFACE
- 3. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X33)
- -Check collet position on lathe- Verify state of the lathe collet and compare to the bar feeder screen to see if they match.
- -Check interface- See interface drawing specific to the lathe, check connections for the collet open signal.
- -Check input on PLC (X23)- The input should toggle on and off with the opening and closing of the lathe collet.

ALARM 26 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET LATHE COLLET DID NOT CLOSE AFTER BAR CHANGE

- 1. CHECK SIGNAL FOR COLLET CLOSE 2. CHECK Y33 CYCLE START SIGNAL
- **-Check signal for collet close-** Verify that the lathe collet is not closed.
- -Check Y33 cycle start signal- Output Y33 and relay R8 should turn on briefly when the bar feeder reaches the facing position.
- -Check input on PLC (X23)- The input should toggle on and off with the opening and closing of the lathe collet.

ALARM 27 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET PREFEED PUSHER COULD NOT REACH 1ST FEEDING POSITION

- 1. CHECK SPINDLE FOR STEPS THAT CATCH BAR
- 2. CHECK PREFEED DISTANCE PARAMETER
- -Check spindle for steps that catch bar.
- **-Check prefeed distance parameter-** Setting should place the rear of the bar to rest slightly on the edge of the channel so the pusher collet will clear the bar when the channel closes.
- -Rotate the lathe spindle during the bar change- If possible, rotate the lathe spindle at 50 100 RPM during the bar change. Most lathes can do this through the bar change program. The bar feeder also has an Impulse relay that can be wired to the lathe to control the spindle revolution during the bar change (the lathe must have a provision for this signal).

ALARM 28 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER COULD NOT REACH FACING POSITION

- 1. FLASHING OR BURRS ON BAR
- 2. STEPS IN SPINDLE
- 3. COLLET TO SMALL FOR MATERIAL
- 4. MATERIAL TO LARGE FOR LATHE COLLET
- **-Flashing or burrs on bar-** The front of the bar must be at least burr free and should have a small chamfer.
- **-Steps in spindle-** A spindle liner may be required to provide a clear path for the material. A larger chamfer on the front end of the bar may help the material past the steps.
- **-Collet too small for material-** A collet that is too small for the bar stock can cause the front of the collet to expand to a diameter larger than the bar pusher and make it more susceptible to catching on a step in the spindle or telescoping nose.
- **-Material too large for lathe collet-** Verify the collet diameter versus the OD of the bar stock.

ALARM 29 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET AUTO SIGNAL FROM LATHE LOST DURING BAR CHANGE

- 1. CHECK SIGNAL FROM LATHE
- 2. CHECK X32 INPUT ON PLC
- 3. LEAVE LATHE IN AUTO DURING BAR CHANGE
- **-Check signal from lathe-** Switch the lathe from Auto to Manual modes and check the signal to the bar feeder.
- -Check X32 input on PLC- The X32 input changes state with the mode of the lathe.
- **-Leave lathe in auto during bar change-** Some lathes must be left in cycle to maintain the automatic signal. Turn of the single block mode and leave the lathe door closed during bar change.

ALARM 30 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-1 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING
 IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 31 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-1 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- -Set long feed value longer than feed out for part- The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 32 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-2 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 33 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-2 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- -Set long feed value longer than feed out for part- The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 34 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-3 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING
 IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 35 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 1-3 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- **-Set long feed value longer than feed out for part-** The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 36 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-1 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 37 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-1 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING
 IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- -Set long feed value longer than feed out for part- The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 38 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-2 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2. SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 39 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-2 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- -Set long feed value longer than feed out for part- The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 40 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-3 SHORT FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT SHORTER THAN SETTING
 IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET SHORT FEED VALUE SHORTER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- -Material feed out shorter than setting in parameter- Check open collet torque setting. Check lathe collet/spindle for debris. Check for impedance to the bar pusher.
- -Set short feed value shorter than feed out needed for part- The value should be set at least 1mm shorter than the part feed out.

ALARM 41 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FEEDOUT 2-3 LONG FEED SAFETY

- 1. MATERIAL FEEDOUT LONGER THAN SETTING IN PARAMETER
- 2 SET LONG FEED VALUE LONGER THAN FEEDOUT NEEDED FOR PART
- **-Material feed out longer that setting in parameter-** Tighten the pusher drive chain. Verify the pusher collet is fully seated on the material.
- -Set long feed value longer than feed out for part- The value should be set at least 1mm longer than the part feed out.

ALARM 42 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PUSHER REVERSE MOVEMENT DETECTED IN AUTO

- 1. CHECK LATHE IS NOT PUSHING OR PULLING MATERIAL BACK INTO BARFEED
- 2. CHECK LATHE COLLET IS NOT UNCLAMPING OR IS TO TIGHT AT COLLET OPEN
- -When the bar feeder is in Auto and the lathe collet open, reverse movement in excess of 4mm was detected.
- **-Check lathe is not pushing or pulling material back into barfeed-** Check the bar feeder synchronization device. Increase the dwell after the collet open before the re-grip.
- -Check lathe collet is not unclamping or is too tight at collet open- Clean and adjust the lathe collet.

ALARM 43 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

HOOD OPEN AT BAR CHANGE OR CHANNEL OPEN

- 1. CLOSE HOOD BEFORE START OF BAR CHANGE OR CHANNEL OPEN / CLOSE
- 2. CHECK INPUT ON PLC (X21)
- -Close hood before start of bar change or channel open/close- The safety switch on the hood sends a signal to the PLC input X21. Check the switch to make sure it is connected.
- -Check input on PLC (X21)- Observe input X21 while opening and closing the hood. The input should change state with the motion of the hood.

AI ARM 44 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

PREFEED RETURN TIMEOUT

- 1. CHECK SPEED OF PREFEED RETURN
- 2 CHECK ZERO SENSOR
- 3. CHECK INPUT (X2)
- **-Check speed of prefeed return-** The speed may be too slow to accomplish the return within the allotted time.
- -Check zero sensor- Verify operation of the sensor by observing the LED on switch PS2 and input X2.
- -Check input X2- X2 should light when switch PS2 lights and turn off when switch PS2 turns off.
- -Check for impedance to the bar pusher- Check for debris or protrusions in the spindle liner, telescoping nose and guide channel. Check for protruding roll pins on the bar pusher.

ALARM 45 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

CANNOT JOG PUSHER WITH COLLET CLOSED

1. OPEN LATHE COLLET

- -Open lathe collet- Verify that the lathe collet is open.
- -Check input X33- The input should turn on and off with the collet opening and closing.

ALARM 46 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

LATHE DOOR OPENED DURING BAR CHANGE

1. CLOSE THE LATHE DOOR

- -Close the lathe door- Verify that the lathe door is closed and the safety switches are enabled.
- -Check input X37- The input should turn on and off with the door opening and closing.

ALARM 47 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

NO BAR DETECTED DURING FACING

1. LOAD BAR INTO BARFEED

- **-Load bar into barfeed-** Place material on the bar feeder magazine before the bar change begins.
- **-Check operation and adjustment of the bar separators-** If the separators are not properly adjusted the bar stock may not fall into the channel.
- **-Check the measuring switch-** The switch is on the measuring gate assembly. Verify operation of the switch by observing input X4 as the measuring flag is opened and closed.

ALARM 48 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

FACING TO STOP NOT DETECTED WITHIN 250MM

- 1. ADJUST FACING POSITION SO FACE OF BAR STOPS 5 - 25MM SHORT OF TURRET STOP
- **-Adjust facing position-** Alarm occurs when facing mode is set to Turret Stop and the bar travels 5 25mm short of the turret stop or in excess of 250mm past the facing length.

ALARM 51 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

EXTRACTION COULD NOT START

- 1. CHECK \$2 SWITCH IS ON
- 2 REZERO BARFEED
- **-Check S2 switch is on-** Verify that the LED of the PS2 switch is on when the pusher reaches the home position and that input X2 is on when the LED of PS2 is on.
- **-Rezero Barfeed-** Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.

ALARM 52 PRESS AND HOLD GREEN BUTTON TO RESET

INTRODUCTION COULD NOT START

- 1. CHECK \$2 SWITCH IS ON
- 2 CHECK \$3 SWITCH IN ON
- 3. REZERO BARFEED
- **-Check S2 switch is on-** Verify that the LED of the PS2 switch is on when the pusher reaches the home position and that input X2 is on when the LED of PS2 is on.
- **-Check S3 switch is on-** Verify that the LED of the PS3 switch is on when the pusher is retracted to the remnant extraction position and that input X3 is on when the LED of PS3 is on.
- **-Rezero Barfeed-** Start with the guide channel closed and the pusher forward about 12 inches. Press and hold the forward and reverse buttons on the pendant. After 8 seconds the pusher will begin to move backward. Release the buttons. The pusher will move back to the proximity switch for zero and then stop.

Resetting Emergency Stop Safety interlocks (ESSI)

Caution the emergency stop switches must be set correctly to keep lathe and bar feeder from crashing together.



Caution all covers must be in place once adjustments have been



Caution the reset procedure requires proper training to do so.

In the event of operating the lathe headstock and bar feed outside the intended design envelop, will cause a bar feed safety interlock to engage. Follow the instructions below to reset the condition. This is usually caused by attempting to jog the headstock into the opposite mode of the bar feed position. Example lathe and bar feed in Swiss mode and operator attempts to move head stock into Chucker mode. This will cause the Emergency Stop Safety to engage on the sync rod assembly.

- 1. Identify the current bar feed and lathe mode of operation, Chucker or Swiss.
- 2. Remove bolt from bar feed sync rod.
- 3. Loosen locking nut at threaded rod and sync rod bracket and allow swinging out from the sync rod.
- Loosen telescoping nose retaining clamp at MAVD or headstock adaptor and fully collapse nose.
- 5. Be sure sync rod or telescoping nose will not make contact with headstock
- 6. Move sync rod away from end of stroke. Bar feed Emergency Stop Interlock should now be inactive.
- 7. Verify release by pressing green start button on bar feed.
- 8. Move head stock to appropriate mode based on bar feed mode.
- 9. Reinstall telescoping nose.
- 10. Reinstall sync rod bolt and tighten threaded rod nuts
- 11. Verify proper operation.

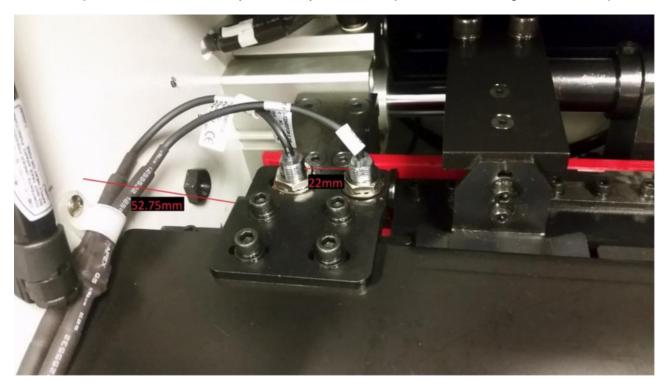
Patriot Setting of the S2 and S3 Sensor Plate

Warning remove electrical power and pneumatic air from lathe and bar feeder prior to setting or checking the S2 and S3 sensor plate.

A nominal value to use when setting the plate is 52.75mm from the vertical bar feeder plate to the rear edge.

Spacing between the sensors is 22mm

Once set perform a "Bar Off" cycle. Verify additional parameter settings for correct position.





Customer:	HMI Version
Bar feeder Model: S/N:	
Lathe Model: S/N:	
Service Technician:	PLC Version
Date:	
Distance From Lathe: Cente	r Height:
<u>Pg. 1</u>	<u>Pg. 1-1</u>
Part Length 1 mmin	Feedout 1-1 mmin
Feedout 1-1 mmin	Short Feed Safety mmin
Feedout 1-2 mmin	Long Feed Safety mmin
Feedout 1-3 mmin	Check 1st Part: Yes No
<u>Pg. 1-2</u>	<u>Pg. 1-3</u>
Feedout 1-2 mmin	Feedout 1-3 mmin
Short Feed Safety mmin	Short Feed Safety mmin
Long Feed Safety mm in	Long Feed Safetymmin
Check 1st Part: Yes No	Check 1st Part: Yes No



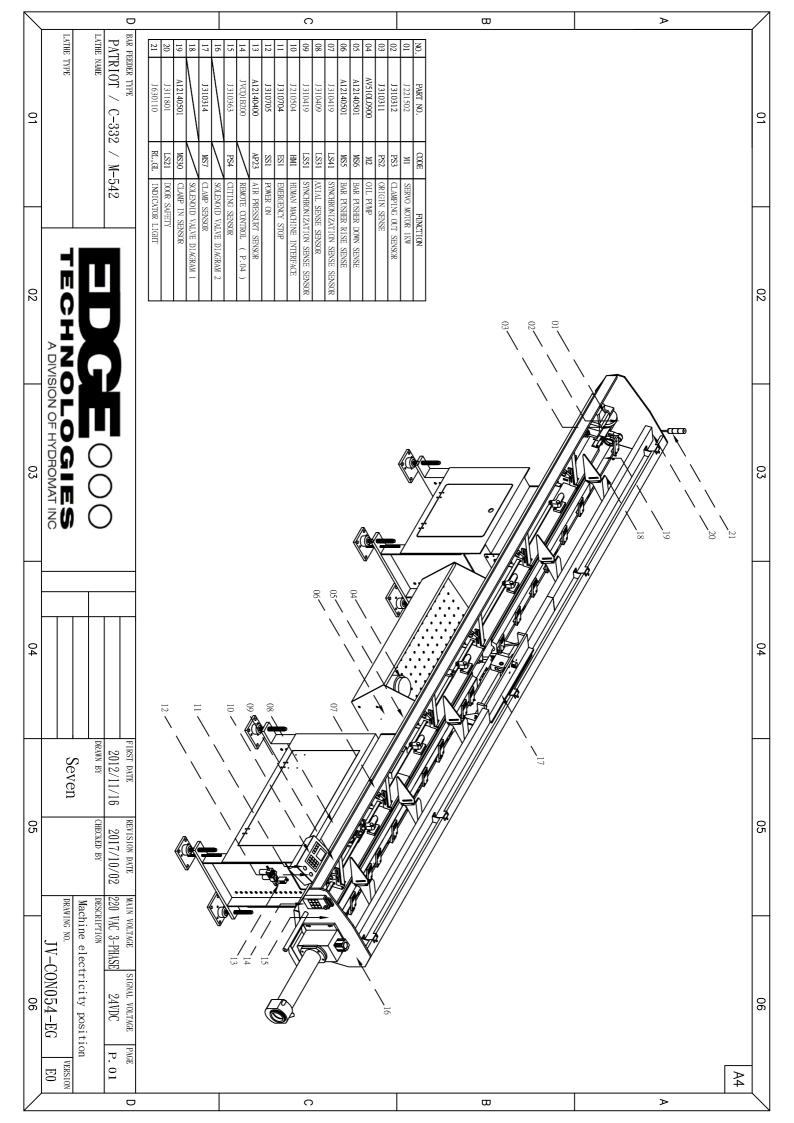
<u>Pg. 3</u>	<u>Pg. 4</u>
Bar Diameter mm in	Open Collet Timeoutsec0-60
Facing Length mm in	Close Collet Timeoutsec0-60
Collet / Chuck Collet Chuck	Open Collet Push Delaysec0-10
Open Collet Speedmm/secin/min	Close Collet Push Delaysec0-10
Open Collet Torque%	
<u>Pg. 5</u>	<u>Pg. 6</u>
Feeding Type Turret Stop	MAVD Open/Close with lathe collet_OFF
Facing Type	
Remnant Type	
Advanced Return & Wait	
Change Program Number	
<u>Pg. 11</u>	<u>Pg. 12</u>
Max. End Of Bar Collet	First Feeding Distance mmin
Facing Distance Collet mmin	Oil Pump Shutoff Distance mmin
Max. End Of Bar Chuck mmin	MAVD Opening Position mm in
Facing Distance Chuck	Headstock Type Fixed Sliding
	☐Sliding Bushing

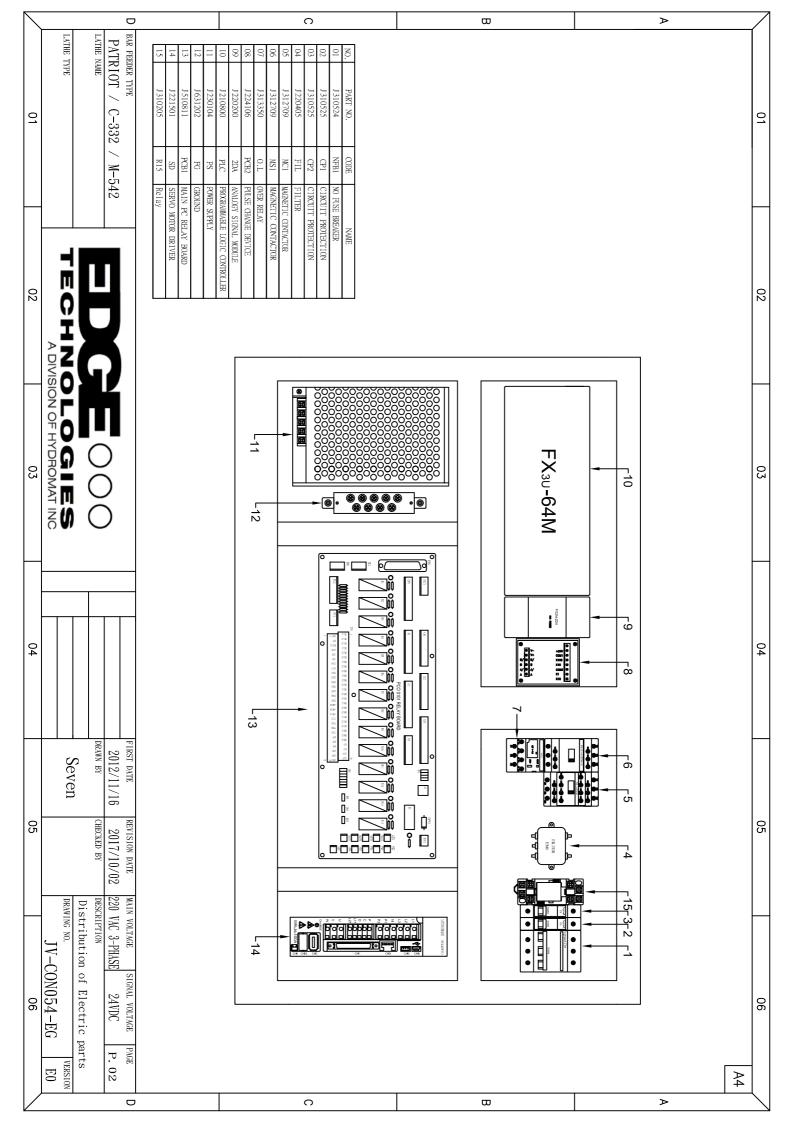


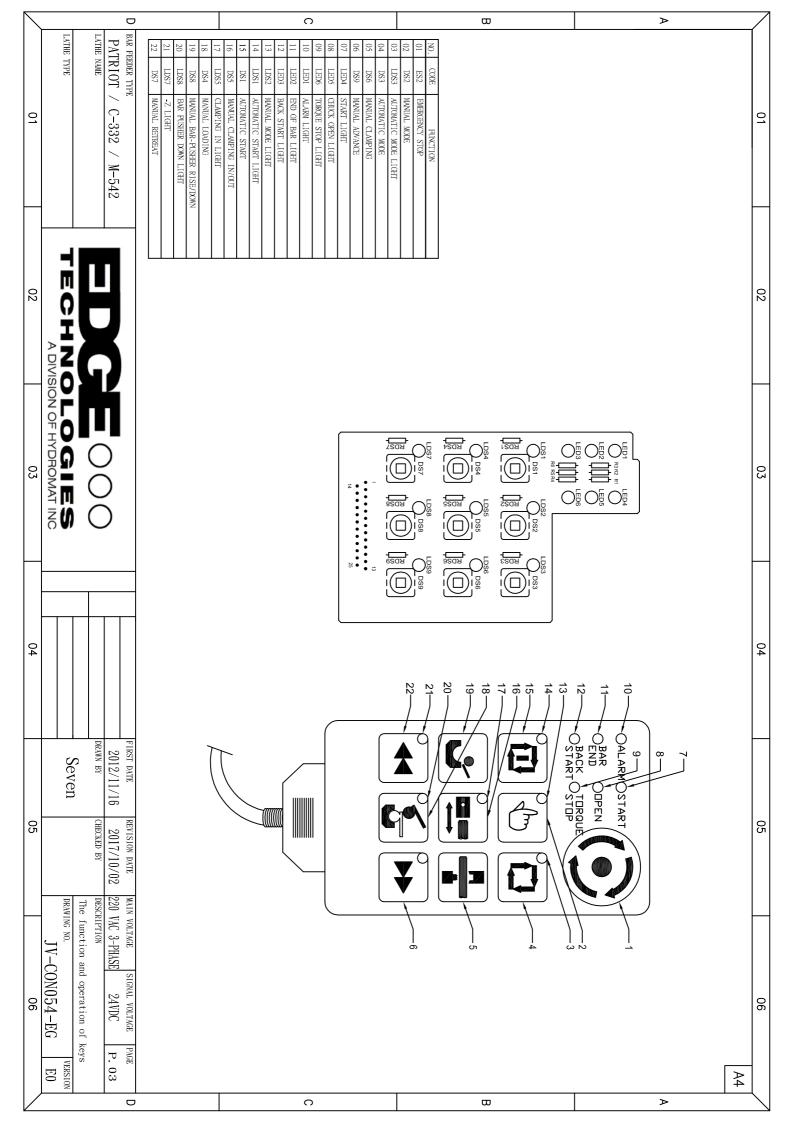
<u>Pg. 13</u>	
1st AVD Opening Positionmmin	Intentional left blank
2 nd AVD Opening Position mmin	
3 rd AVD Opening Position mmin	
4 th AVD Opening Position mmin	
<u>Pg. 14</u>	
End of Bar Type:	Latch Double Pulse
Feed Confirm Signal:	eeding Start Feeding During Feeding
Pusher Feed Direction;	t to Left
Inch / Metric:	
<u>Pg. 15</u>	<u>Pg. 16</u>
Bar Change Return Delaysec 0-10	End of Bar Pulsesec0-10
Cycle Start Delaysec0-10	Feed Confirm Pulsesec0-10
Impulse On Timesec0-10	Cycle Start Pulsesec0-10
Impulse Off Timesec0-10	Demo Mode: Off On
<u>Pg. 17</u>	<u>Pg. 17a</u>
Manual / Auto: Normally Open Normally	Closed Collet Open: Normally Open Closed
Lathe Door Safety: \square Normally Open \square Normally	Closed Bar Change: Normally Open Closed
Lathe Alarm: Normally Open Normally C	losed Feed Stop: Normally Open Closed
Feed Stop:	Pg. 18 No items to record
Lathe Specific:	Pg. 19 No items to record

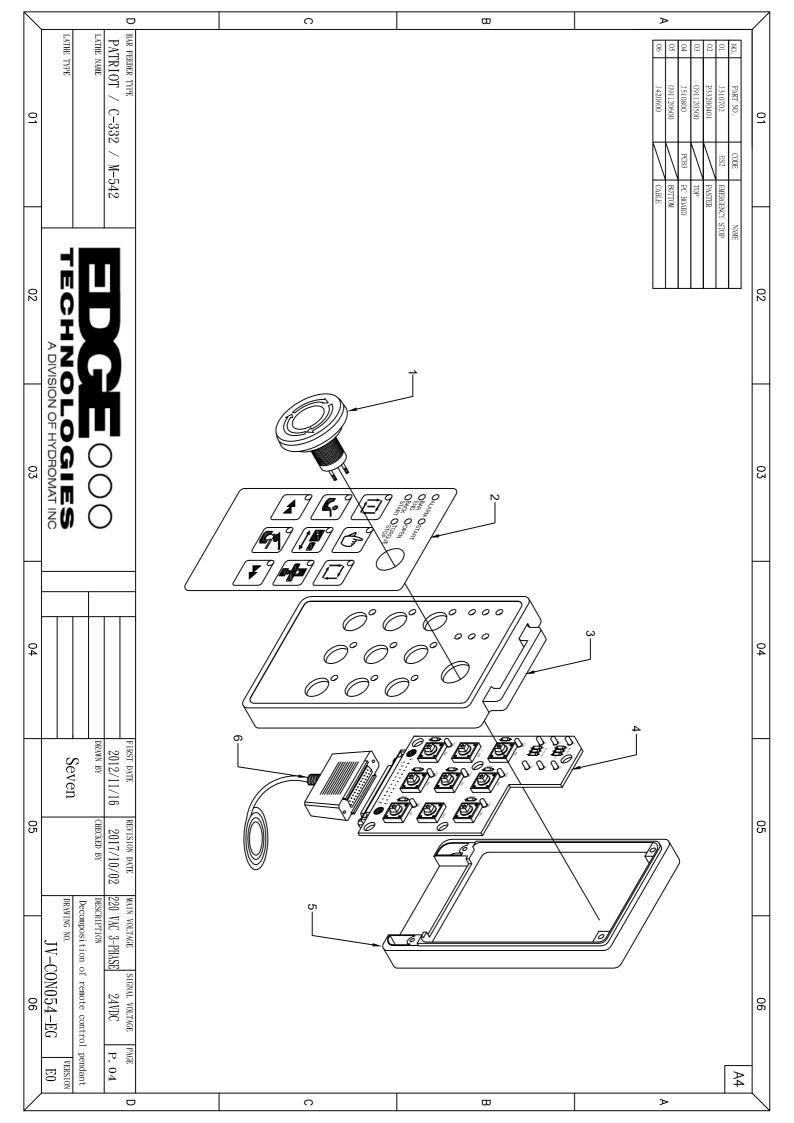


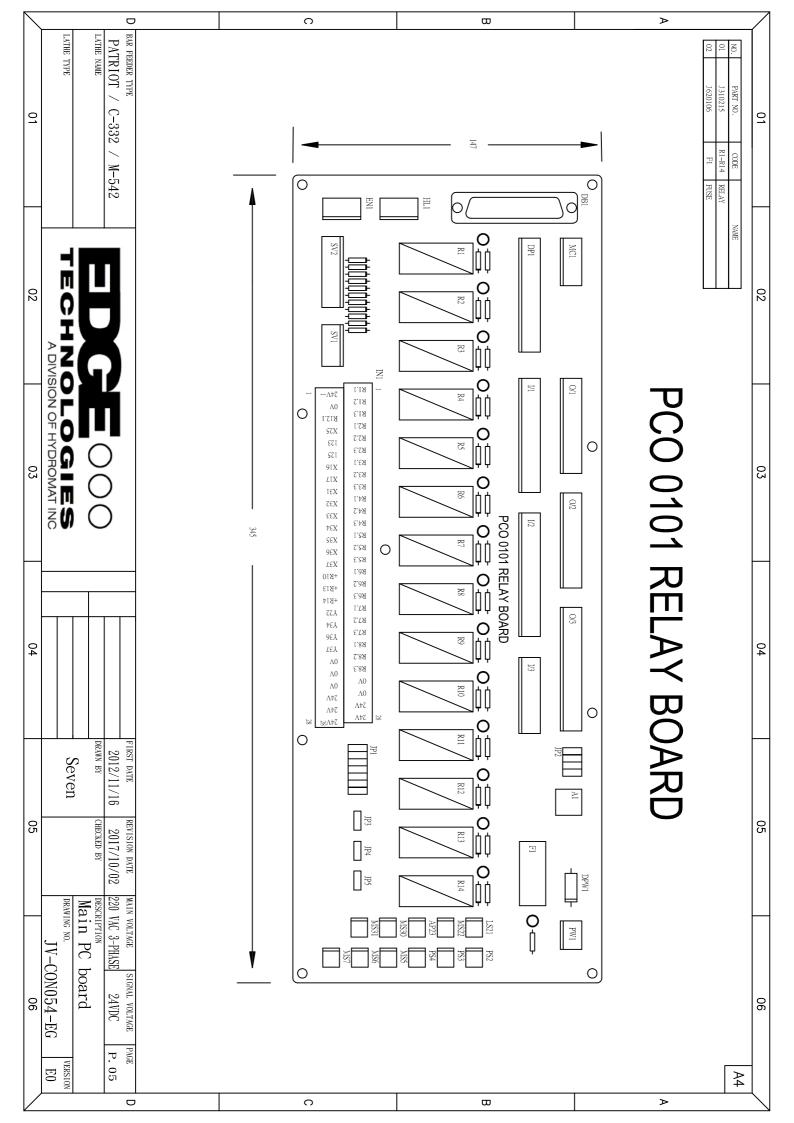
Pg. 20	Pg. 21 Note switch HMI to settings below
User New Program Password 0000	User Page 2
User Load Program Password 0000	User Page 3
User Edit Program Password 0000	User Page 4
Factory Password 0000	User Page 5
	User Page 6
	Initial User Setup Off On
Pg. 22	<u>Pg. 23</u>
B. Change Return Speed mm/sin/m	Facing Speed 1 mm/s in/m
1 st Feed Speed 1 mm/sin/m	Facing Speed 2mm/sin/m
1 st Feed Speed 2 mm/sin/m	Facing Speed Slowdown mmin
1 st Feed Return Speed mm/sin/m	Facing Return Distance mmin
<u>Pg. 24</u>	<u>Pg. 25</u>
M. Forward Speed mm/sin/m	Collet Close Speed
M. Forward Torque%	Collet Close Torque%
M. Reverse Speedmm/sein/m	1 st Anti-Vibration Closing 1 st Feed
M. Reverse Torque%	□Off □On
Pg. 26	<u>Pg. 28</u>
Pusher Back off Tolerancemm	Intentional left blank
Hard stop Location	

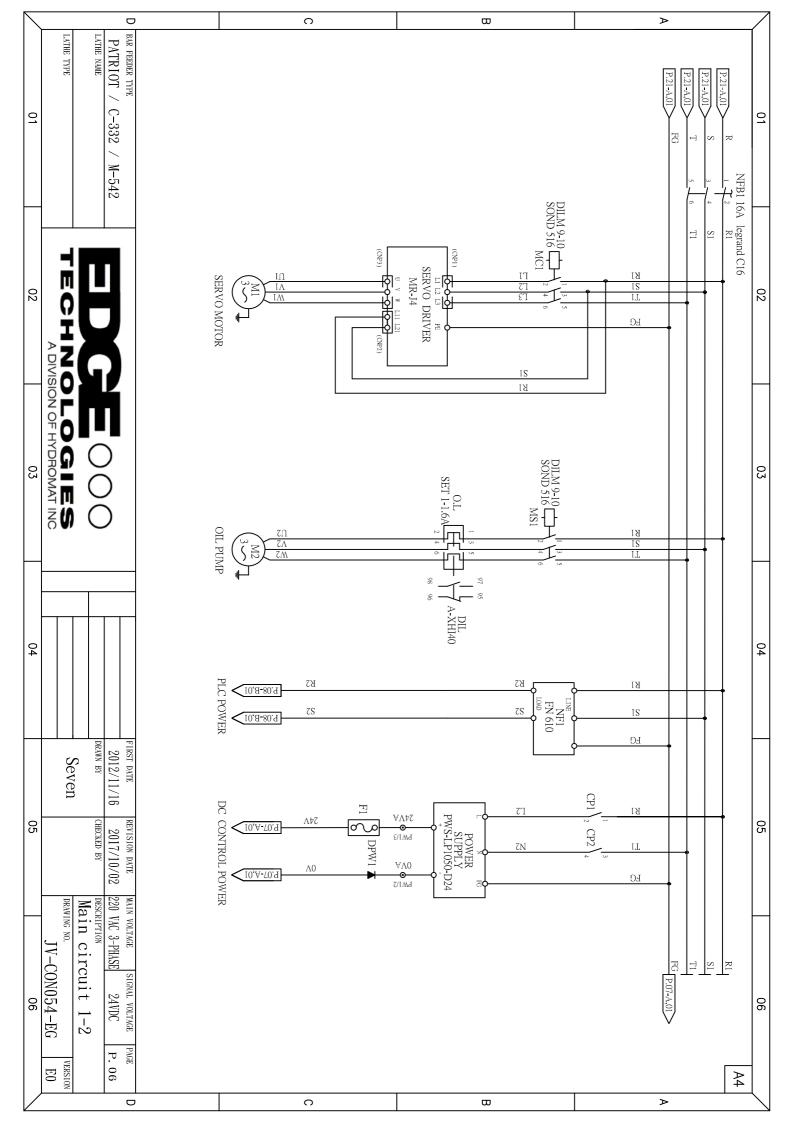


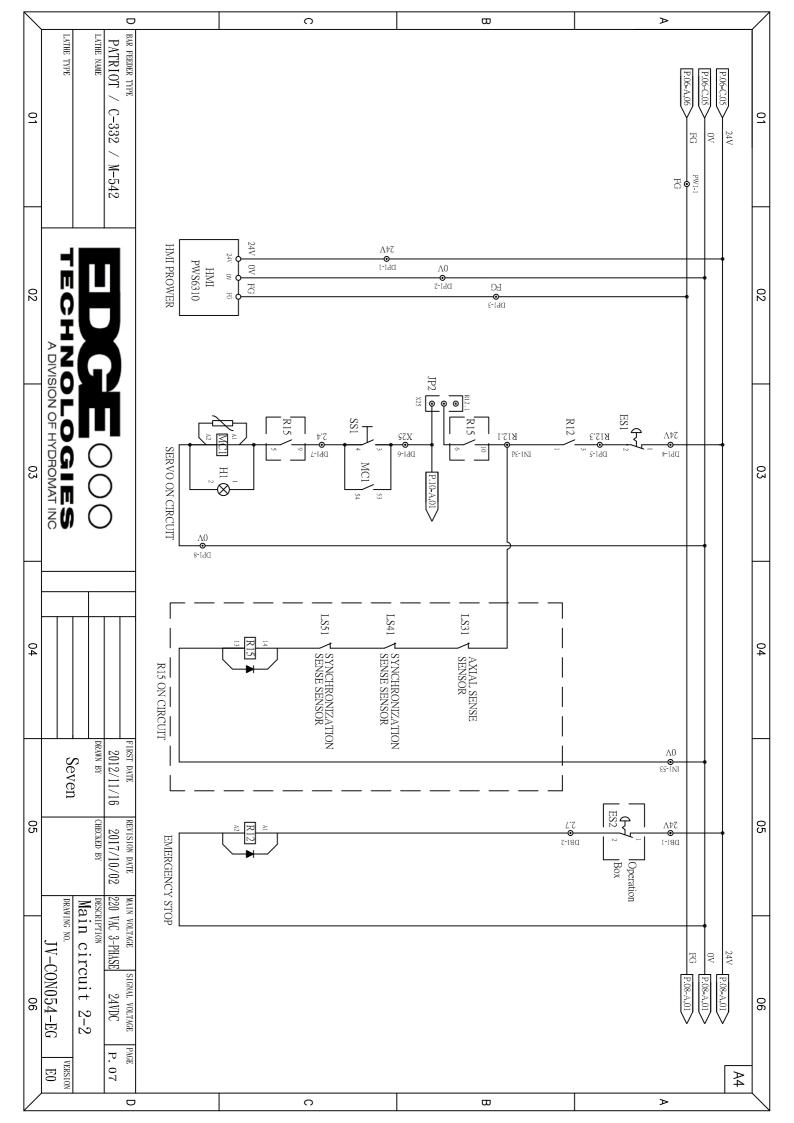


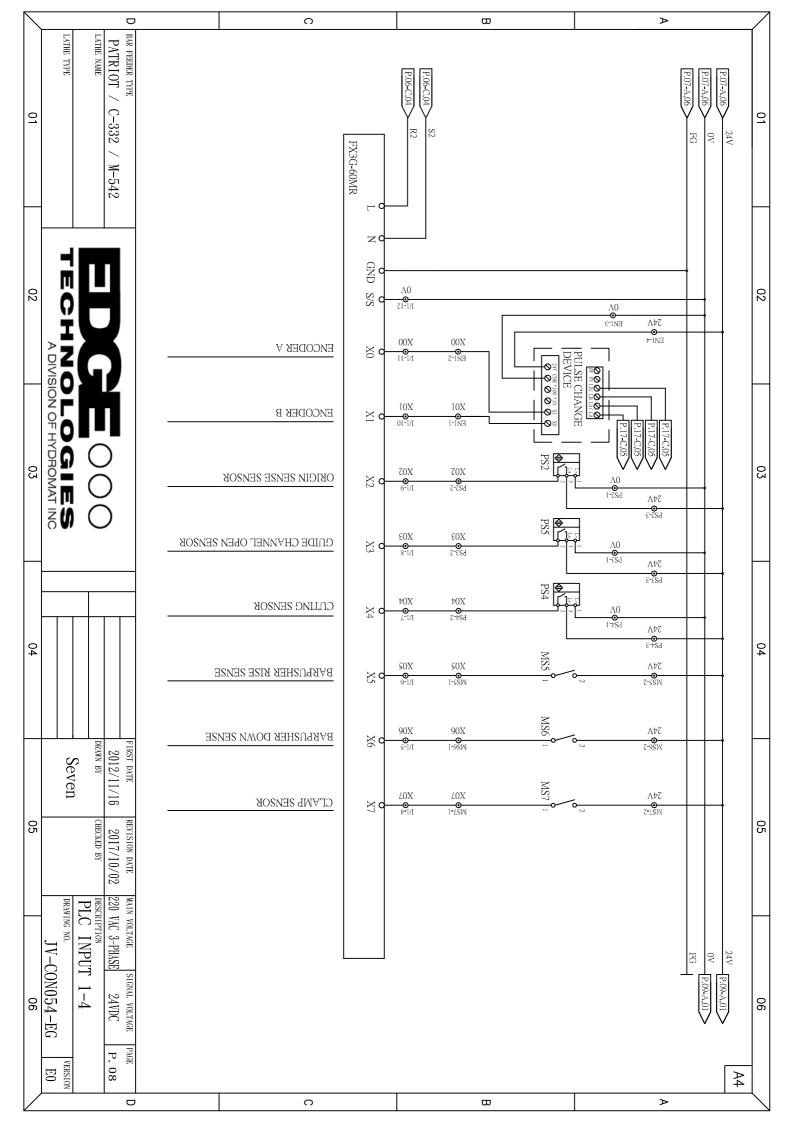


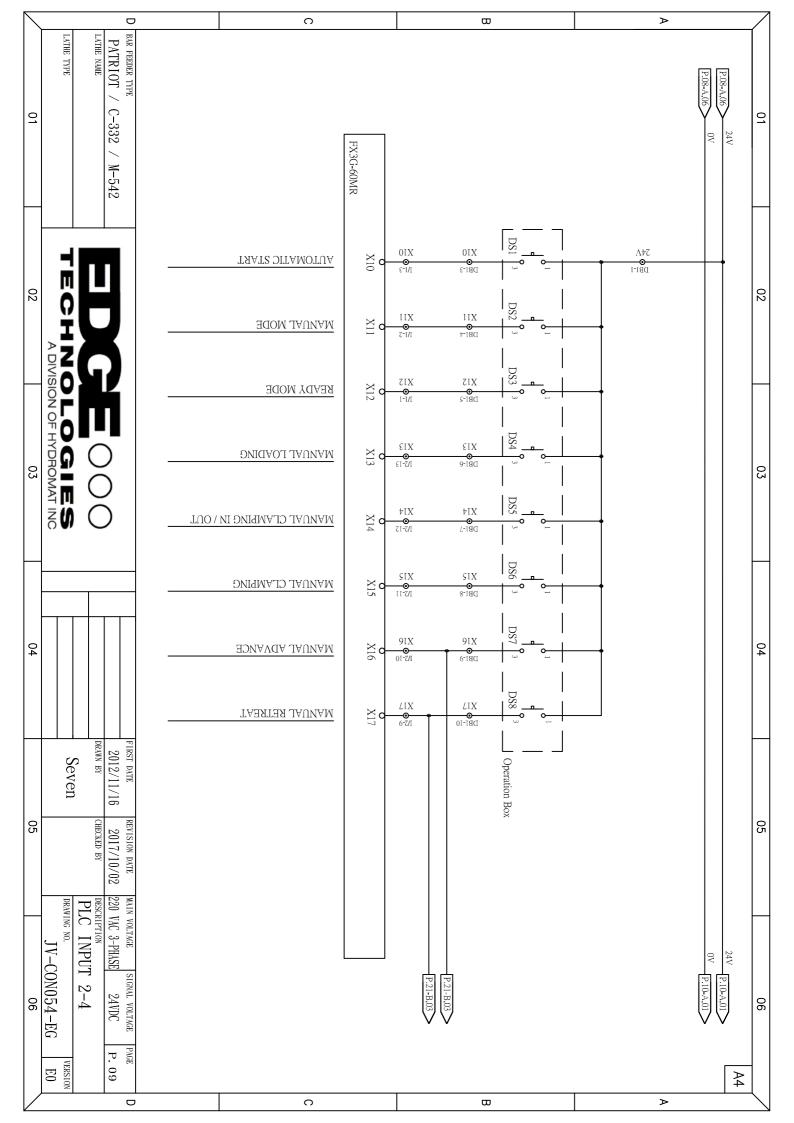


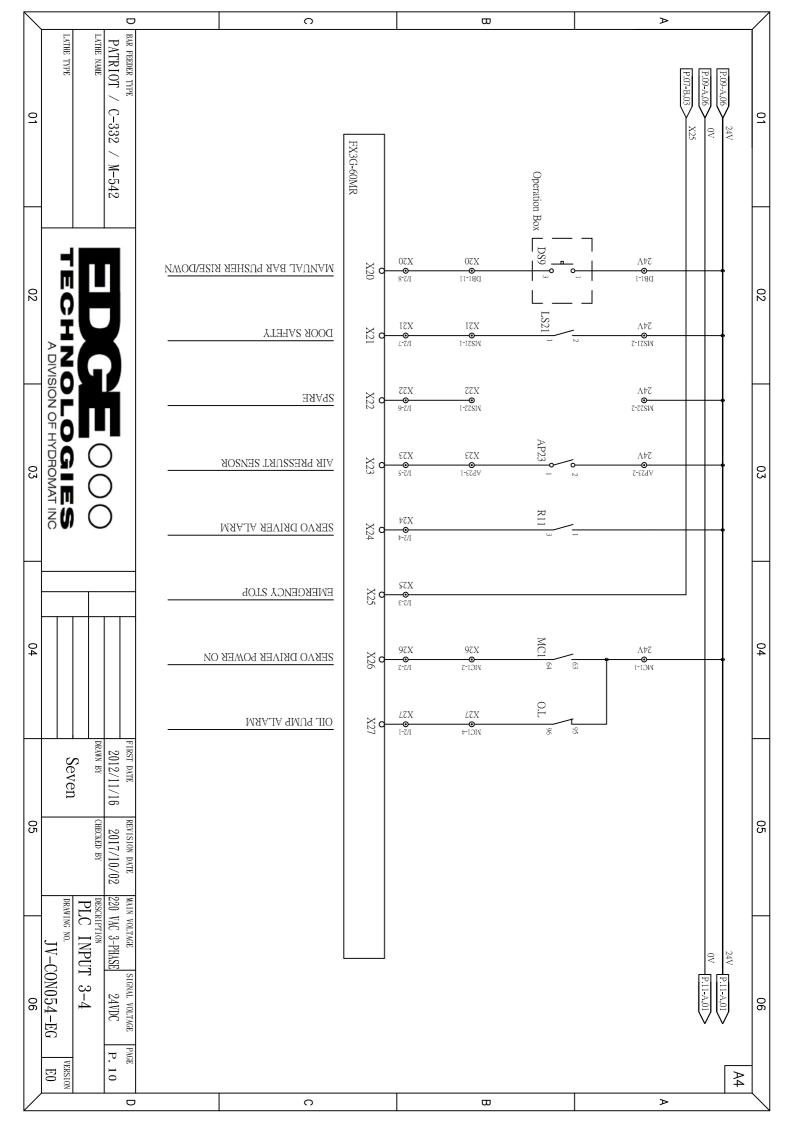


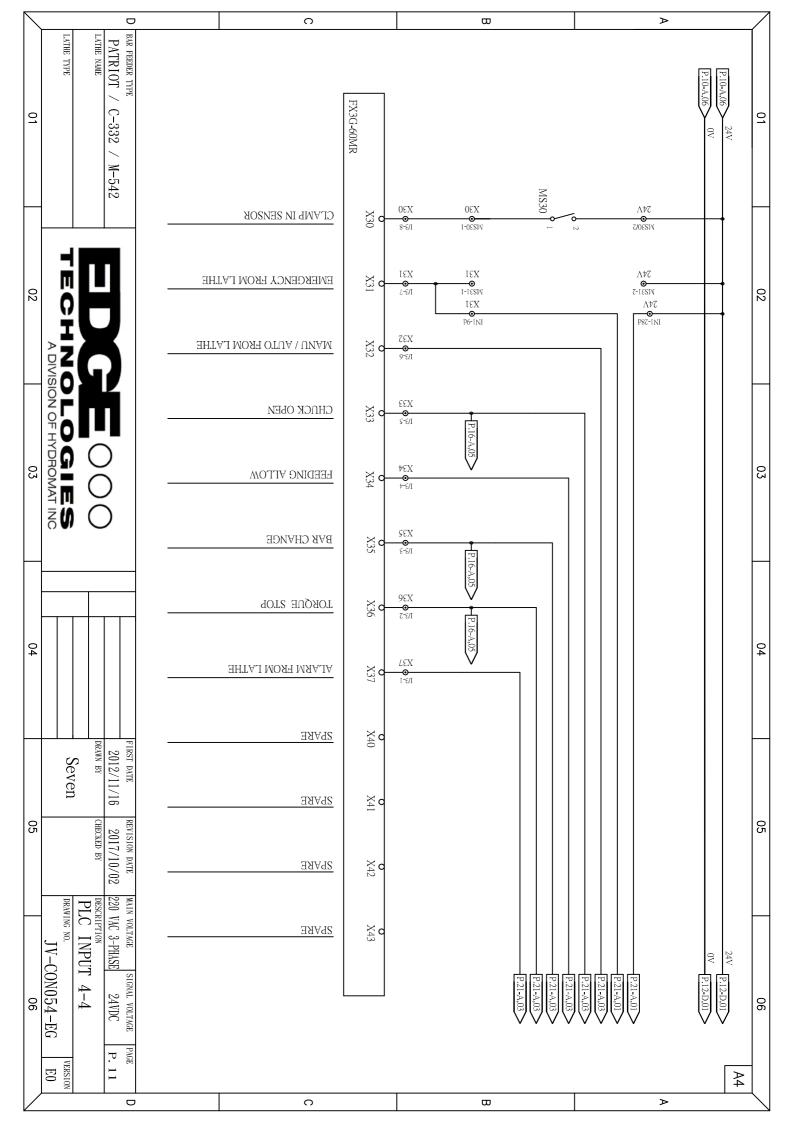


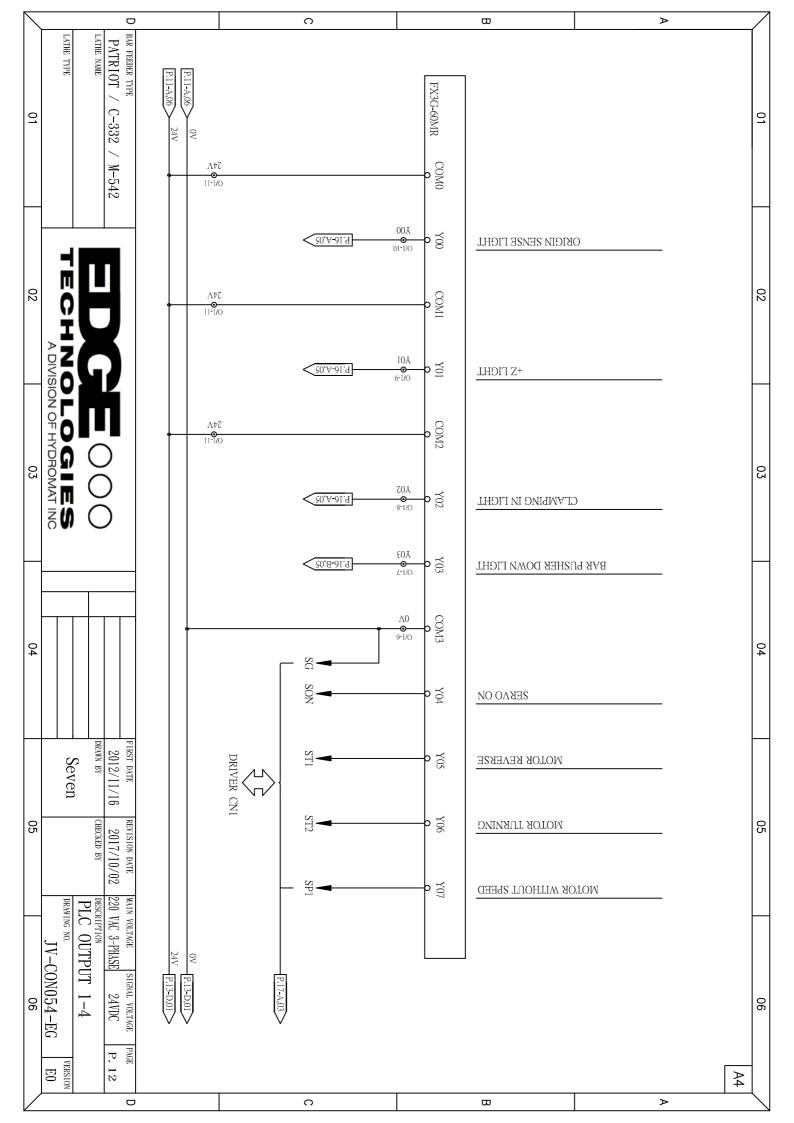


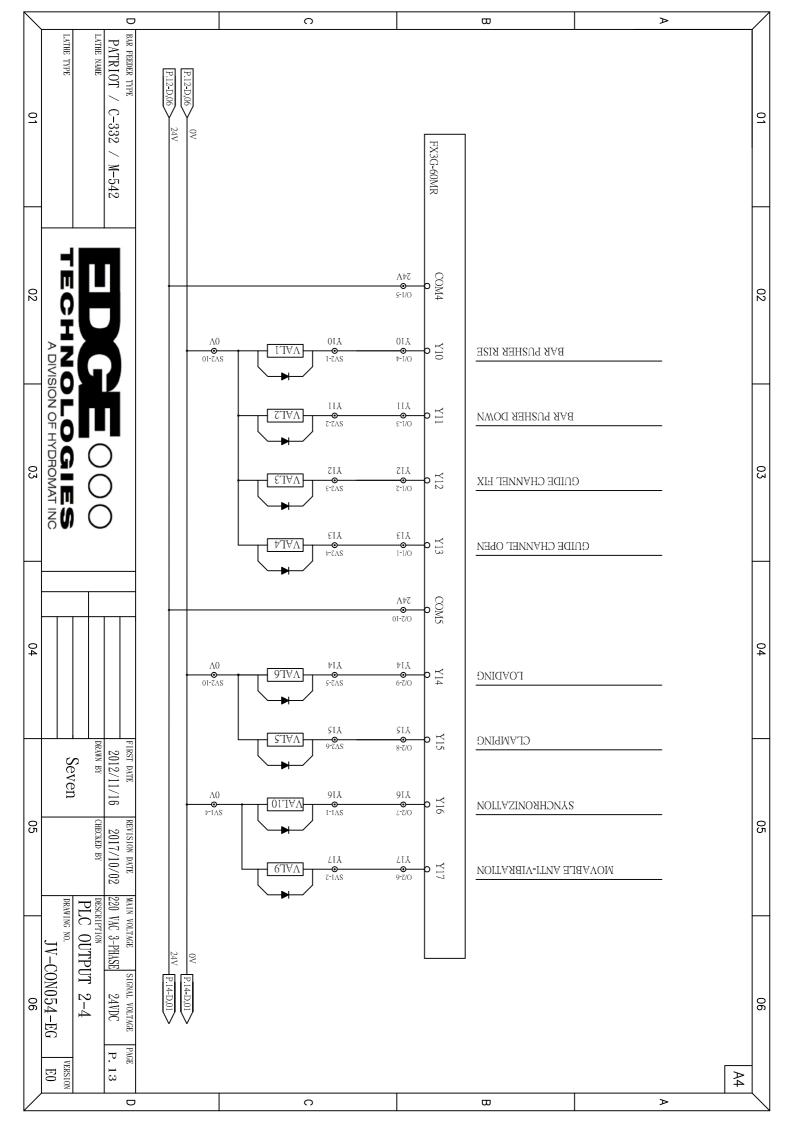


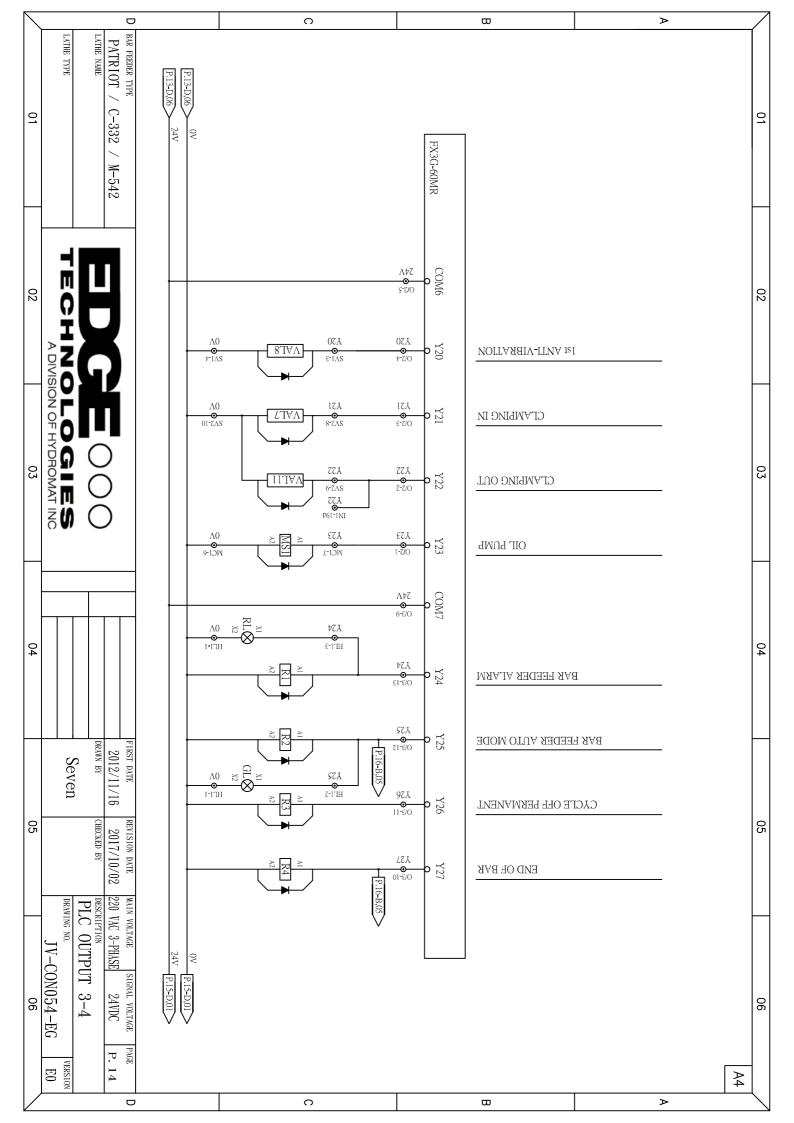


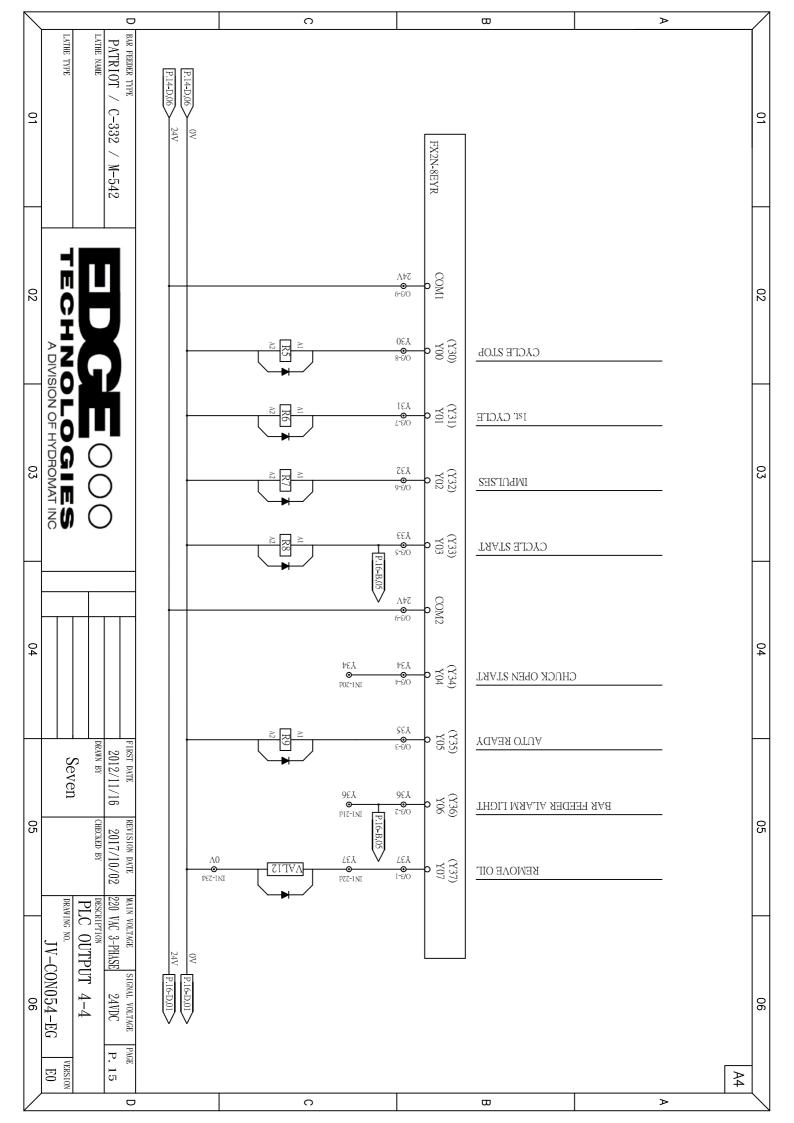


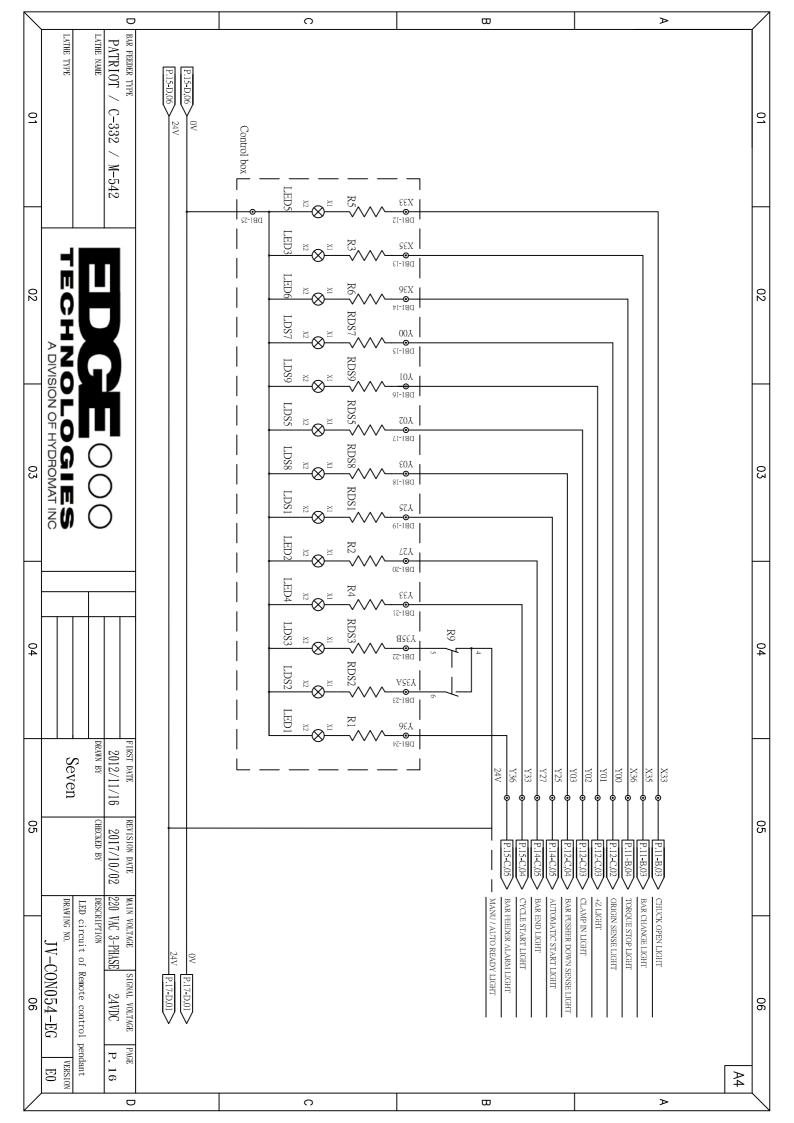


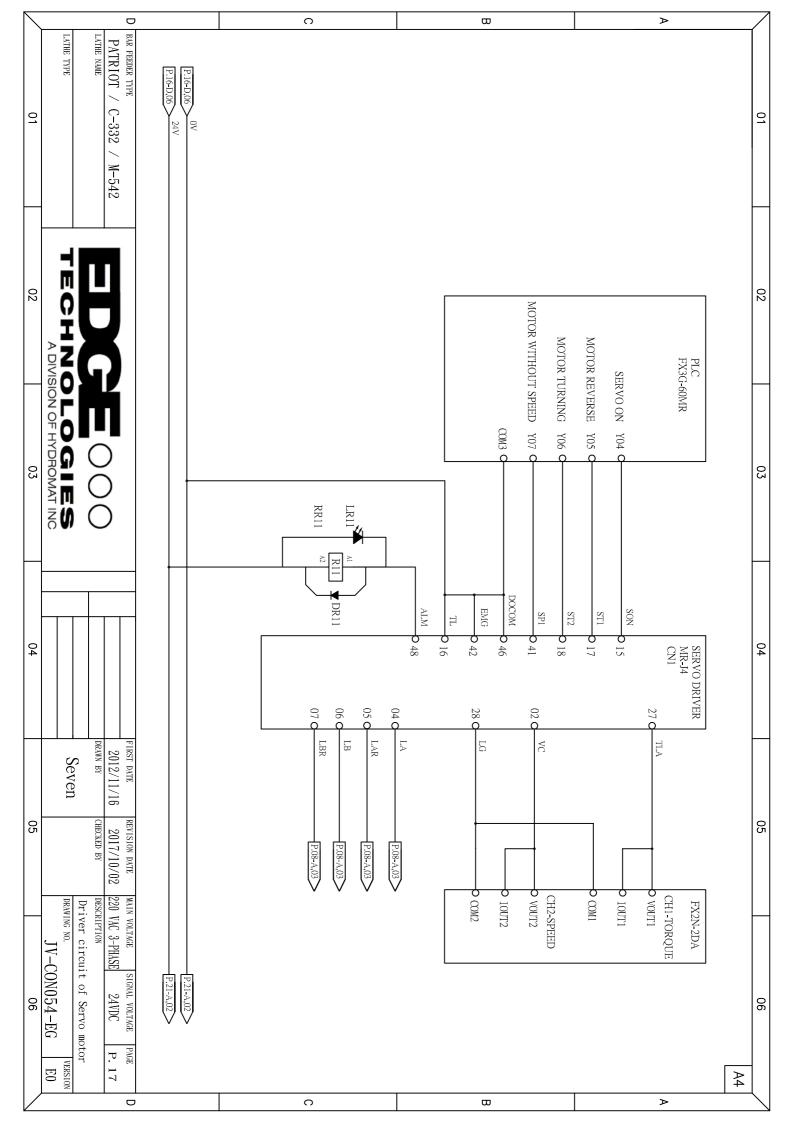


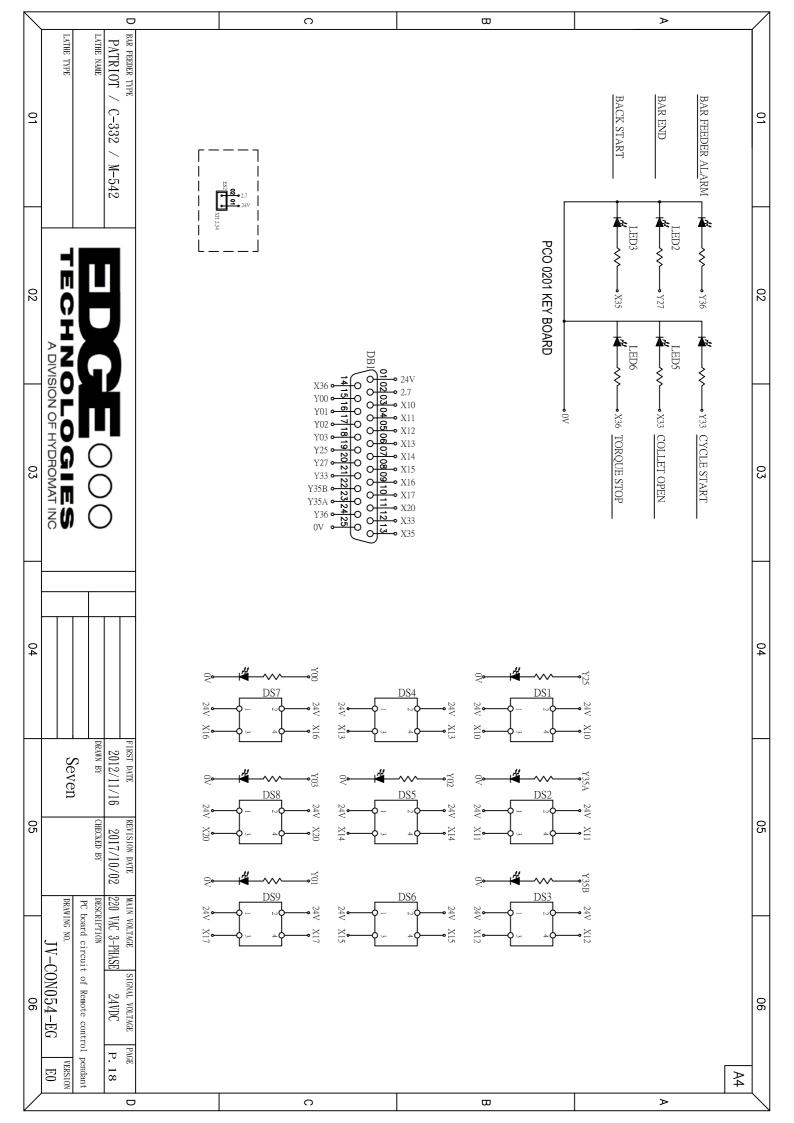


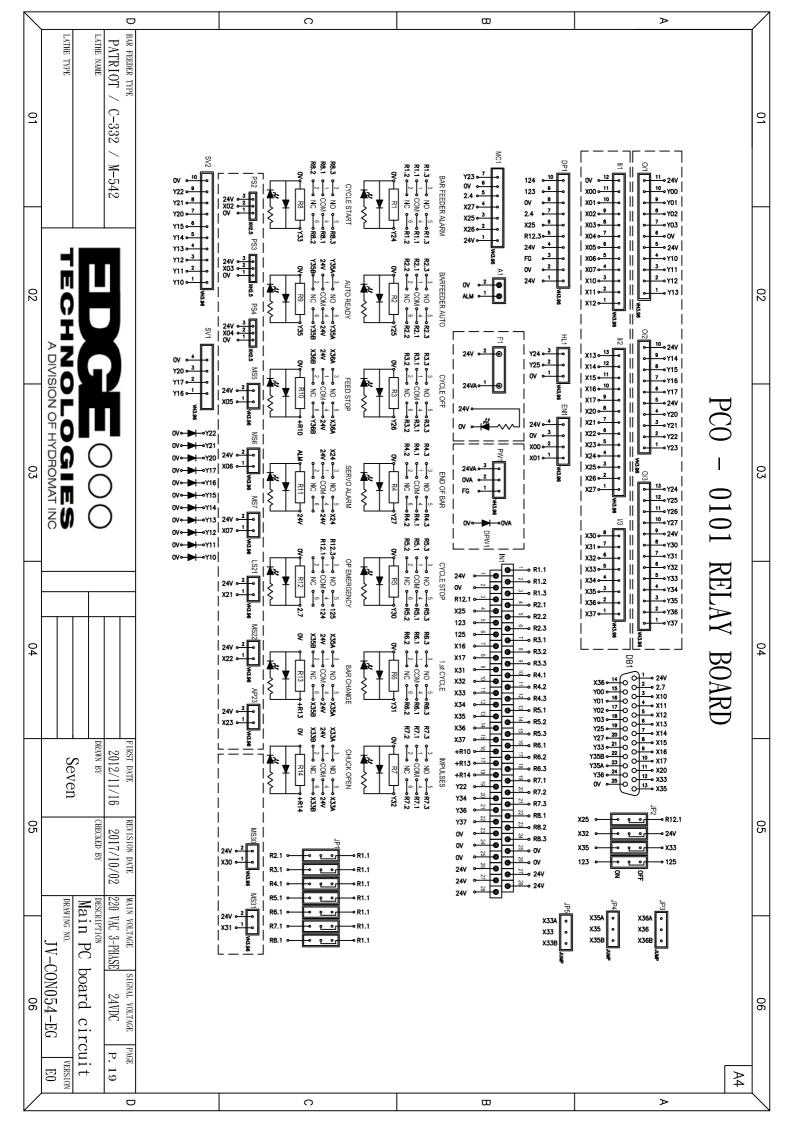


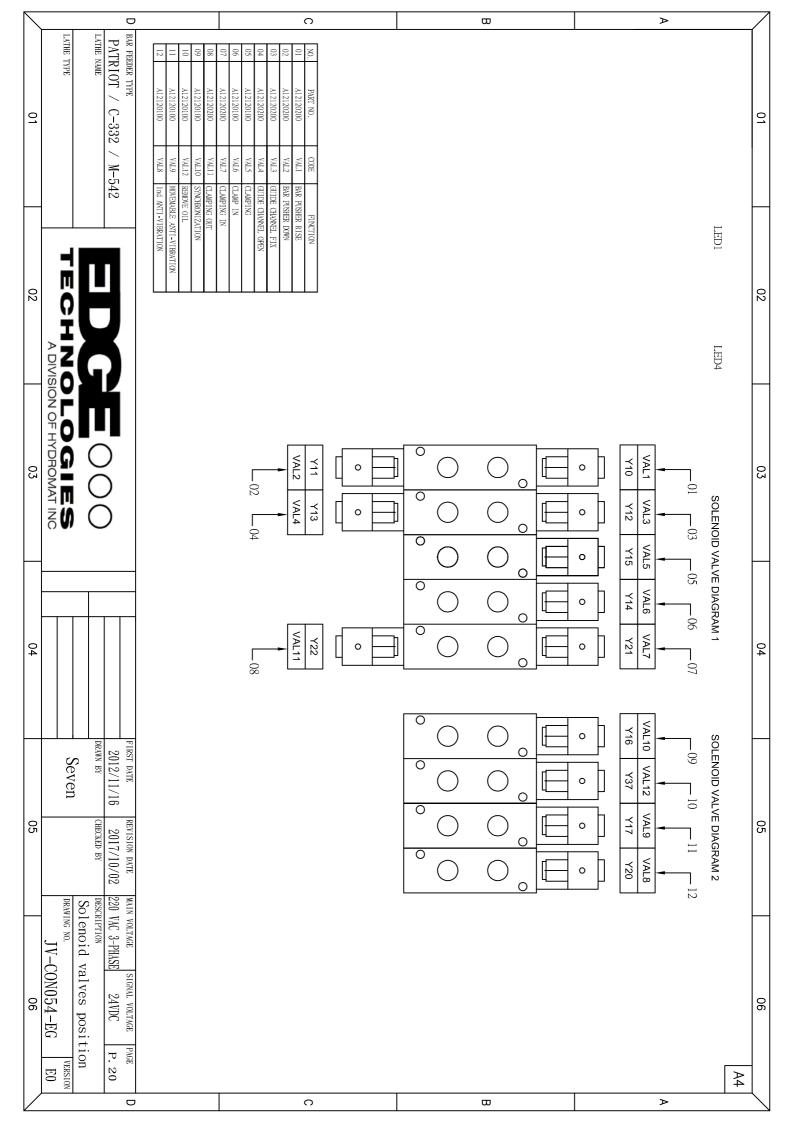


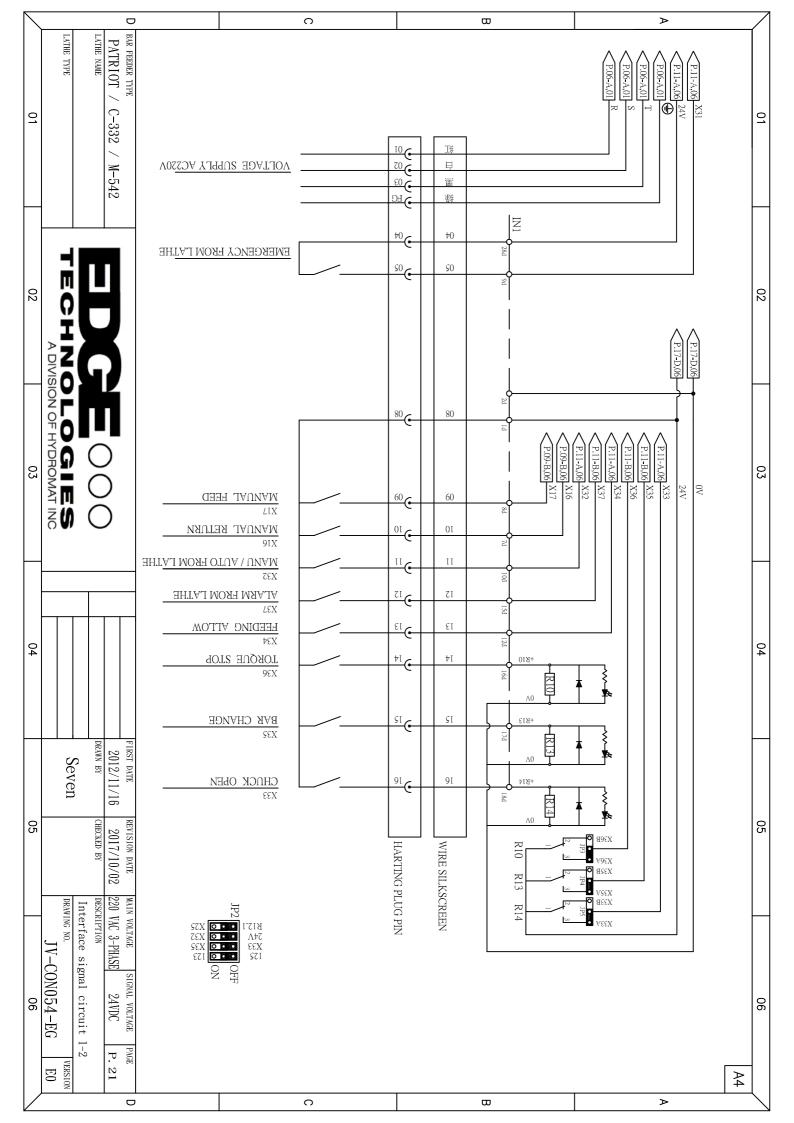


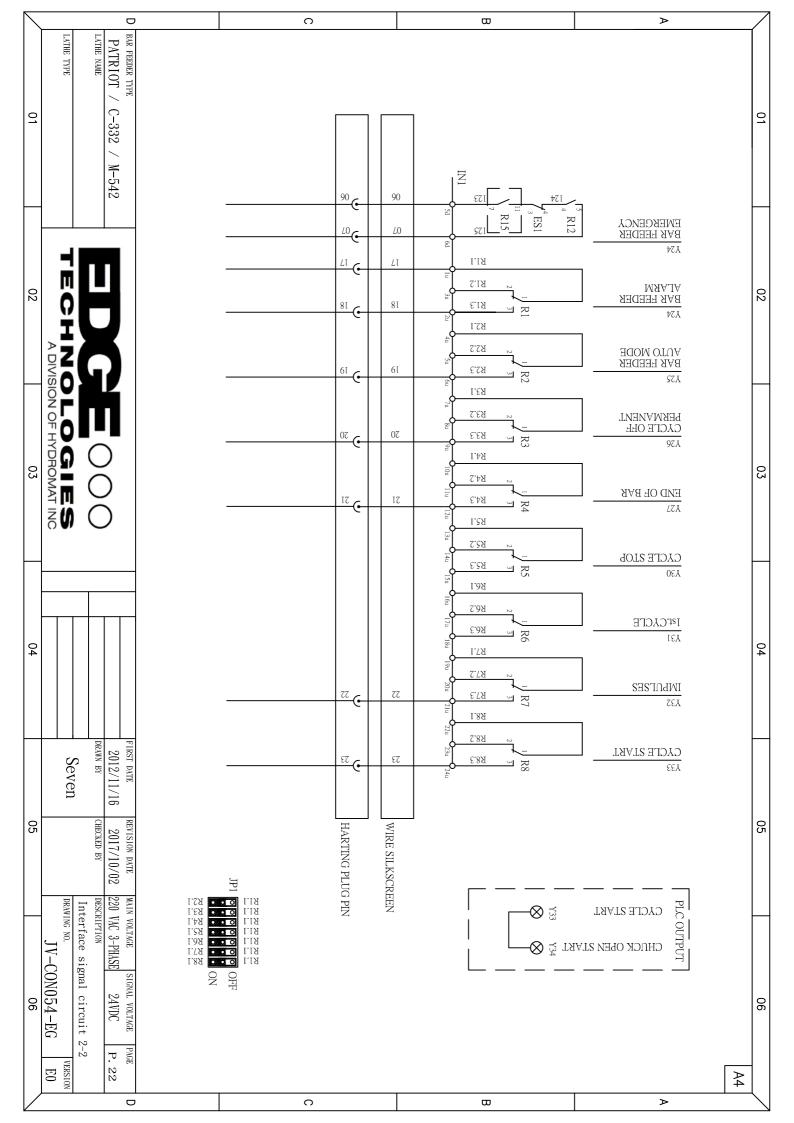












PATRIOT	130 OIL TANK	120 TELESCOPIC FRONT NOSE	110 SYCHRONIZATION DEVICE	100 FIRST ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE AND FIXED FRONT NOSE	090 BAR PUSHER DEVICE	080 GUIDE CHANNEL	070 GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT	060 CUTTING DEVICE	050 FEED MOTOR DRIVE	040 BASES AND BEAM	030 COVER	020 CLAMPING	010 FRAME DEVICE	050
PICTURE INDEX					O			130						030 090 070
000 3		«		110	-		120		100					020

	37	36	35	34	<u>ن</u>	_ ر	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	N	,	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	_∞	7		n 0	4 1	ω	2		z	7
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	AV51MA3100	AV51MA2700	AV51MA1900	AV51MA2100	AV51MA2000	AV51MA2030	AV51MA1300	AV51MA1302	AV51MA1301	AV51MA1500	PG38MA0900	AV51MA0400	AV51MA0601	AV51MA0500	AV51MA0600	AV51MA1001	AV51MA1037	AV51MA1032	AV51MA1025	AV51MA2600	A11150500	BPHS16	AV51MA0900	AV51MA0901	AV51MA0701	AV51MA1700	ZS011212001	AV51MA1200	AV51MA1100	AV51MA0800	AV51MA2400	AV51MA0120	AV51MA1637	AV51MA1625	AV51MA1800	AV51MA0200	AV51MA0110	AV51MA2300	AV51MA2200	Code	
PATRIOT	3100	2700	1900	2100	2000	2030	1300	1302	1301	1500	0900	0400	0601	0500	0600	1001	1037	1032	1025	2600	500	16	0900	0901	0701	1700	2001	1200	1100	0800	2400	0120	1637	1625		0200	0110	2300	2200	\varphi	
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			Tube L=1398mm	Tube L=328mm	3 7M L	2 5M L						À				ctor ro	d-3.7M	d-3.7M	d-2.5M	Adjustable handle	er SC-(À	Extension bar			crew			ī	À	À	3 7M L	2.5M L			À		À	Denomination	
			mm	Ĭ	Tube-3.7M L=1888mm	Tube-2.5M L=688mm										Connector rod-3.7M	Pull rod-3.7M L=605mm	Pull rod-3.7M L=2725mm	Pull rod-2.5M L=2010mm	andle	Cylinder SC-63x25-CB			7									Arbor-3.7M L=3400mm	Arbor-2.5M L=2160mm						ation	
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PATRIOT	AV51GR4004	AV51GR3140	AV51GR2900	AV51GR3000	AV51GR3500	AV51GR1400	AV51GR1300	AV51GR1500	AV51GR2500	AV51GR2300	AV51GR2400	AV51GR1201	AV51GR1101	AV51GR0701	AV51GR0800	AV51GR1001	AV51GR0901	AV51GR0500	AV51GR0501	AV51GR0600	AV51GR0400	AV51GR0200	A12131000	AV51GR0100	AV51GR2800	AV51GR1701	AV51GR2600	AV51GR2700	AV51CH1701	AV51GR3110	AV51GR2000	AV51GR2100	ZS060615	AV51GR2200	AV51GR1900	AV51GR1801	AV51GR1800	AV51GR1700	AV51GR1600	AV51GR0300	Code
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	Plate	Plate	Anchor	Transmission rod	Anchor	Lever	Support	Shaft	Shim	Bearing	Plate	Rack	Rack	Plate	Spacer	Transmission rod	Pushing stripe	Plate	Sheel steel	Anchor	Plate	Anchor L	Flow regulator JSC 8-03	Anchor R	Transmission rod	Anchor	Plate	Lower clamp	Arbor	Shelf	Clip cutter	Rack	6x15 Tab	Shaft	Sleeve	Connetor shaft	Pinion 33T	Anchor	Plate	Cover	Denomination
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PATRIOT	2104	4100	2103	3700	10	3400	3810	3337	1937	1600	18371	1837	1700	2137	4037	2200	4		9 9
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	Sound absorbing cotton	Access Panel	Plexiglass window	Profile	Luminous indicator unit	Profile	Hood shock	Plate L=1390mm	Cover L=4196mm	Plate	Bowl(XL) L=4231mm	Oil box Bowl I =4231mm	Plate	Cover L=4192mm	Cover L=4196mm	Plate	Plate	Denc	
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PATRIOT	31 A13120500 1 Connection 1/4"xø8 32 A12140400 1 Pressure switch 33 A17110300 1 90° Connection 1/4"x1/4"	A12110300 1	26 AV51BA3000 4 Plug 27 AV51BA3100 4 Plug 28 AB110300 1 Joint	AV51BA1200 4 AV51BA1100 4	AV51BA1400 8 AV51BA1500 4	AV51BA1000 28	19 AV51BA0800 14 Column 20 AV51BA0000 28 Washer	AV51BA3300 2	16 AV51BA29UU 2 Support 17 AV51BA3301 2 Bushing	AV51BA2600 2	AV51BA2500 1	13 AV51BA2800 1 Key-board	AV51BA0702 1	2	AV51BA0501 1	AV51BA0500 1	7 AV51BA0200 1 Paliel	AV51BA0410 4	AV51BA0101 2	AV51BA0100 1	AV51BA0701 1	AV/51CH0137 1 Bear	N. Code OTY Denomination
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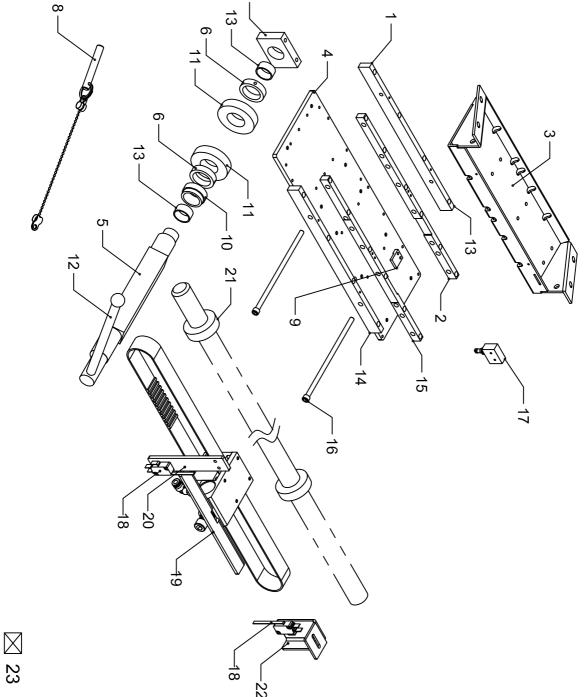
PATRIOT	32 A17110300 1 90° Connection 1/4"x1/4"	A12140400 1	A13120500 1	29 A15140200 1 Connection 1/4"	28 A12110300 1 Pneumatically-actuated electrical microswitch PM-20	27 AB110300 1 Joint	AV51BA3100 4	4	AV51BA1100 4	AV51BA1200 4	AV51BA1500 4	AV51BA1400 8	AV51BA1000 28	AV51BA0900 28	AV51BA0800 14	AV51BA3300 2	AV51BA3301 2	AV51BA2900 2	AV51BA2600 1	AV51BA2700 1	AV51BA2500 1	AV51BA2800 1) AV51BA0700 2	AV51BA0600 2	8 AV51BA0510 1 Base	7 AV51BA0200 1 Door	_	4	2	AV51BA0100 1	_	125 1 Bear	N. Code QTY Denomination		
BASES AND BEAM 25 041 2	[25] [37] BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX.			30_	31			32 8																12-	 									23 0000mHan 19 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	

A17110300	27 A12140400		25 A15140200	24 A12110300	23 AB110300		_	+			17 AV51BA1400	+	1.	13 AV51BA3300	12 AV51BA3301				8 AV51BA2800				\dashv	\dashv	1	AV5	Z CGG
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90° Connection 1/4"x1/4"	Pressure switch	Connection 1/4"xø8	Connection 1/4"	Pneumatically-actuated electrical microswitch PM-20	Joint	Plug	Plug	Plate	Plate	Tie rod	Screw	Washer	Column	Eyebolt	Bushing	Support	Support	Housing	Key-board	Door	Base	Door	Panel	Support	Base	Beam L=4200	Denomination
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BASES AND BEAM (TRACKING SYSTEM) [37]

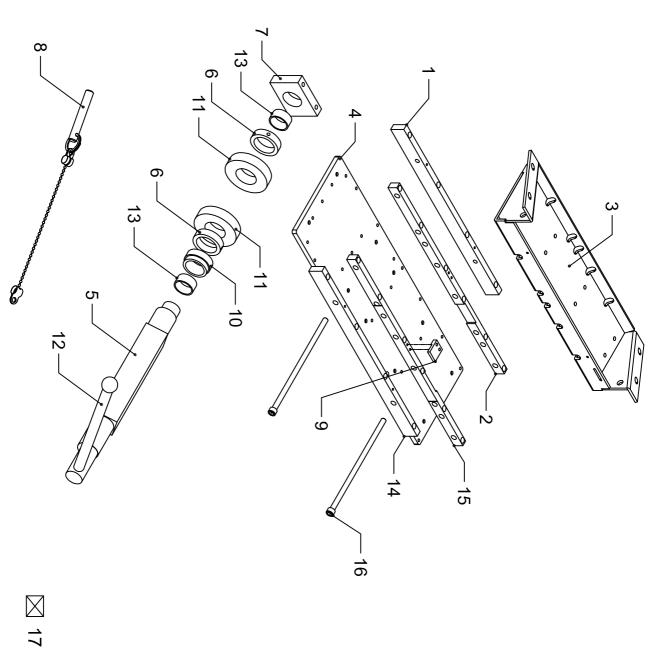
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	Axial tracking system	1	AV51MZ004A	23	
	Support	٦	ADP779810028	22	
	Ring	2	AV51MA3100	21	
	Support	1	ADP779810027	20	
8	Support	٦	ADP779810026	19	
	Microswitch V-15-1A5	2	J310419	18	
	Microswitch TZ-7311	٦	J310409	17	
7	Screw bolt	2	ZS0112300	16	
	Positioning plate	1	AV51MZ1400	15	
	Fixing plate	1	AV51MZ1500	14	
_	Bearing SF-2815	2	BSF2815	13	
n _	Handle 1160-M14-250	1	P35201200	12	
	Bearing	2	B6207ZZ	11	
	Bushing	1	AV51BA0810	10	
	Anchor	1	AV51MZ1000	9	
	Bolt	1	AV51MZ000B	8	
	Block	1	AV51MZ0800	7	
	Ring	2	AV51MZ0700	6	
	Arbor	1	AV51MZ0600	5	
	Plate	1	AV51MZ0500	4	
<u></u>	Plate	1	AV51MZ0400	З	
	Positioning plate	1	AV51MZ1600	2	
A] .	Fixing plate	1	AV51MZ0201	_	
	Denomination	QTY	Code	z	



FRONT TRACKING SYSTEM

Code	ΩΤΥ	Denomination
AV51MZ0201	1	Fixing plate
AV51MZ1600	_	Positioning plate
AV51MZ0400	1	Plate
AV51MZ0500	1	Plate
AV51MZ0600	1	Arbor
AV51MZ0700	2	Ring
AV51MZ0800	_	Block
AV51MZ000B	1	Bolt
AV51MZ1000	1	Anchor
AV51BA0810	1	Bushing
B6207ZZ	2	Bearing
P35201200	1	Handle 1160-M14-250
BSF2815	2	Bearing SF-2815
AV51MZ1500	1	Fixing plate
AV51MZ1400	1	Positioning plate
ZS0112300	2	Screw bolt
AV51MZ001A	1	Axial tracking system
	AV51MZ0400 AV51MZ0500 AV51MZ0600 AV51MZ0600 AV51MZ0800 AV51MZ000B AV51MZ1000 AV51BA0810 B6207ZZ P35201200 BSF2815 AV51MZ1500 AV51MZ1400 ZS0112300 AV51MZ001A	



BACK TRACKING SYSTEM 37

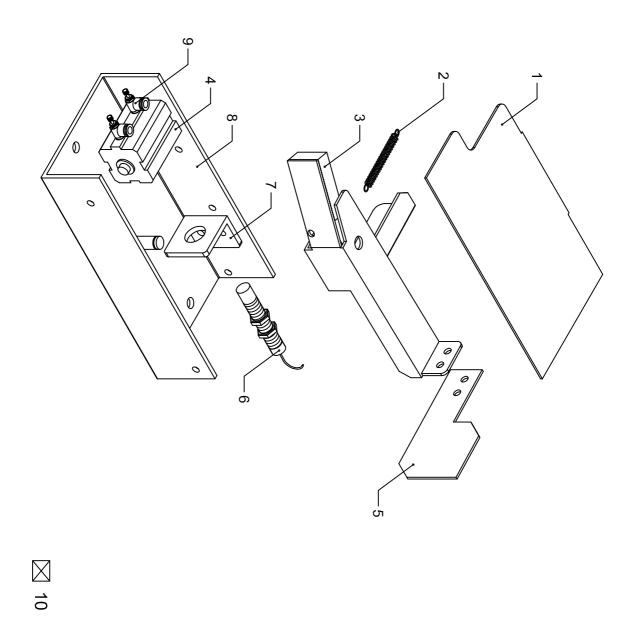
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P35201200 AV51MZ1000 BSF2815 AV51MZ2800 ZS0112300 AV51MZ000C	Code AV51MZ1600 AV51MZ0500 AV51MZ0500 AV51MZ0500 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700
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Handle 1160-M14-250 Anchor Bearing SF-2815 Fixing plate Screw bolt Back tracking system	Denomination Positioning plate Fixing plate Flate Plate Plate Plate Positioning plate Bolt Positioning plate Positioning plate
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BACK TRACKING SYSTEM 25

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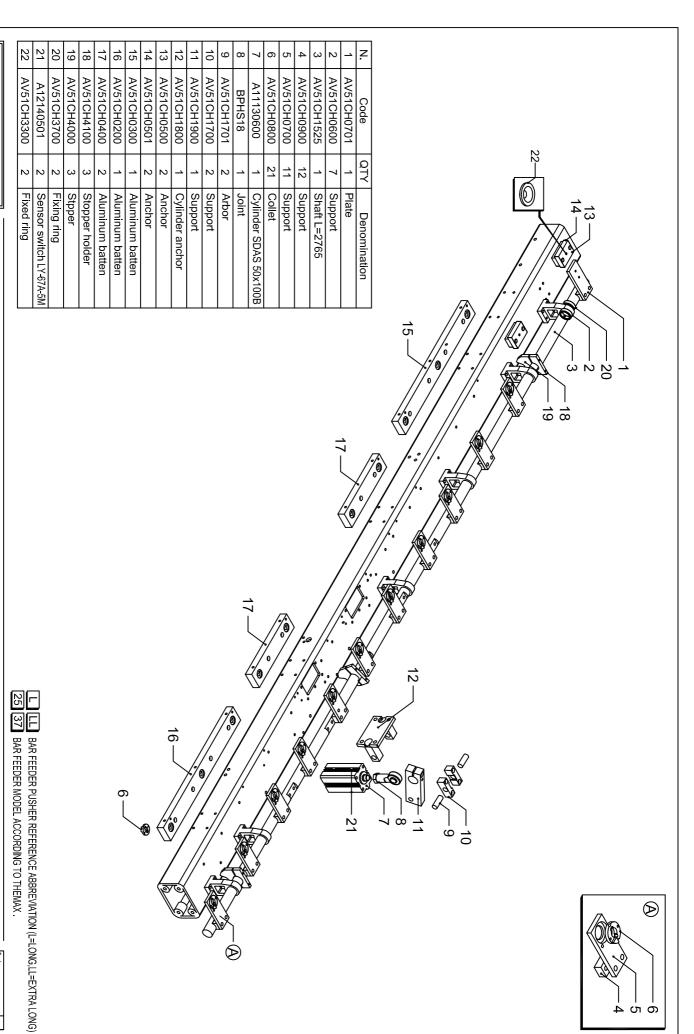
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AV51GR3202	AV51GR4400	AV51GR4300	AV51GR4600	AV51CH1701	AV51GR0800	AV51GR4700	AV51GR4500	AV51GR4200	A12140501	A11131000	A12131000	AV51DR1800	AV51DR1700	AV51DR1601	AV51DR0810	B6003ZZ	AV51DR0801	AV51DR0900	AV51DR0700	AV51DR1001	AV51DR1003	AV51DR1000	AV51DR1101	AV51DR1103	AV51DR1100	AV51DR1200	AV51DR1300	AV51DR1402	AV51DR1401	AV51DR0600	AV51DR0400	B6907ZZ	B6005ZZ	AV51DR0200	AV51DR0100	AV51DR0300	AV51DR0401	AV51DR0500	J221202	Code
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Guide block 2	OAM block	Push block	Extensive block	Pillar	Connector	Pin	CAM	Slide block	Magnetic sensor LY-67A-5M	Cylinder SDAS 80x45	Adjustable valve JSC 8-03	Chain link 3/8"	Chain-3.7M L=875P	Chain-2.5M L=617P	Support	Bearing	Support	Spacer	Sprocket 39T	Chain guide-3.7M L=1215	Chain guide-2.5M L=2996	Chain guide-3.7M L=2980	Chain guide-3.7M L=2925	Chain guide-2.5M L=2830	Chain guide-3.7M L=1094	Chain adjustable block	Plate	Bracket	Sensor bracket	Support	Support	Bearing	Bearing	Whorl pole 19T	Worm gear 80T	Pillar	Support	Whorl pole 28T	Motor HF-SP102	Denomination
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FEED MOTOR DRIVE

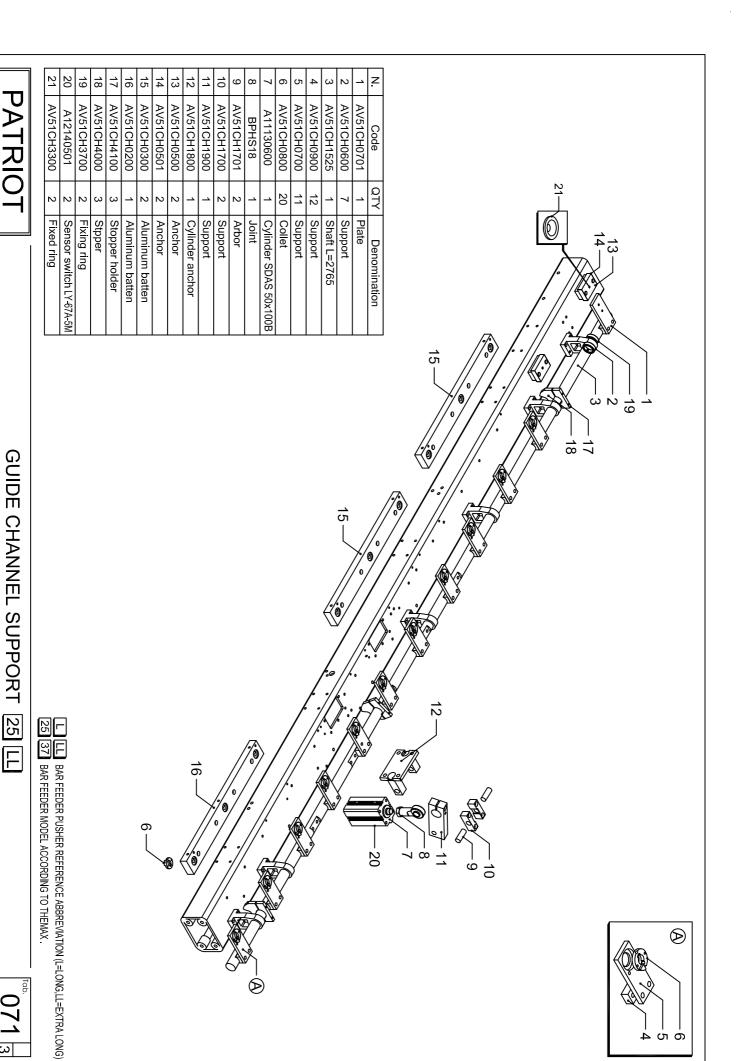


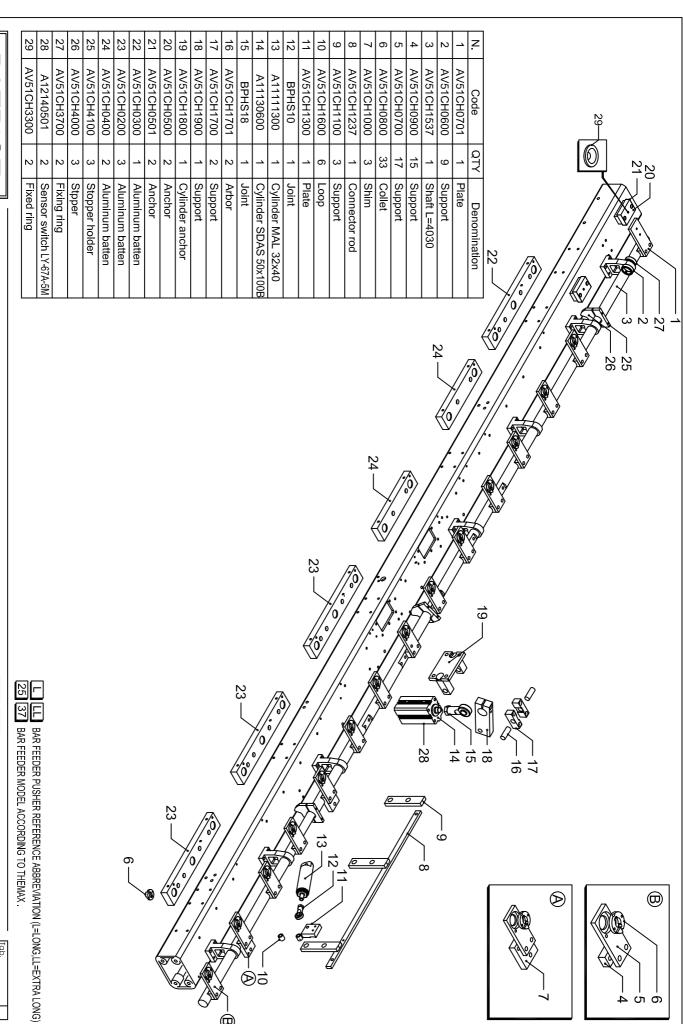
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CUTTING DEVICE



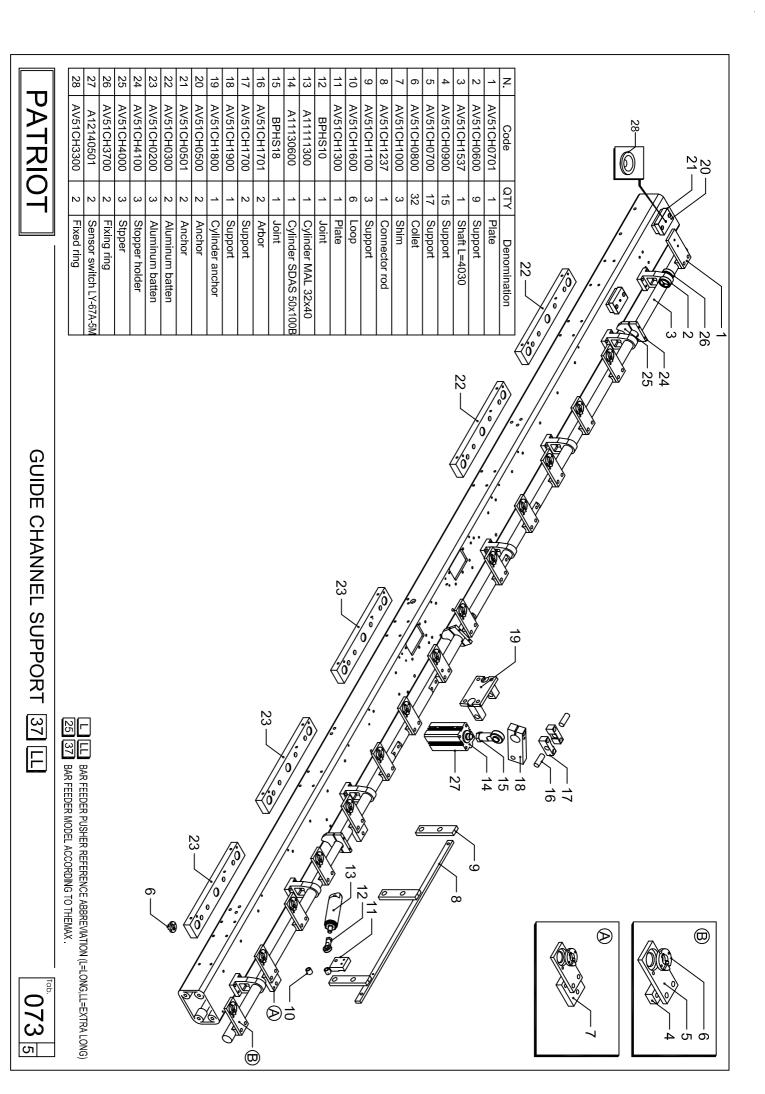
GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT [25] L





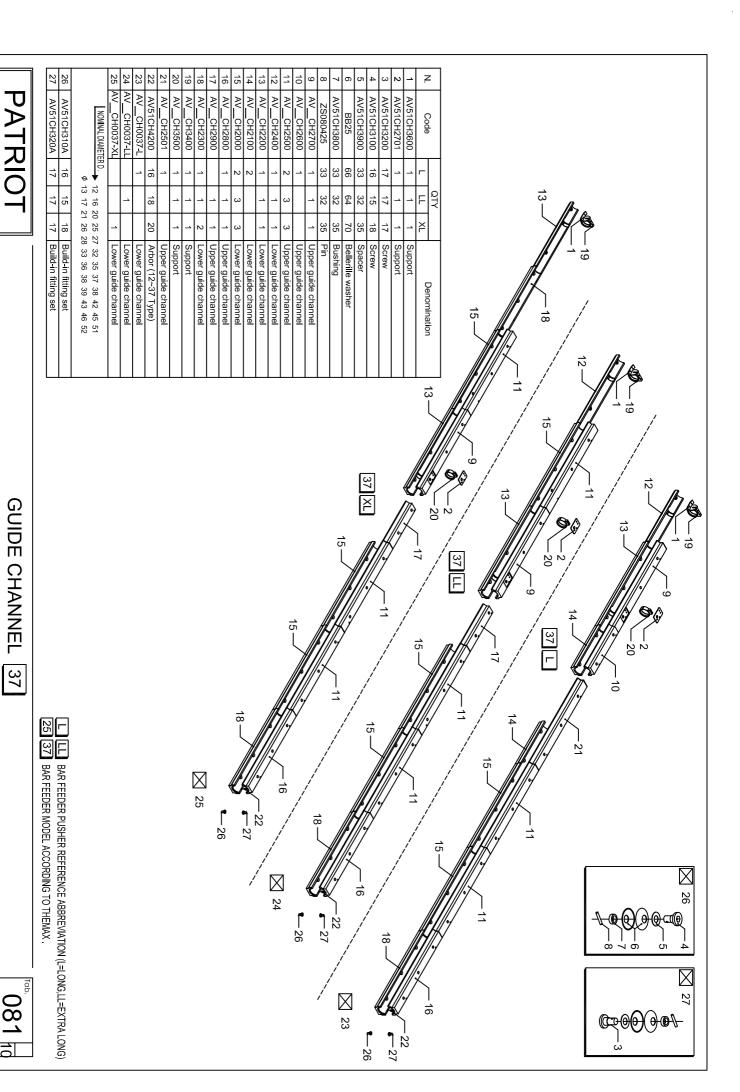
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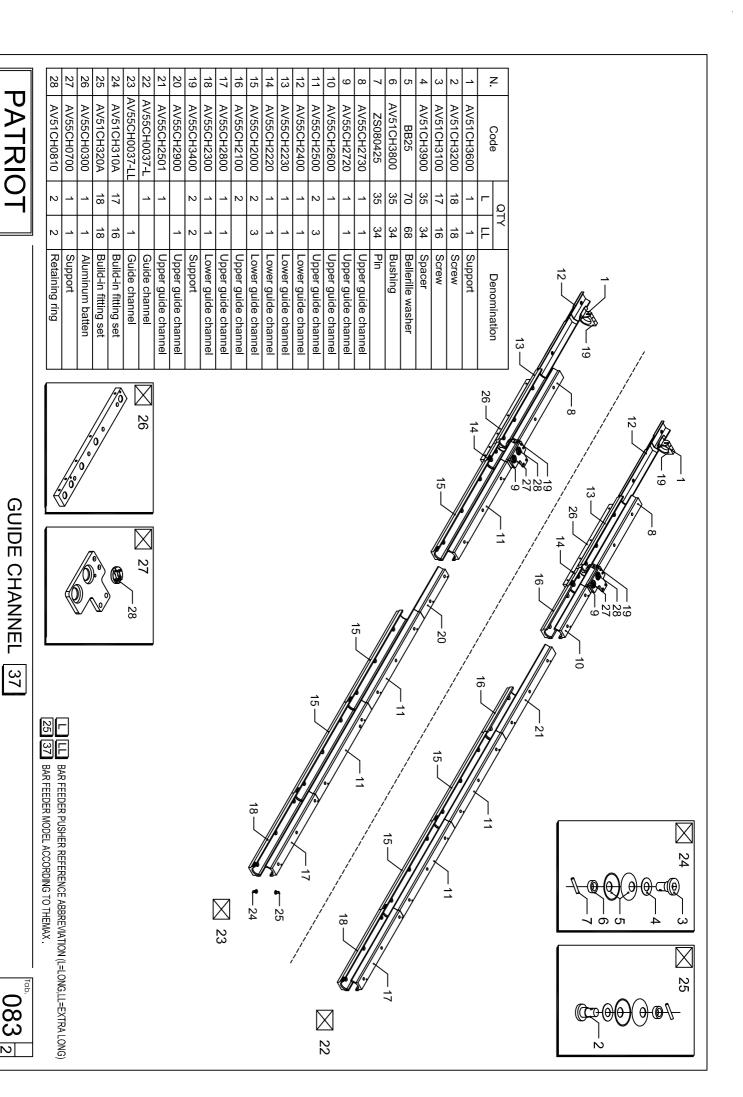
GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT [37] L

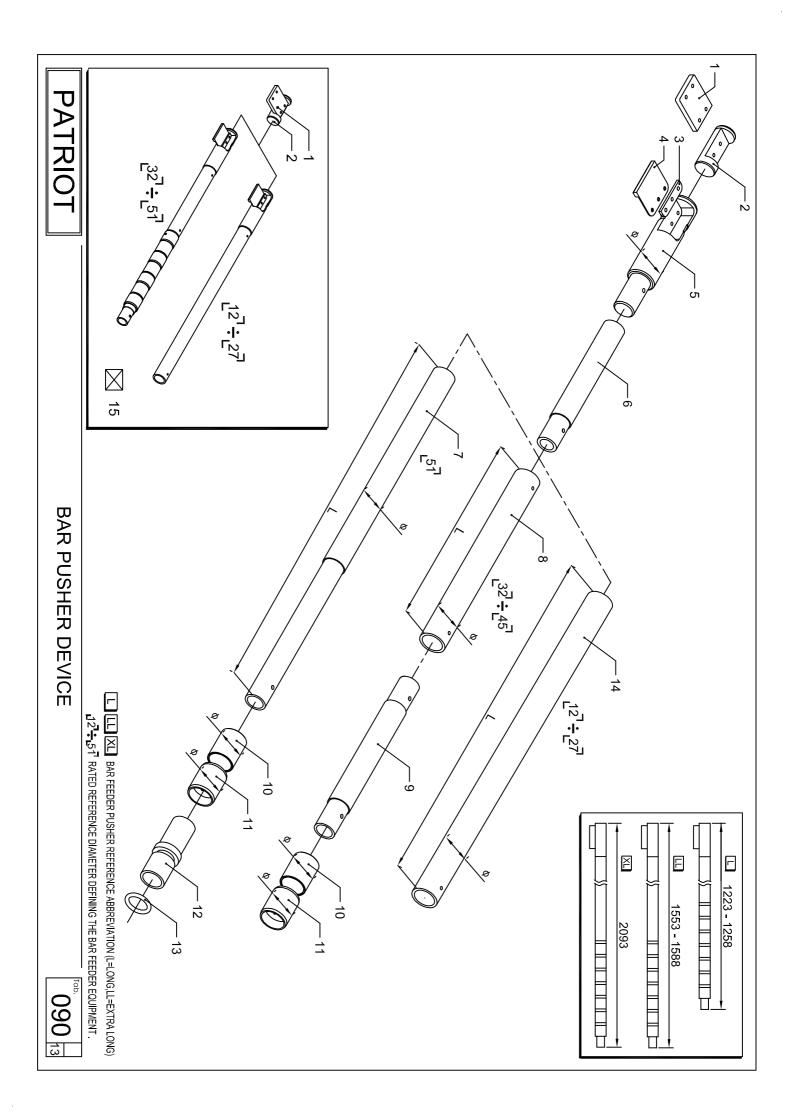


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Build-in fitting set Build-in fitting set	20 25 27 32 35 37 38 42 45 51 21 26 28 33 36 38 39 43 46 52	Guide channel	Guide channel	Arbor (12~37 Type)	Upper guide channel	Support	Support	Upper guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Upper guide channel	Upper guide channel	Upper guide channel	Pin	Bushing	Bellerille washer	Spacer	Screw	Screw	Support	Support	Denomination		12 18
L LL BAR FEEI 25 37 BAR FEEI														15				25 LL				13 1/				
BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG,LL=EXTRA LONG) BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX.								× 22	_		<i>!</i>	1				<i>[</i>	,			/						23 23 23 24 24 24 24

GUIDE CHANNEL 25







	1 10001 (01 1) 100)	L	740 - 0.200	5	
	Piston (51 Tyne)	- د	AV51PB1200	<u>ئا</u> د	
	Connector rod (51 Type)	_	01/51DB1100	3	
	34.5 37 38 41.5	æ			
	38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
	Bronze ring	4	AVPB0800	7	
	31.5	ø			
		FRD.	NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
	Spacer	3	AVPB0700	10	
	27.4 30 32 35 40	æ			
	32 35 37 42	FRD. ▼	NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
	Bar pusher	1	AVPB0600	9	
	30 34 35 38 40	10			
	◆ 32 35 37 38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .		
	Bar pusher L=972	_	AVPB0500		×
	Bar pusher L=972	1		œ	Œ
	Bar pusher L=642	1	AVPB0400		
	Bar pusher ¢50.8 L=1335 (51 Type)	1	AV51PB0500	,	E
	Bar pusher ¢50.8 L=1005 (51 Type)	1	AV51PB0400	7	
	16 20 25	194			
	16 20 25 27 32 35 38		NOMINAL DIAMETER D. ► 12		
	Bar pusher L=540		AV_PB0530	6	×
	16 20 25 27 32 35 37 38	194			
	27 32 35 37 38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .		
	Pusher	_	AV_PB0100	5	
	Flag 25 - 51	1	AV51PB0200	4	
	Flag 10 - 20	1	AV20PB0200	^	
	Anchor 25-51	1	AV51PB0300		
	Anchor 18 - 20	1	AV20PB0300	ω	
	Anchor 10 - 16		AV16PB0300		
	16 20 25 27 32.5 35.5 37.5 38.5 42.5 45.5	ø. '			
\succeq	16 20 25 27 32 35 37 38 42 45 51	ETER D.	NOMINAL DIAMETER D. > 12		
	Prefeed pusher	_	AV_PB0900	2	
ഥ	Prefeed pusher flag	1	AV51PB1002	_	
	Denomination	ΩΤΥ	Code	z	

AV__PB0010-__

Bar pusher device

NOMINAL DIAMETER D.

TYPE.

→ L L LL XL XL

Code AV_PB0400

QTY

Denomination

AV__PB0500 AV__PB0500

Bar pusher Bar pusher Bar pusher

NOMINAL DIAMETER D. → 12 16 20 25 27 Ø 12 16 20 25.2 27

LL | LL | XL | BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG, LL=EXTRA LONG)

12-51 RATED REFERENCE DIAMETER DEFINING THE BAR FEEDER EQUIPMENT.

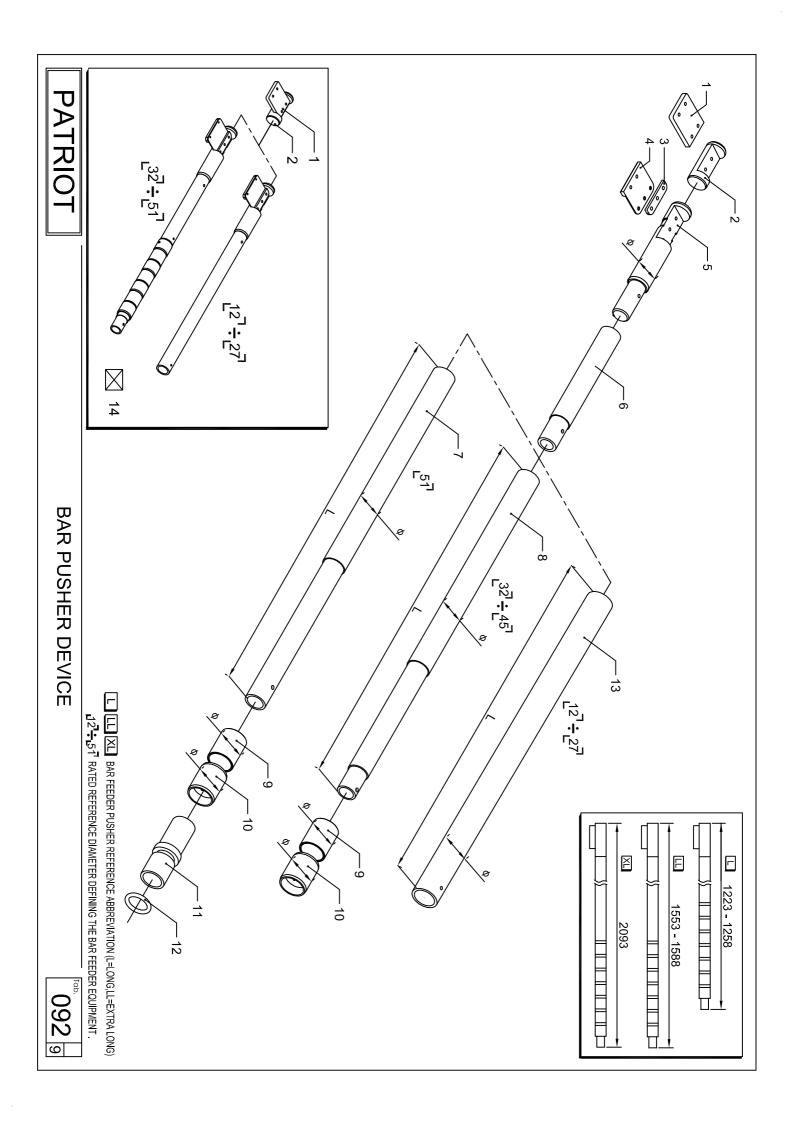
PATRIOT

BAR PUSHER DEVICE



L: Left thread R: Right thread IE_1020 1 Bar collet EX: \$\phi12 \rightarrow\$ 120 ; \$\phi22.5 \rightarrow\$ 225 L: Left thread R: Right thread	Code QTY Denomination E_0712000 1 Rotating unit E_0816000 1 Rotating unit E_0816000 1 Rotating unit E_10_000 1 Rotating unit
12ずらず RATED REFERENCE DIAMETER DEFINING THE BAR FEEDER EQUIPMENT.	

ROTATING UNIT



								×			E				×												
12		10			9				œ		,	7			6			5	4		ω				2	_	z
AV51PB1100 AV51PB1200	NOMINAL DIAMETER D. → 32 3 Ø 32 3	AVPB0800		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .	AV_PB0700		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .	AVPB0520	AVPB0520	AVPB0420	AV51PB0520	AV51PB0420		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .	AV_PB0530		NOMINAL DIAMETER D	AVPB0120	AV51PB0210	AV51PB0300 AV20PB0210	AV20PB0300	AV16PB0300		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.	AVPB0900	AV51PB1002	Code
	IRD.	4	· A	TER D.	ω	· &	된	1	1	1	1	_	19	E E	-	19	RD.	_			_	_	10	₩ R P	_	_	QTY
Connector rod (51 Type) Piston (51 Type)	· 32 34 35 38 42 45 51 32 34 34.5 38 41.5 44.3 51	Bronze ring	31.5 34 37 40 43 49	3E 30 45 4E	Spacer	33 36	38 42	Bar pusher L=1391	Bar pusher L=1391	Bar pusher L=1061	Bar pusher ¢49 L=1327 (51 Type)	Bar pusher Ø49 L=997 (51 Type)	16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42	27 32 35 38 42 45	Bar pusher L=540	12 16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42	20 25 27 32 35 38 42 45	Pusher		Anchor 25 - 51 Flag 10 - 20	1	Anchor 10 - 16	12 16 20	12 16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42 45 51	Prefeed pusher	Prefeed pusher flag	Denomination
																					14			E	<u>II</u> 13		z

AV__PB0020-_ AV__PB0520 AV__PB0520 AV__PB0420 NOMINAL DIAMETER D.

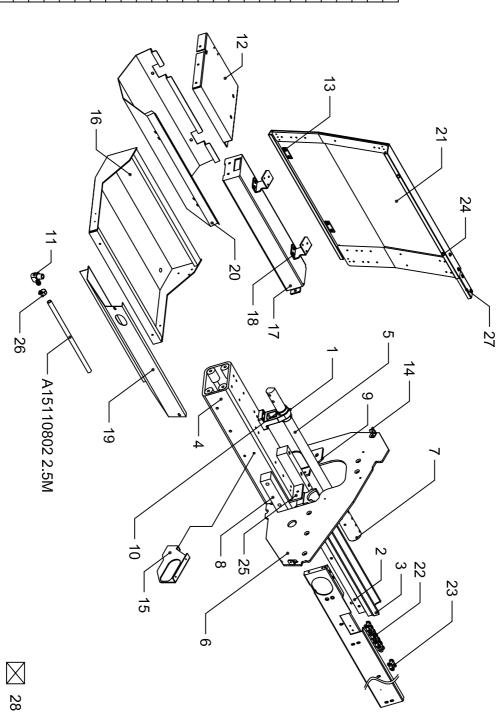
12 16 20 25 27 32 34 35 38 42 45 51

0 11 15 19 24 25 32 34 34.5 38 41.5 44.3 51 Code TYPE. → L □ QΤY Bar pusher Bar pusher Bar pusher device Bar pusher E X X Denomination

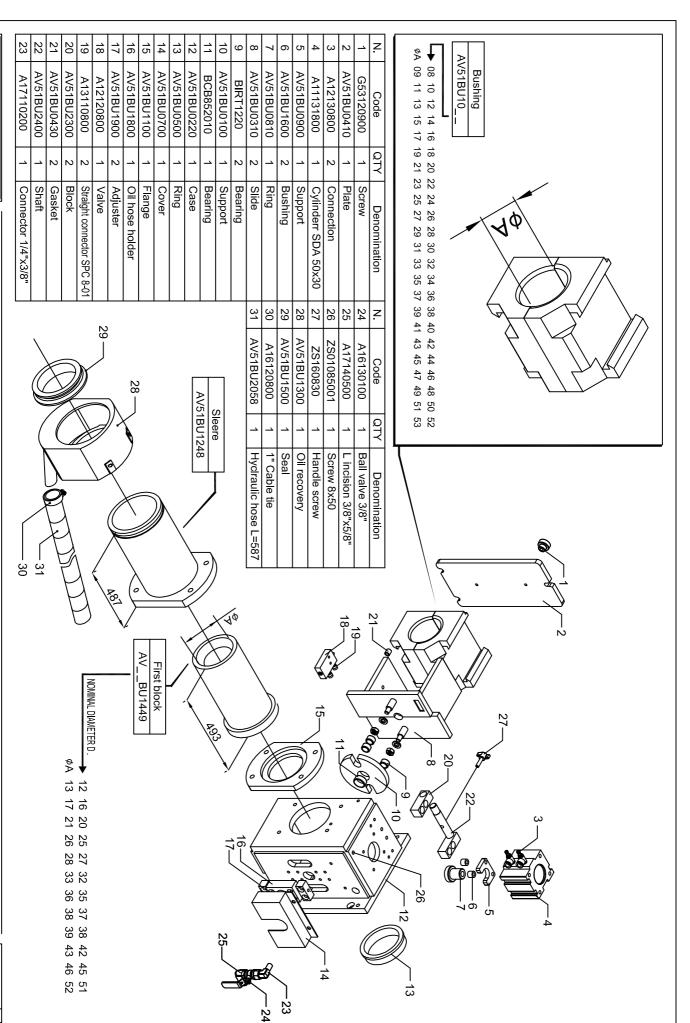
LL | LL | XL | BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG, LL=EXTRA LONG)

12-51 RATED REFERENCE DIAMETER DEFINING THE BAR FEEDER EQUIPMENT.

28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	သ	2	1	<u>z</u>
AV51XL000A	AV51BA6200	A16120400	AV51GR4900	G81121000	AV51DR1801	AV51DR1603	AV51BA2150	AV51BA2050	AV51BA1950	AV51BA2201	AV51MA1920	AV51BA1839	AV51MA2300	AV51BA1901	G8112000A	AV51MA2201	A17140700	AV51CH3700	AV51BA1650	AV51CH5100	AV51CH4900	AV51BA1640	AV51BA1538	AV51CH0139	AVCH2300	AV51CH000C	AV51CH000J	Code
_	_	2	_	2	2	1	_	_	1	2	_	_	1	3	4	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	QTY
Pusher extension kit	Plate	5/8" Hose clamp	Plate	Rubber mounting	Chain link	Chain	Cover	Cover	Cover	Plate	Tube	Bowl	Support	Plate	Hinge	Support	L Fitting 3/8"Px1/2E"	Fixing ring	Plate	Connector rod	Connector rod	Plate	Shaft	Beam	Lower guide channel	Aluminum batten	Support	Denomination

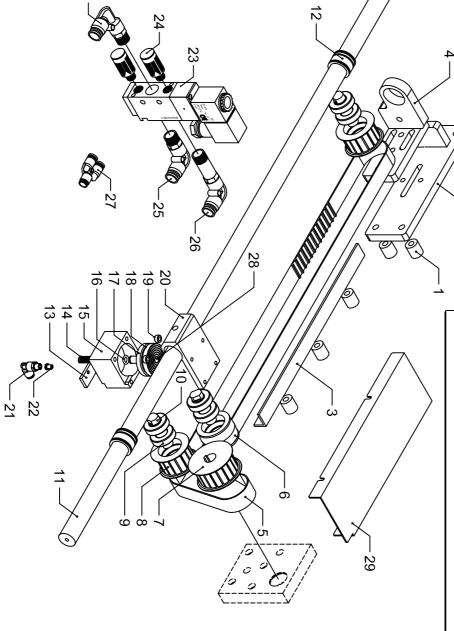


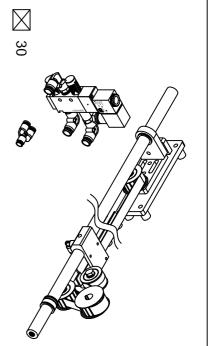
PUSHER EXTENSION KIT 540MM



FIRST ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE AND FIXED FRONT NOSE

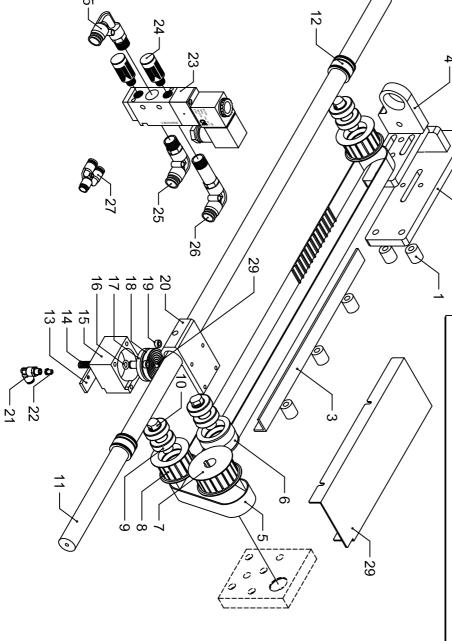
	Sychronization device	_	AV51SY0010	30
	Belt cover	1	AV51SY3400	29
	Guide	1	AV51SY1503	82
	Three port Y type SPY-8 Ø8	1	A13130400	27
1	Bended connector SPLL 8-02 Ø8	1	A13120501	26
25	Bended connector SPL 8-02 Ø8	2	A13120500	25
Ş	Silencer	2	A14110200	24
^ን አ	Electro valve	1	A12120100	23
	Copper connector 1/8"x1/8"	1	A15120300	22
24	Bended connector SHP 8-01	1	A13121300	21
)	Support	1	AV51SY0700	20
	Spacer	2	AV51SY1100	19
	Seal	1	AV51SY1910	18
	Piston	1	AV51SY1510	17
	Seal	_	AV51SY2010	16
	Jacket	1	AV51SY1300	15
	Spring	1	AV51SY1700	14
	Guide	_	AV51SY1200	13
	Bronze ring	1	0080AS15AW	12
-71	Shaft	1	0060AS15AW	11
3	Pin	3	AV51SY0200	10
	Bearing	9	B6003ZZ	6
/	Pulley 16T	2	AV51SY0400	8
/	Pulley 19T	1	AV51SY0300	7
>	Roller	1	AV51SY0100	9
	Toothed belt	1	AV51SY1800	5
	Support	1	AV51SY0500	4
	Profile	1	AV51SY1400	3
	Plate	1	AV51SY0600	2
	Bushing	7	AV51SY1000	1
	Denomination	QTY	Code	N.

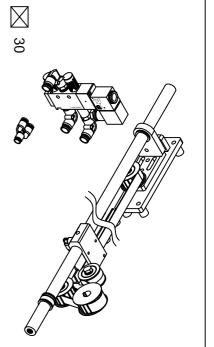




SYCHRONIZATION DEVICE

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QTY





SYCHRONIZATION DEVICE 71.5MM

AV51TE1101 A12130901 AV51RE0001 o 5

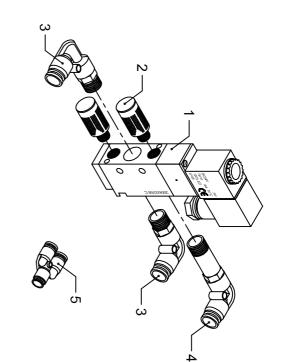
A13130400 AV51TE1001

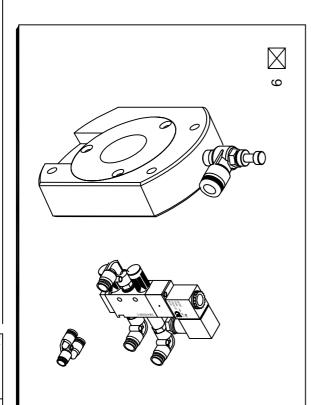
A14110200 A13120500 A13120501

Code A12120100

_	1	1	1	1		2	2	1	ALD
	Air Control valve JSC8 1/4", Ø8	Flange	Housing	Three port Y type SPY-8 Ø8	Bended connector SPLL 8-02 Ø8	Bended connector SPL 8-02 Ø8	Silencer	Solenoid valve	Denomination

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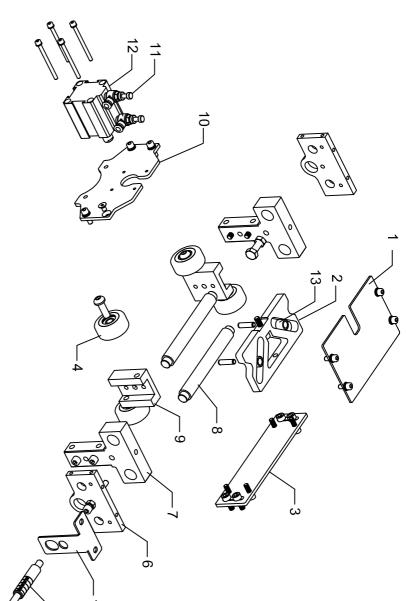


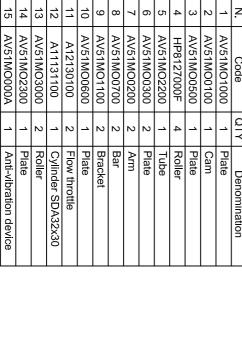


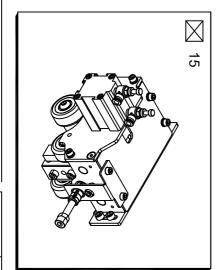
OIL RECOVERY

121₆

3 AV51MO08__ **Bushing Block** Φ 09 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 49 51 53 **→** 08 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 AV51MO3000 AV51MO0300 AV51MO0600 AV51MO1100 AV51MO0700 AV51MO0200 AV51MO2200 HP8127000F AV51MO0500 AV51MO0100 AV51MO1000 A11131100 A12130100 Code Plate Roller Bar Roller Cam Plate Bracket Plate Plate Flow throttle Arm Tube Denomination

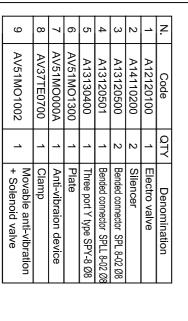


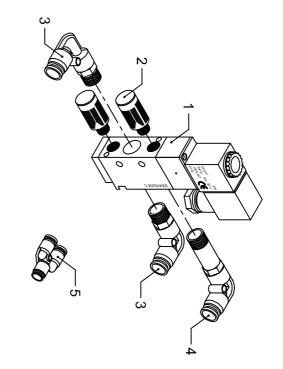




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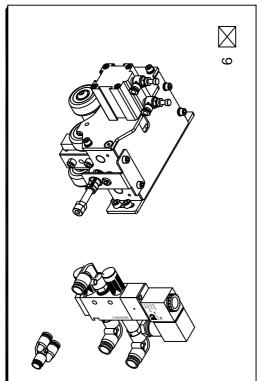
MOVEABLE ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE

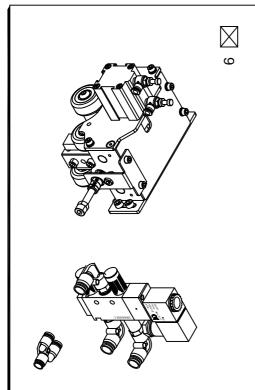




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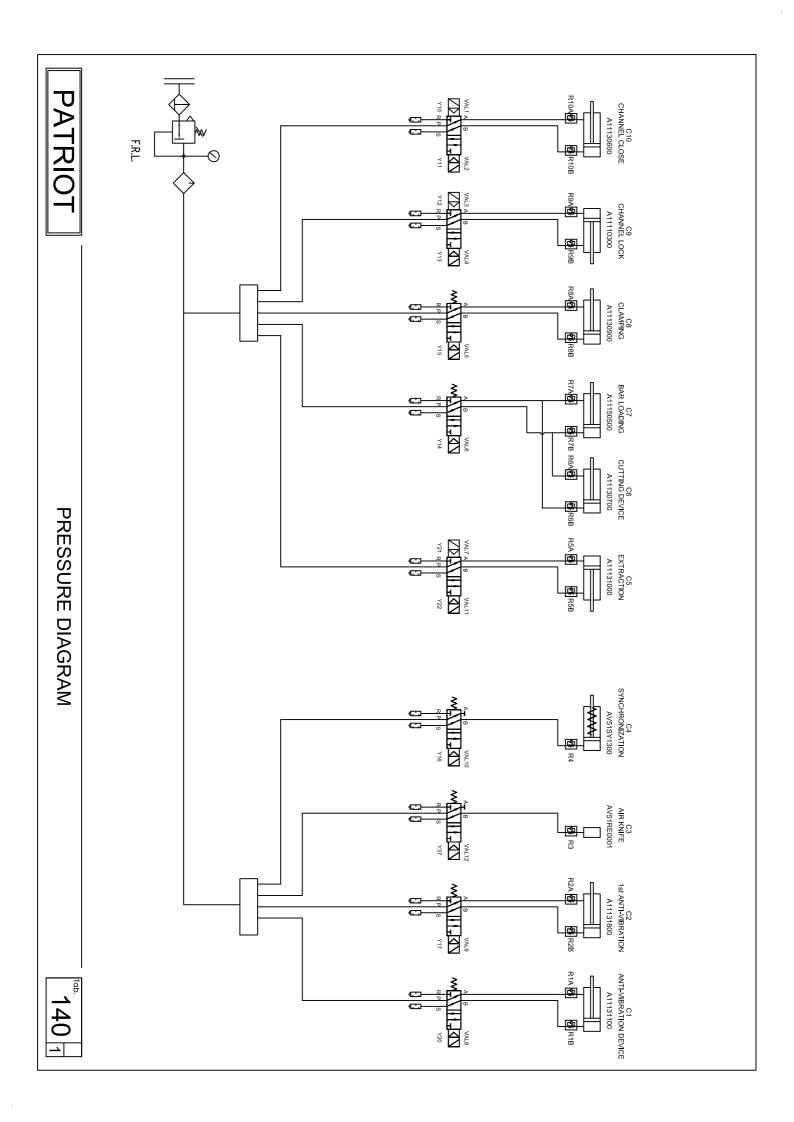


MOVABLE ANTI-VIBRATION + SOLENOID VALVE

PATRIOT	N. Code QTY Denomination 1 AV510L0900 1 Pump SP-4180 2 AV510L0200 1 Cover 5 A16110100 1 Oil tank 5 A16110100 1 Remnan tank 6 AV510L0400 1 Remnan tank
OIL TANK	
130 6	

PATRIOT	Denomination Pump SP-4180 Oil tank Cover Cover Oil meter Remnan tank
OIL TANK (TRACKING SYSTEM) [25]	
131	

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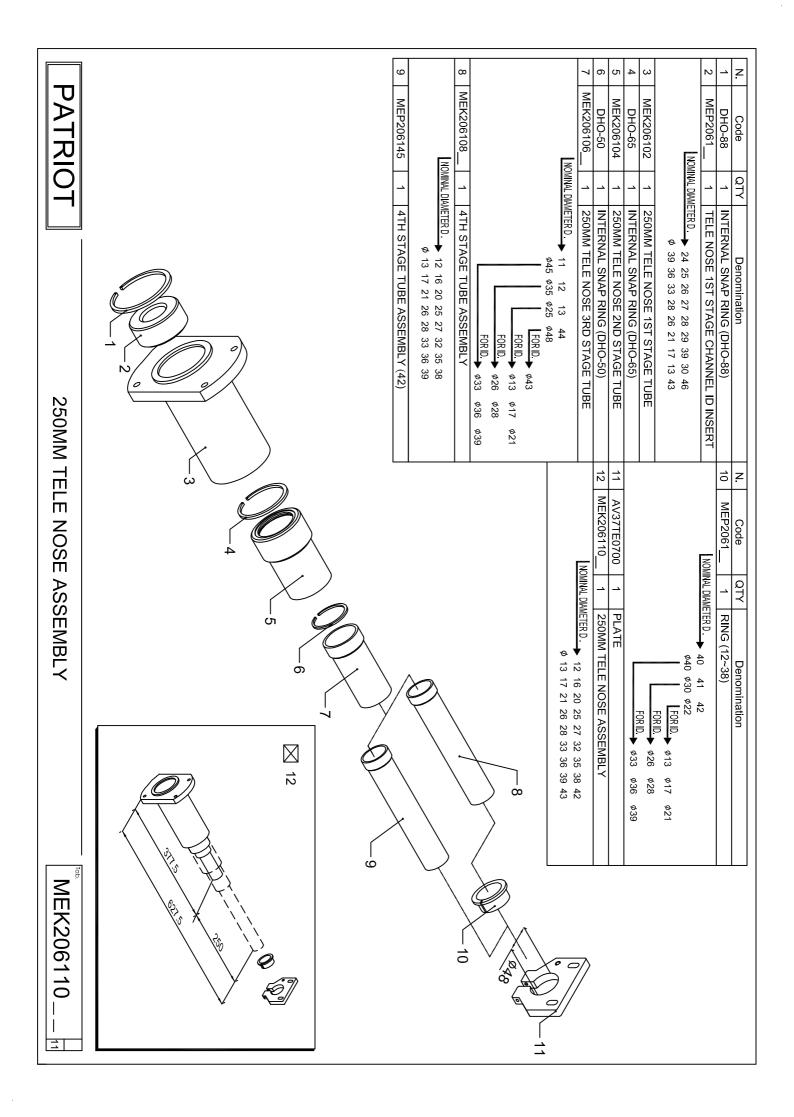


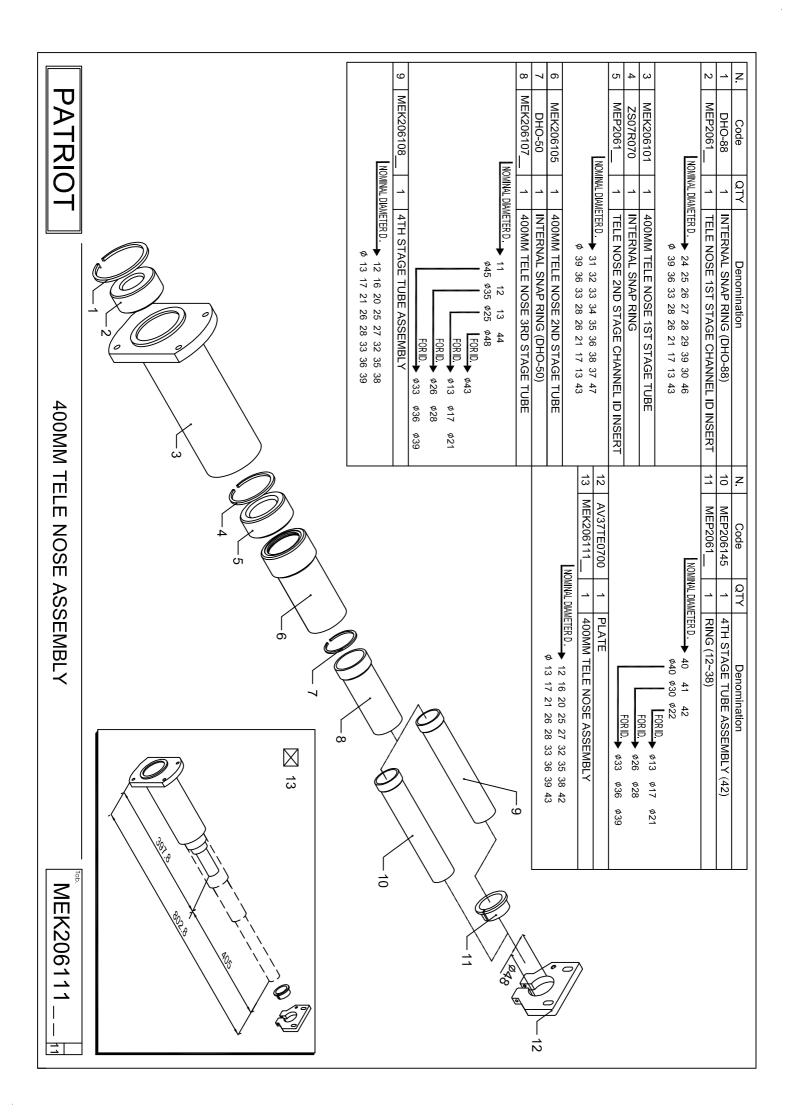
TA1

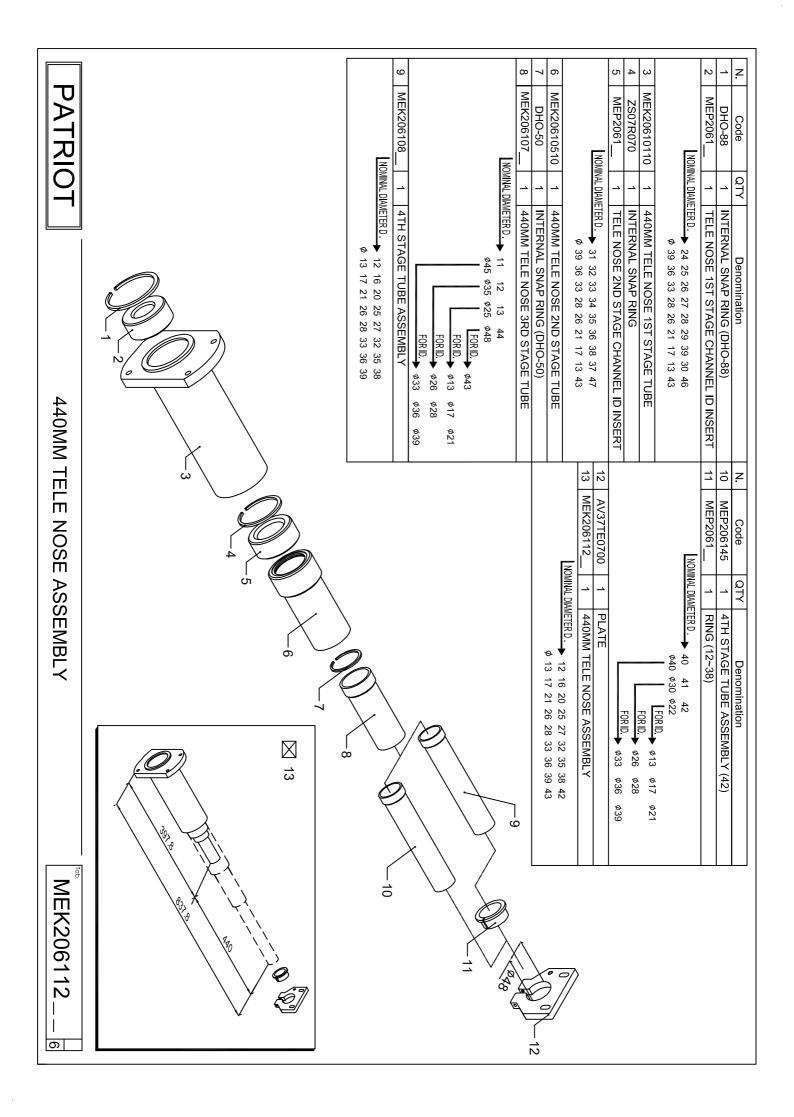
AIR PRESSURE DIAGRAM ITEM

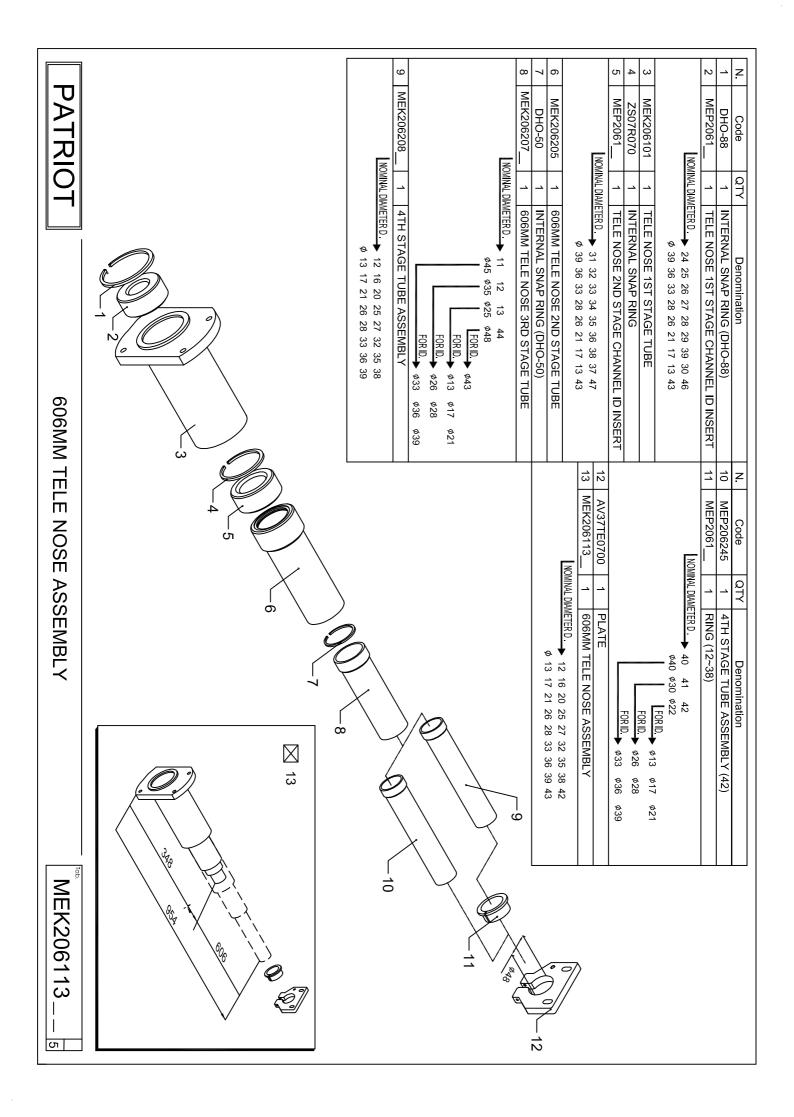
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			<u> </u>				
	04 0-7/10		l	_	FLOW REGULATOR	A01A	
	8¢ 8-A92		l l	_	HOSE TO HOSE	K9B	0001E1S1A
			ı			A9A	
			ı			88A	
			ı			A8A	
	12C 8-03 1/4", ¢8		ı		FLOW REGULATOR	87A	0060£121A
	07 117/7 00 0 05.		ı			ATA	00000707
			ı	1-10 bar		RSB	
			ı	304011		A3A	
	ro-8Hq2		ı	1	L tape jiont	₽Ы	00812121A
	12C 8-0∑ 1/4", ø8		ı	1	FLOW REGULATOR	F3	1060£1S1A
			ı	1		R10B	
1006 OSI	12C 8-0∑ 1\4", ¢8		ı	1	FLOW REGULATOR	R2B	0080E1S1A
			ı	†		ASA	
			ı		1	R1B	
	SC6-01MA (PSB6-01UI)		ı	†	FLOW REGULATOR	AIA	0010E1S1A
	SDA 40x25		ı		CHANNEL CLOSE & OPEN	C10	0090E111A
	SDA 40x25		ı		CHYNNEF FOCK	60	00E0E111A
	001x08 AG2		ı		СГАМРІИС	C8	0060£111A
	SC-63x25-CB		ı		ВРК ГОРДІИС	ر2 در	00303111A
	SDA 12x15	DATAIA	ı		СПДДІИВ DEVICE	9O	0070E111A
	SDA 80x45	OATOIA	ı		EXTRACTION	C2	00018111A
	00£1Y213VA		ı		SYNCHRONIZATION	C4	0051Y213VA
	AV51RE0001		l		AIR KNIFE	63	AV51RE0001
	SDA 50x30		ı		NOITAABIV-ITNA 121	cs CS	00818111A
	SDA 32x30		ı		ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE	10	001121114
	00.00 400		ı		JOINTO MOIT AGGIN 17:44	St JAV	00110111
			ı	-			
				-		01 JAV	
	4\210-08		l I	DC5 4	5/2 WAY VALVE	6 JAV	00102121A
			١ ١	-		8 JAV	
						9	
			ı		-	3 JAV	
			l			11 JAV	
				_		7 JAV	
001 01 11417 4	00.07745		l	DC5 t	5/2 WAY VALVE	<i>†</i> 7∀∧	A12120200
99 1 6HW7∧	4V220-08					£ JAV	
			l			S JAV	
			· .			Ι JAV	
	BEC-5000		ı	1.0-10kgf/cm ²	FILTER,REGULATOR, LUBRICATOR	F.R.L.	00501121A
Remarks	Suppliers reference	Supplier	(Timen D	Technical data	Description and function	mətl designation	Drawing No









130	120	110	100	090	080	070	060	050	040	030	020	010	
OIL TANK	TELESCOPIC FRONT NOSE		AND FIXED FRONT NOSE		GUIDE CHANNEL	GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT	CUTTING DEVICE	FEED MOTOR DRIVE	BASES AND BEAM	COVER	CLAMPING	FRAME DEVICE	
			110		120		100						
			0	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		130							080
							o -		, the				030

PATRIOT-SX

PICTURE INDEX

<u> </u>																			.				. 1							. [-									-		1
J	-	36 A	35 A	34 A	3 E		_	31 A	30 A	29 A	28 P			\dashv			22 A	A.				18		_	_	-	13 Z		\exists	10 A		8 2	7 <u>2</u>	+		_	_		2 A	<u> </u>	z	
	AV51MA3100	AV51MA2700	AV51MA1910	AV51MA2100	AV51MA2020	AV51MA2130	AV51MA1300	AV51MA1302	AV51MA1303	AV51MA1500	PG38MA0900	AV51MA0400	AV51MA0601	AV51MA0500	AV51MA0600	AV51MA1001	AV51MA1037	AV51MA1032	AV51MA1025	AV51MA2600	A11150500	BPHS16	AV51MA0900	AV51MA0901	AV51MA0701	AV51MA1700	ZS011212001	AV51MA1200	AV51MA1100	AV51MA0800	AV51MA2210	AV51MA0120	AV51MA1637	AV51MA1625	AV51MA0300	AV51MA1800	AV51MA0200	AV51MA0110	AV51MA2300	AV51MA2400	Code	
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	Ring	Plate	Tube	Tube	Tube	Tube		Shim	Plate			Support				Conr	Pull r	Pull r	_		Cylin	Joint	Support			Arbor	Cap	Arbor		Anchor	Support	Support	Arbo	_					Plate	Support		
			Tube L=1398mm	Tube L=328mm	9-3.7M L	Tube-2.5M L=688mm	Ò	,			0	ort)r		٦	Connector rod-3.7M	rod-3.7M	rod-3.7M	rod-2.5M	Adjustable handle	nder SC-6		oort	Extension bar	(D	ř	Cap screw	Ÿ		Tor	oort	oort	or-3 7M L	or 2 5M L		#		ort		oort	Denomination	
			mm	ηm	Tube-3.7M L=1888mm	=688mm										d-3.7M	Pull rod-3.7M L=605mm	Pull rod-3.7M L=2725mm	Pull rod-2.5M L=2010mm	ındle	Cylinder SC-63x25-CB			,									Arbor-3.7M L=3400mm	Arbor-2.5M L=2160mm							ation	
		6——	5										—14 lo————————————————————————————————————		13 ————————————————————————————————————		30-						3 \ // \ \ \ / / /					24 / 24 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	/				$27 \longrightarrow 32 \longrightarrow 1$									

PATRIOT-SX

FRAME DEVICE

29 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 32 30 28 27 26 25 24 7 20 19 18 z 16 15 AV51GR4004 AV51GR2300 AV51GR0410 AV51GR2400 AV51GR1201 AV51GR0200 AV51GR2610 AV51GR2100 AV51GR3150 AV51GR2900 AV51GR1300 AV51GR1500 AV51GR2500 AV51GR0701 AV51GR0800 AV51GR0901 AV51GR0500 AV51GR0600 AV51GR2800 AV51GR2700 AV51GR3130 AV51GR2000 AV51GR2200 AV51GR1900 AV51GR3000 AV51GR3500 AV51GR1400 AV51GR1101 AV51GR1001 AV51GR0501 AV51GR0100 AV51GR1701 AV51CH1701 AV51GR1801 AV51GR1800 AV51GR1700 AV51GR1600 AV51GR0300 A12131000 ZS060615 Code QTY Plate Plate Rack Sleeve Plate Plate Plate Cover Shaft Shim Plate Rack Shelf Shaft Anchor Lever Pushing stripe Flow regulator JSC 8-03 Arbor Rack Anchor Anchor Transmission rod Support Bearing Plate Spacer Transmission rod Sheel steel Anchor Pate Anchor L Anchor R Transmission rod Anchor Lower clamp Clip cutter 6x15 Tab Connetor shaft Pinion 33T Denomination 46 45 44 43 42 41 z AV51GR4010 AV51GR4005 AV51GR1802 AV51GR4100 AV51GR4900 A11130900 Code QTY Plate Pinion 42T Cover Cylinder SDA 80x100 Shock absorber Shock absorber Denomination 5 -37-10 38 -20_{31} 26 .27 28 -24 25 -35 -36 -29 င္ပဲ -23 45 -22

PATRIOT-SX

CLAMPING

151 16 13 **PATRIOT-SX** AV51BA2104 AV51BA18261 AV51BA4100 AV51BA1926 AV51BA2103 AV51BA3700 AV51BA3400 AV51BA3810 AV51BA3325 AV51BA1600 AV51BA1826 AV51BA2310 AV51BA1710 AV51BA2126 AV51BA4026 AV51BA2201 J630110 Code QTY 2 Profile Plate Plate Profile Sound absorbing cotton Plexiglass window Plate Bowl(XL) L=3031mm Bowl L=3031mm Oil box Luminous indicator unit Hood shock Plate L=2970mm Cover L=2996mm Cover L=2996mm Access Panel Cover L=2992mm Denomination 16-ವ COVER 25 16-25 37 BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX. 3 2 15 6 12

PATRIOT-SX	17 AV
믿	Code AV51BA2201 AV51BA1838 AV51BA1838 AV51BA1838 AV51BA3337 AV51BA3337 AV51BA33710 AV51BA3710 AV51BA3710 AV51BA2103 AV51BA2103 AV51BA2103
)-T-(
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PATRIOT-SX	32 A17110300 1 90° Connection 1/4"x1/4"	A12140400 1	 29 A15140200 1 Connection 1/4"	28 A12110300 1 Pneumatically-actuated electrical microswitch PM-20	27 AB110300 1 Joint	AV51BA3100 4	AV51BA3000 4	AV51BA1100 4	AV51BA1200 4	21 AV51BA1400 8 Screw 22 AV51BA1500 4 Tie rod	AV51BA1000 28	AV51BA0900 28	18 AV51BA0800 14 Column	2	2	2	AV51BA2600 1	AV51BA2700 1	AV51BA2500 1	_	AV51BA0700 2	9 AV51BA0600 2 Support	8 AV51BA0510 1 Base	7 AV51BA0200 1 Door	AV51BA0300 1	AV51BA0410 4	2	AV51BA0100 1	_	126 1 Be <i>a</i>	N. Code QTY Denomination		
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90° Connection 1/4°x1/4°	Pressure switch	Connection 1/4"xø8	Connection 1/4"	Pneumatically-actuated electrical microswitch PM-20	Joint	Plug	Plug	Plate	Plate	Tie rod	Screw	Washer	Washer	Column	Eyebolt	Bushing	Support	Support	Housing	Key-board	Door	Base	Door	Panel	Support	Base	Beam L=4200mm	Denomination	
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BASES AND BEAM (TRACKING SYSTEM) [37]

PATRIOT-SX

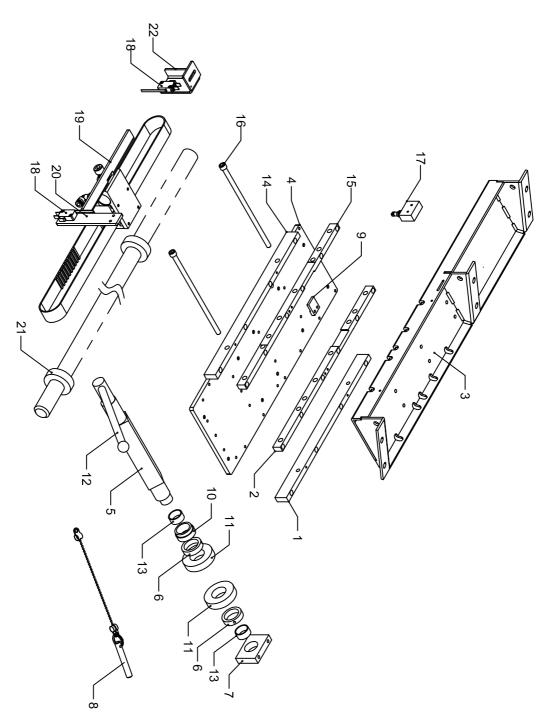
27 28 29 19 20 26 23 21 25 18 17 6 15 3 12 10 z 9 ω AV51BA3000 AV51BA1200 AV51BA1500 AV51BA1000 AV51BA2600 AV51BA2500 A17110300 AV51BA3100 AV51BA1100 AV51BA1400 AV51BA0900 AV51BA0800 AV51BA3300 AV51BA3301 AV51BA2900 AV51BA2700 AV51BA2800 AV51BA0550 AV51BA0200 AV51BA0300 AV51BA0410 AV51BA0101 AV51BA0140 AV51CH0126 A12110300 A12140400 A13120500 A15140200 AB110300 Code P T 4 28 28 ω Plug Base Plug Plate Pane Base Base Pressure switch Joint Plate Washer Housing Door Support 90° Connection 1/4"x1/4" Tie rod Washer Eyebolt Bushing Support Key-board Beam L=3000mm Connection 1/4"xø8 Connection 1/4" electrical microswitch PM-20 Pneumatically-actuated Screw Column Support Support Denomination 20-18 @ 23 19 Model28 26 27 17 15 16 17 29 -24 -25 ω 25 37 BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX. 12 13

PATRIOT-SX

BASES AND BEAM (TRACKING SYSTEM) 25

PATRIOT-SX

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AV51MZ008A	ADP779810028	AV51MA3100	ADP779810027	ADP779810026	J310419	J310409	ZS0112300	AV51MZ1600	AV51MZ1500	BSF2815	P35201200	B6207ZZ	AV51BA0810	AV51MZ1000	AV51MZ000B	AV51MZ0800	AV51MZ0700	AV51MZ0610	AV51MZ0500	AV51MZ0420	AV51MZ1400	AV51MZ0201	
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Axial tracking system	Support	Ring	Support	Support	Microswitch V-15-1A5	Microswitch TZ-7311	Screw bolt	Positioning plate	Fixing plate	Bearing SF-2815	Handle 1160-M14-250	Bearing	Bushing	Anchor	Bolt	Block	Ring	Arbor	Plate	Plate	Positioning plate	Fixing plate	



Code

QTY

Denomination

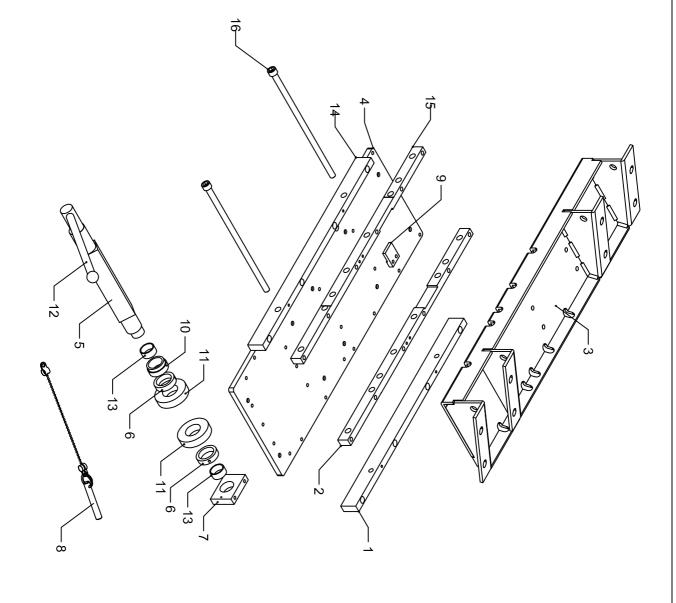
TRACKING SYSTEM

046 4

3.7M FOR FRONT / 2.5M FOR BACK

PATRIOT-SX

\neg	z	Code	γTΩ	Denomination
		AV51MZ0201	_	Fixing plate
	2	AV51MZ1400	1	Positioning plate
	3	AV51MZ0430	1	Plate
	4	AV51MZ0500	1	Plate
	5	AV51MZ0610	1	Arbor
	6	AV51MZ0700	2	Ring
	7	AV51MZ0800	1	Block
	8	AV51MZ000B	1	Bolt
	9	AV51MZ1000	1	Anchor
	10	AV51BA0810	1	Bushing
	11	B6207ZZ	2	Bearing
	12	P35201200	1	Handle 1160-M14-250
	13	BSF2815	2	Bearing SF-2815
	14	AV51MZ1500	1	Fixing plate
	15	AV51MZ1600	1	Positioning plate
	16	ZS0112300	2	Screw bolt
	17	AV51MZ009A	1	Axial tracking system



BACK TRACKING SYSTEM [37]

11 12 12 13 13 17	10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Z	
B6207ZZ P35201200 AV51MZ1000 BSF2815 AV51MZ2800 ZS0112300 AV51MZ001C	Code AV51MZ1400 AV51MZ2900 AV51MZ0450 AV51MZ0500 AV51MZ0610 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0700 AV51MZ0000B AV51MZ0000B AV51MZ0000B AV51MZ0000B AV51MZ0000B	
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Bearing Handle 1160-M14-250 Anchor Bearing SF-2815 Fixing plate Screw bolt Axial tracking system	Denomination Positioning plate Fixing plate Plate Plate Arbor Ring Block Bolt Positioning plate Bushing	
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FRONT TRACKING SYSTEM 25

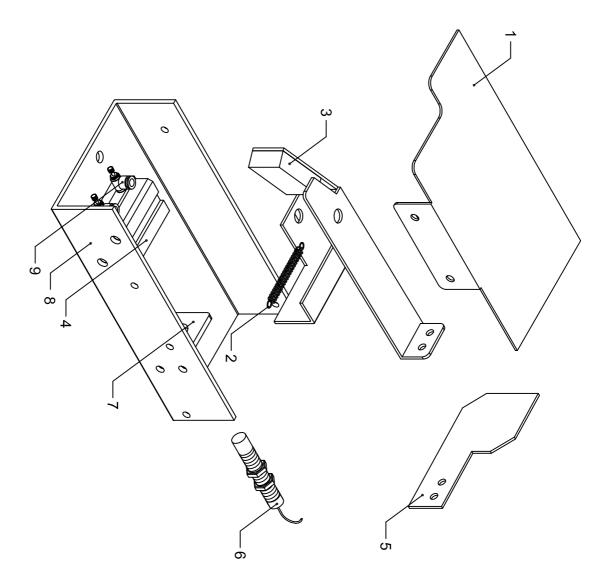
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^ T D D T	AV51GR3202	AV51GR4410	AV51GR4300	AV51GR4610	AV51CH1701	AV51GR0800	AV51GR4700	AV51GR4500	AV51GR4200	A12140501	A11131000	A12131000	AV51DR1800	AV51DR1700	AV51DR1601	01/51DB0810	AV51DR0801	AV51DR0900	AV51DR0700	AV51DR1011	AV51DR1013	AV51DR1010	AV51DR1111	AV51DR1113	AV51DR1110	AV51DR1210	AV51DR1300	AV51DR1402	AV51DR1401	AV51DR0600	AV51DR0410	B6907ZZ	B6005ZZ	AV51DR0200	AV51DR0100	AV51DR0300	AV51DR0420	AV51DR0500	J221202	Code
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	Guide block 2	OAM block	Push block	Extensive block	Pillar	Connector	Pin	CAM	Slide block	Magnetic sensor LY-67A-5N	Cylinder SDAS 80x45	Adjustable valve JSC 8-03	Chain link 3/8"	Chain-3.7M L=875P	Chain-2.5M L=617P	Support	Support	Spacer	Sprocket 39T	Chain guide-3.7M L=1215	Chain guide-2.5M L=2996	Chain guide-3.7M L=2980	Chain guide-3.7M L=2925	Chain guide-2.5M L=2830	Chain guide-3.7M L=1094	Chain adjustable block	Plate	Bracket	Sensor bracket	Support	Support	Bearing	Bearing	Whorl pole 19T	Worm gear 80T	Pillar	Support	Whorl pole 28T	Motor HF-SP102	- Denomination
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Tab.	BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX				4	—5 / - 7	\(\frac{10}{\chi}\)	10) - 	Y <u>.</u> Y					////12	7	4 id	-\ -\ -\!			// P	'	/					(14	,	17	- 24					

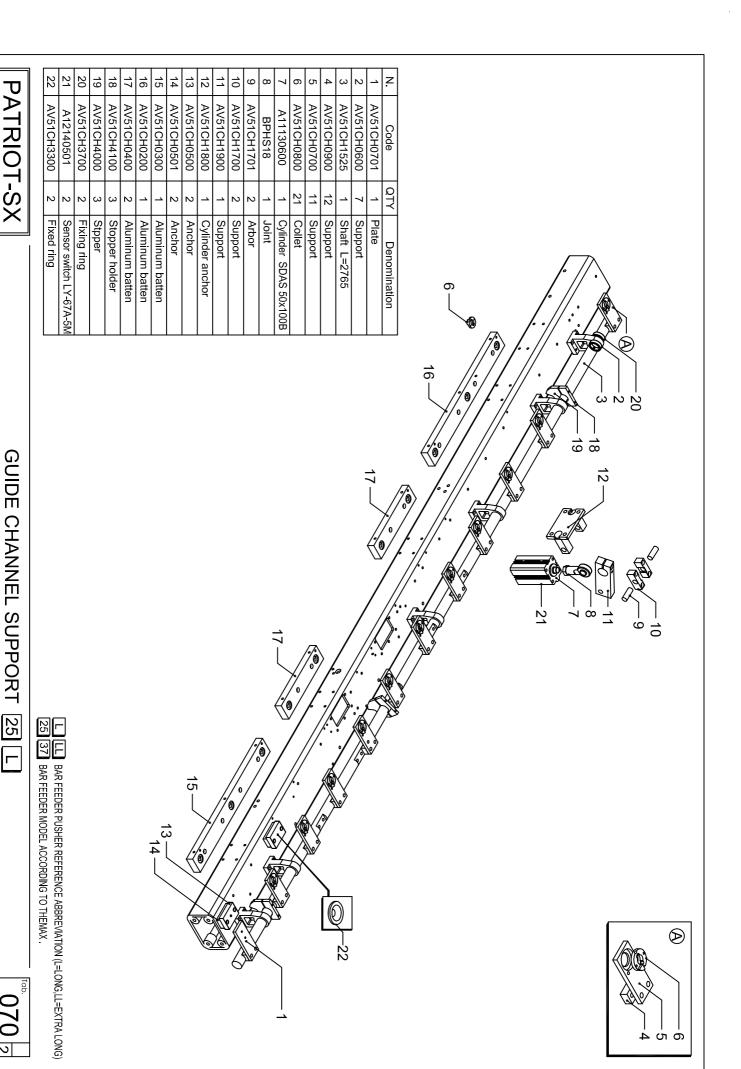
FEED MOTOR DRIVE

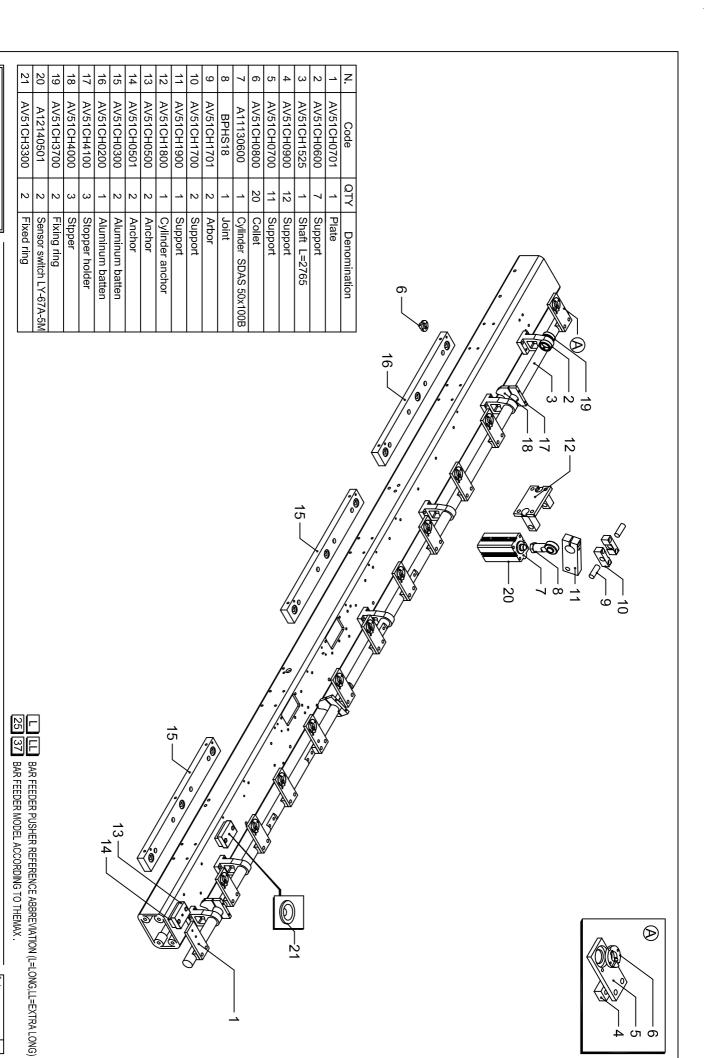
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AV51FA001A	A12130300	AV51FA0110	AV51FA0400	J310313	AV51FA0300	A11130700	AV51FA0210	G92120600	AV51FA0510	Code
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Cutting assembly	Flow regulator JSC 6-M5	Housing	Bracket	Microswitch	Flag	Cylinder SDA12x15	Short feed door	Spring	Cover	Denomination



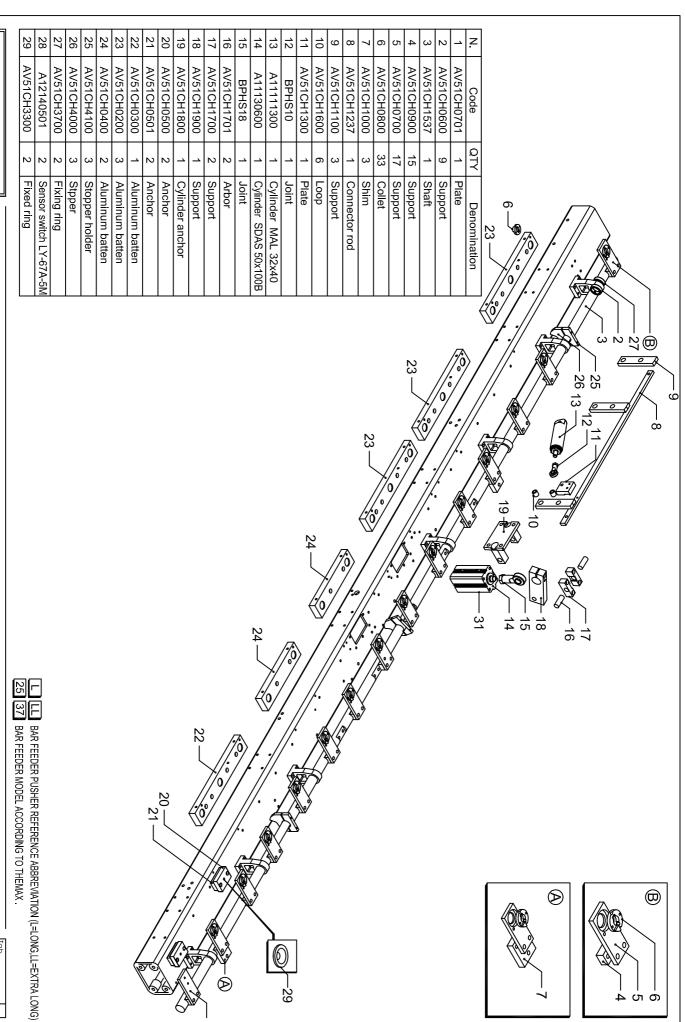
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CUTTING DEVICE

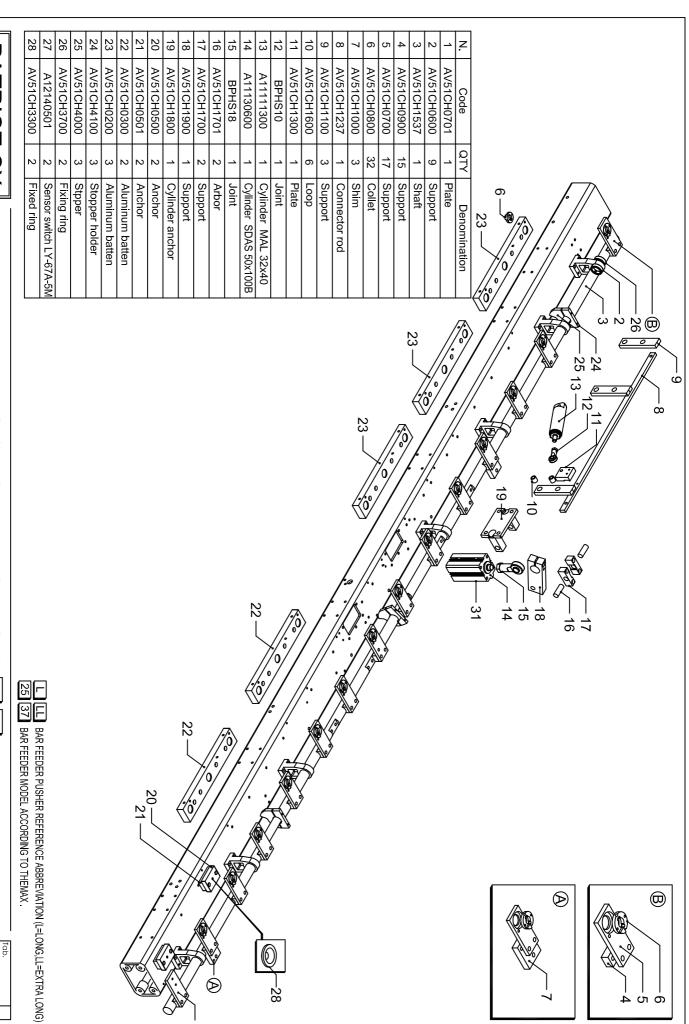




GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT [25] LL



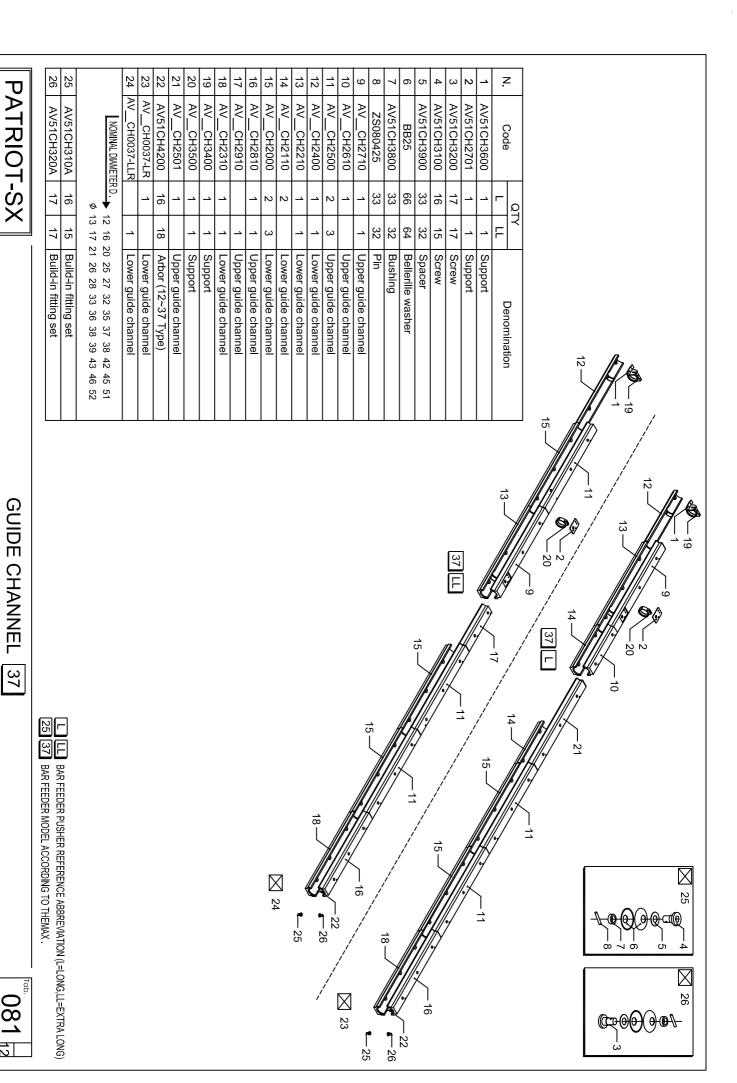
GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT [37] L

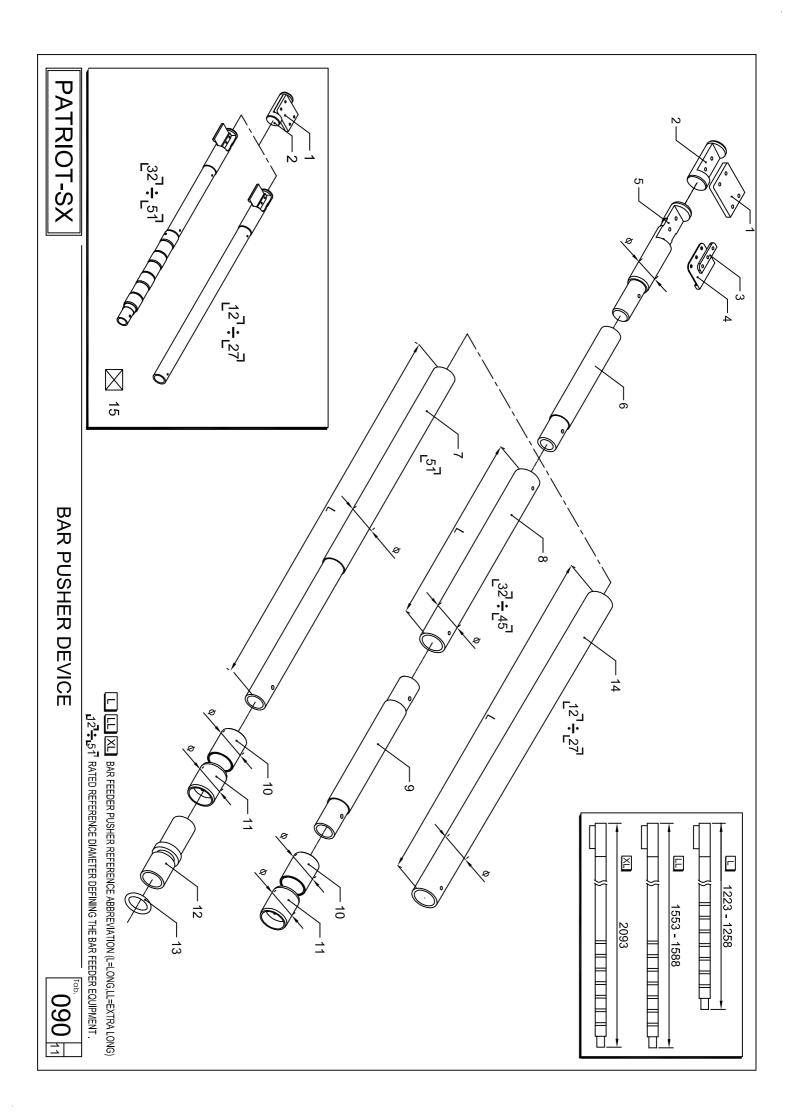


GUIDE CHANNEL SUPPORT [37] [L]

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AV51CH310A AV51CH320A		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.	AVCH0025-LLR	AVCH0025-LR	AV51CH4200	AV_CH2501	AVCH3500	AV_CH3400	AV_CH2910	AV_CH2000	AV_CH2110	AV_CH2210		AV_CH2500	AV_CH2610	AVCH2710	ZS080425	AV51CH3800	BB25	AV51CH3900	AV51CH3100	AV51CH3200	AV51CH2701	AV51CH3600	Code	2	
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11 9	17	12 16 2	1		12		_	_	1	2		_	_	2		_	20	20	40	20	9	1	_	_	ᅱ	≺	
Build-in fitting set Build-in fitting set	28 33 36 38 39 43 46	20 25 27 32 35 37 38 42 45 51	Guide channel	Guide channel	Arbor (12~37 Type)	Upper guide channel	Support	Support	Upper guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Lower guide channel	Upper guide channel	Upper guide channel	Upper guide channel	Pin	Bushing	Bellerille washer	Spacer	Screw	Screw	Support	Support	Denomination		12 18
L LL BAR FEE 25 37 BAR FEE														ā	15				25 LL							7	12 18 13 9 0 2 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG,LL=EXTRA LONG) BAR FEEDER MODEL ACCORDING TO THEMAX.									× 22			!	- P33	7:4				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		/ 15 L 1 24	/			14			23 4 X 24 X 24 X 3

GUIDE CHANNEL 25





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		Pieton (51 Type)	٠ .	AV51PR1200	i ک	
		Connector rod (51 Type)	_	AV51PB1100	12	
		34.5 37	æ			
		38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
		Bronze ring	4	AV_PB0800	7	
		31.5 34 36 37 40 43 49	æ			
		32 35 37 38 42 45	FIER D.	NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
		Spacer	ω	AV_PB0700	10	
		27.4 30 32 35 40	10			
		32 35 37 42		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.		
		Bar pusher	_	AV_PB0600	9	
		30 34 35	ø			
		→ 32 35 37 38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .		
		Bar pusher L=972	_	AVPB0500		×
			_		00	
		Bar pusher L=642	_			
		Bar pusher ¢50.8 L=1335 (51 Type)	_	AV51PB0500	Γ,	E
		Bar pusher Ø50.8 L=1005 (51 Type)	_	AV51PB0400	7	
		16 20 25 27	19.			
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		Bar pusher L=540		AV_PB0530	6	×
		16 20 25 27 32 35 37 38	19.			
		27 32 35 37 38 42 45		NOMINAL DIAMETER D		
		Pusher	_	AV_PB0110	2	
		Flag 25-51	_	AV51PB0200	4	
				AV20PB0200		
		Anchor 25-51	_	AV51PB0300		
15		Anchor 18 - 20	_	AV20PB0300	ω	
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		16 20 25 27 32.5 35.5 37.5 38.5 42.5 45.5	· &			
	\times	16 20 25 27 32 35 37 38 42 45 51	ETER D.	NOMINAL DIAMETER D. 12		
14		Prefeed pusher	_	AVPB0900	2	
		Prefeed pusher flag	_	AV51PB1002	_	
z		Denomination	QTY	Code	z	

AV__PB0010-__R 1

Bar pusher device

TYPE.

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 X
 X

NOMINAL DIAMETER D.

Code AV_PB0400

QTY

Denomination

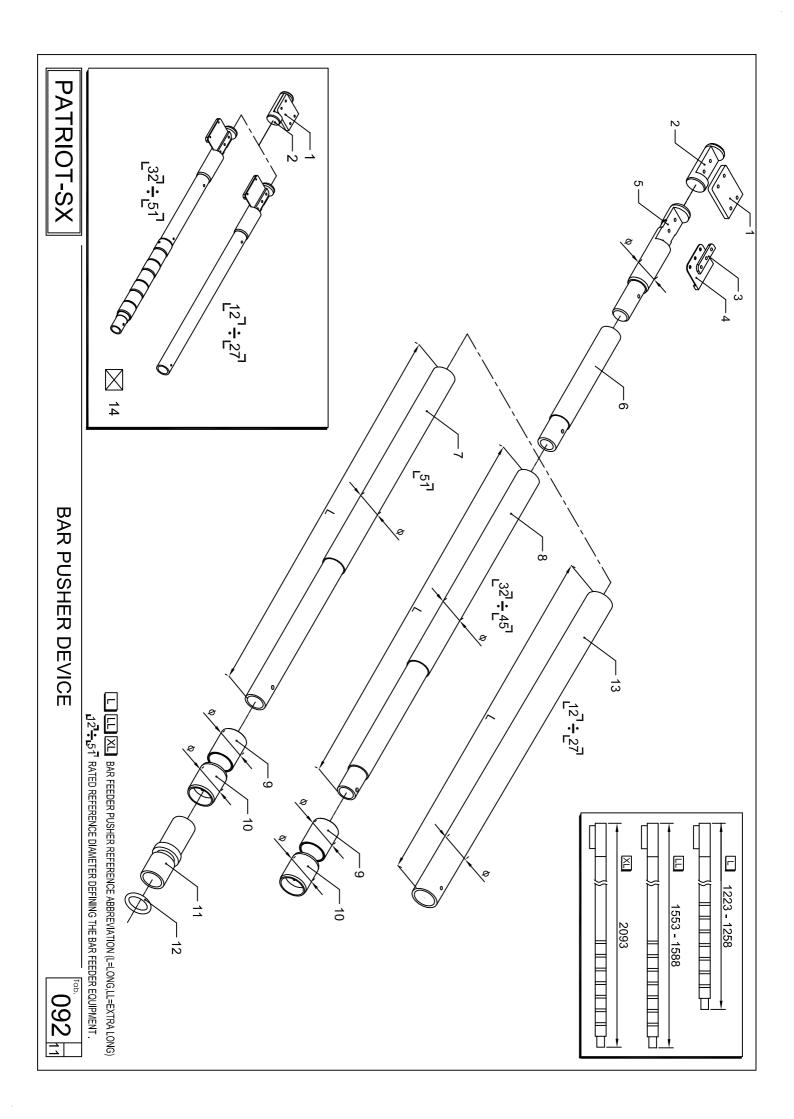
AV_PB0500 AV_PB0500

Bar pusher Bar pusher Bar pusher

NOMINAL DIAMETER D. ▶ 12 16 20 25 27 Ø 12 16 20 25.2 27

L][LL][XL] BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG,LL=EXTRA LONG)

127-151 RATED REFERENCE DIAMETER DEFINING THE BAR FEEDER EQUIPMENT.



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AV_PB0800 4 NOMINAL DIAMETER D. AV51PB1100 1 AV51PB1200 1	AV_PB0700 3	NOMINAL DIAMETER D. → 32		AV_PB0420	AV51PB0520	AV51PB0420	TO SEE THE SEE	Ţ∥	AV PB0530		NOMINAL DIAMETER D.	AV_PB0120	AV20PB0210 AV51PB0210	AV51PB0300	AV20PB0300	AV16PB0300		NOMINAL DIAMETER D .	AV_PB0900	AV51PB1002	Code
TERD. 4	FRD. ♥		_ -	_	.	_			_	~ 1		_		_	-	_	~ .		_	_	QTY
31.5 34 37 40 43 Bronze ring 32 34 35 38 41 32 34 34.5 38 41. Connector rod (51 Type)	33 36 40 43 acer 35 38 42 45	35 38 42	Bar pusher L=1391		L=1327	Bar pusher Ø49 L=997 (51 Type)	▼ 12 16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42 45 51 φ 12 16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42 45 51		Bar pusher L=540	16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42	25 27 32 35 38 42 45	Pusher	Flag 10 - 20 Flag 25 - 51	ğ	Anchor 18 - 20	Anchor 10-16	16 20 25 27 32.5 35.5 38.5 42.5 45.5	◆ 12 16 20 25 27 32 35 38 42 45 51	Prefeed pusher	Prefeed pusher flag	Denomination
											١				14				<u>[]</u> 13	二	z

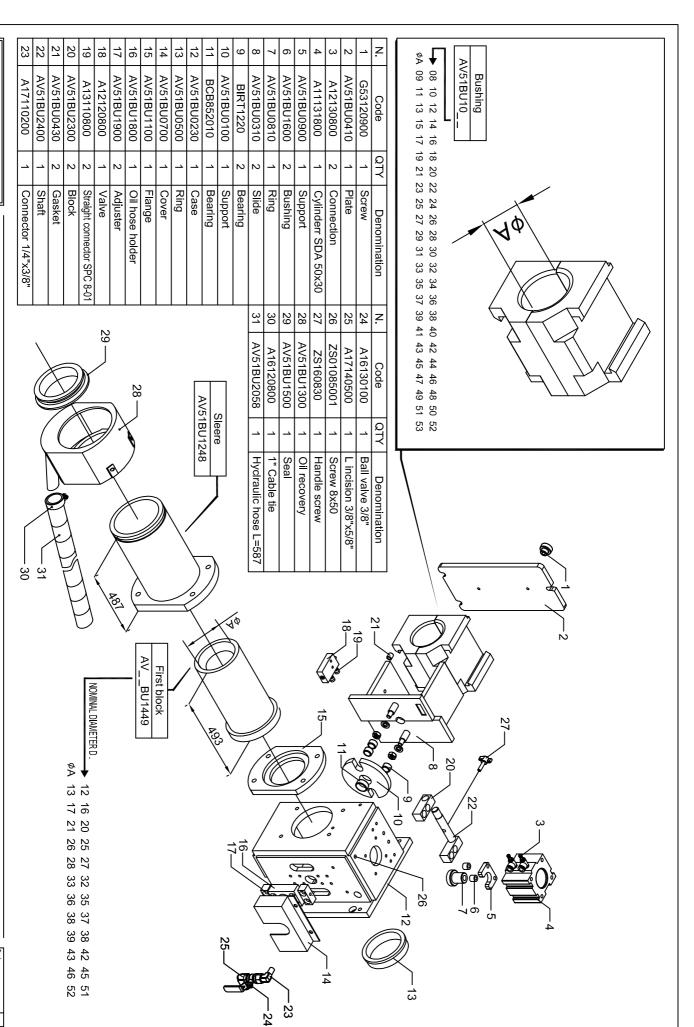
4 AV__PB0020-__R 1 AV_PB0420 AV_PB0520 AV_PB0520 NOMINAL DIAMETER D Code TYPE. → L □ QTY → 12 16 20 25 27 32 34 35 38 42 45 51 ∅ 11 15 19 24 25 32 34 34.5 38 41.5 44.3 51 Bar pusher Bar pusher Bar pusher device Bar pusher F X X Denomination

LL | LL | XL | BAR FEEDER PUSHER REFERENCE ABBREVIATION (L=LONG, LL=EXTRA LONG)

12-51 RATED REFERENCE DIAMETER DEFINING THE BAR FEEDER EQUIPMENT.

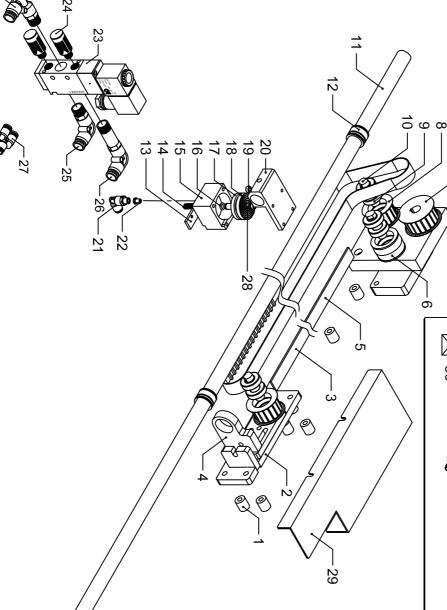
	28		27	26	25	24	23	22	<u>!</u>	2	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	ω		2		_	z
AV51XL000D	AV51XL000B	AV51XL000C	AV51BA6200	A16120400	AV51GR4900	G81121000	AV51DR1801	AV51DR1603	AV51BA2170	AV51BA2180	AV51BA2060	AV51BA1960	AV51BA2201	AV51MA1920	AV51BA1841	AV51MA2300	AV51BA1901	G8112000A	AV51MA2202	A17140700	AV51CH3700	AV51BA1651	AV51CH5100	AV51CH4900	AV51BA1641	AV51BA1538	AV51CH0141	AVCH2300	AV51CH001C	AV51CH000C	AV51CH000C	AV51CH000J	Code
	_	1	1	2	_	2	2	_		_		1	2	_	1	1	3	4	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	_	1	QTY 25 37
Pusher extension kit	Pusher extension kit-AS	Pusher extension kit	Plate	5/8" Hose clamp	Plate	Rubber mounting	Chain link	Chain	Cover	Cover	Cover	Cover	Plate	Tube	Bowl	Support	Plate	Hinge	Support	L Fitting 3/8"Px1/2E"	Fixing ring	Plate	Connector rod	Connector rod	Plate	Shaft	Beam	Lower guide channel	Aluminum batten	Aluminum batten-AS	Aluminum batten	Support	Denomination
			∑ 28		A15110802 2.5M——/		$/\!\!/ \sim 26$		19																	<u>`</u> !		n				23 24	27

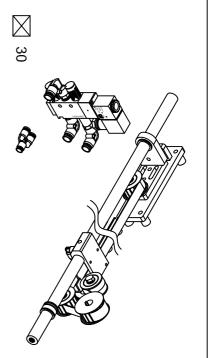
PUSHER EXTENSION KIT 540MM



FIRST ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE AND FIXED FRONT NOSE

Ņ	Sychronization device	1	AV51SY0010	30
s	Belt cover	1	AV51SY3500	29
	Guide	1	AV51SY1503	28
	Three port Y type SPY-8 Ø8	1	A13130400	27
	Bended connector SPLL 8-02 Ø8	_	A13120501	26
	Bended connector SPL 8-02 Ø8	2	A13120500	25
	Silencer	2	A14110200	24
	Electro valve	٦	A12120100	23
	Copper connector 1/8"x1/8"	٦	A15120300	22
	Bended connector SHP 8-01	٦	A13121300	21
	Support	_	AV51SY0700	20
	Spacer	2	AV51SY1100	19
	Seal	٦	AV51SY1910	18
	Piston	٦	AV51SY1510	17
	Seal	٦	AV51SY2010	16
	Jacket	٦	AV51SY1300	15
	Spring	1	AV51SY1700	14
	Guide	1	AV51SY1200	13
	Bronze ring	1	AV51SY0800	12
	Shaft	1	AV51SY0901	11
	Pin	3	AV51SY0200	10
	Bearing	6	B6003ZZ	9
	Pulley 16T	2	AV51SY0400	8
	Pulley 19T	1	AV51SY0300	7
	Roller	1	AV51SY0100	6
	Toothed belt	1	AV51SY1800	5
	Support	1	AV51SY0510	4
	Profile	1	AV51SY1400	3
	Plate	1	AV51SY0610	2
	Bushing	7	AV51SY1000	1
	Denomination	QTY	Code	z

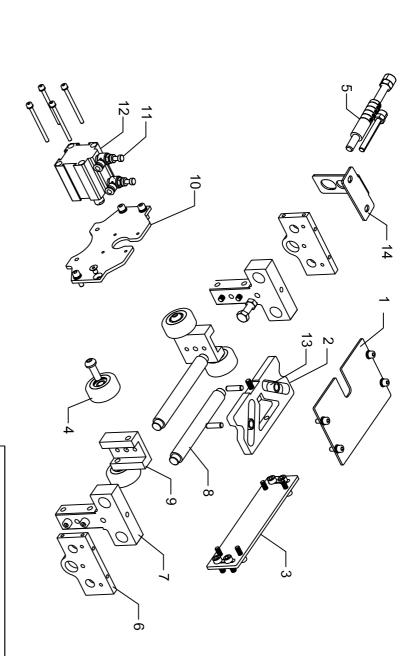




SYCHRONIZATION DEVICE

3 **→** 08 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 Φ 09 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 49 51 53 AV51MO2300 AV51MO3000 AV51MO0300 AV51MO0500 AV51MO0600 AV51MO1100 AV51MO0700 AV51MO0200 AV51MO2200 HP8127000F AV51MO0100 AV51MO1000 A11131100 A12130100 Code Plate Plate Roller Bar Roller Cam Plate Bracket Plate Plate Flow throttle Arm Tube Cylinder SDA32x30 Denomination

Bushing Block AV51MO08__



15



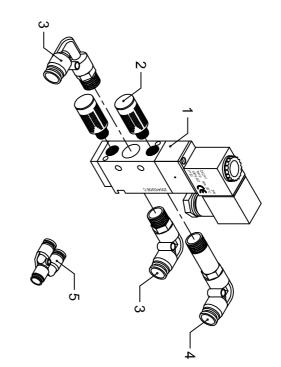
15

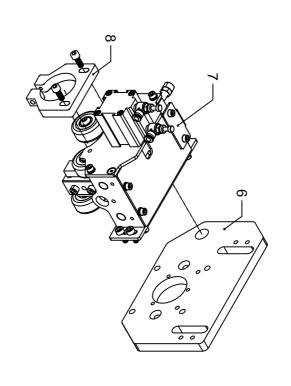
AV51MO002A

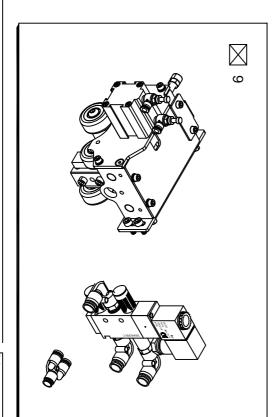
Anti-vibration device

MOVEABLE ANTI-VIBRATION DEVICE







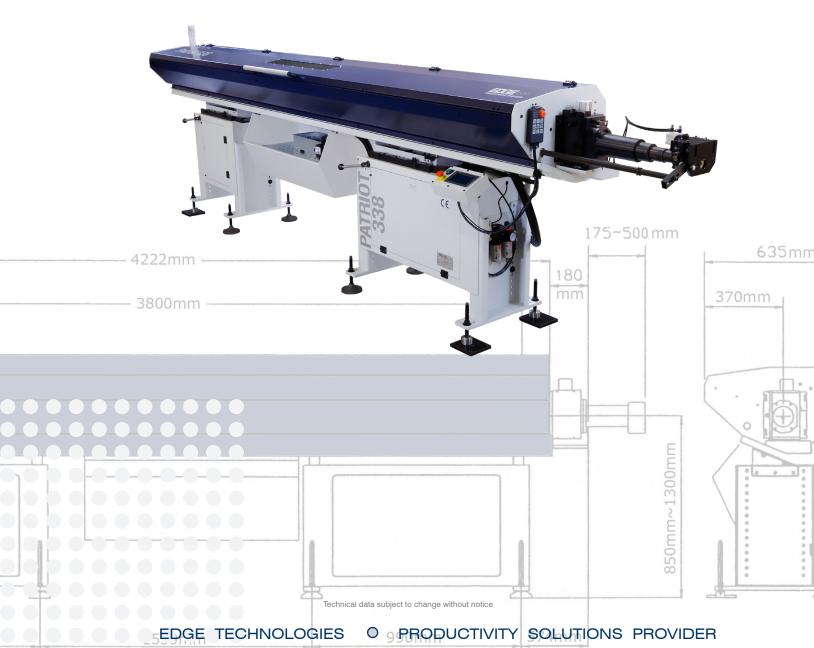


MOVABLE ANTI-VIBRATION + SOLENOID VALVE

PATRIOT-SX	N. Code QTY Denomination 1 AV510L0900 1 Pump SP-4180 2 AV510L0220 1 Cover 3 AV510L0220 1 Cover 4 AV510L0240 1 Colver 5 A16110100 1 Oil meter 6 AV510L0400 1 Remnan tank
OIL TANK	
130 ₆	



OPERATIONS MANUAL



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